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THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION WON BY SACRAMENTO

There Will Be 788 Delegates Elected by Primary and Proposed Caucus Methods.

The Work of Chairman M'Laughlin in the Campaign Appreciated and M'Kinley Is Indorsed.

(Special to the Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The Republican State Central Committee met in Golden Gate Hall this afternoon and made the first definite move in starting the State campaign for the party.

Golden Gate Hall was as patriotically as it was gaily decorated, and long before the meeting was called to order was filled with politicians from all over California. Alameda county's representatives were numerous and occupied a prominent part in the deliberations of the body.

It early became apparent that the action taken by the Executive Committee which assembled in the Palace Hotel at 11 o'clock this morning, would be endorsed by the State Central Committee. This provides for the holding of primaries in Assembly Districts in counties having three or more Assembly Districts. This means Alameda, San Francisco, Santa Clara, and Los Angeles.

The report of the Executive Committee in substance was as follows:

A hearty endorsement of the Republican administration under the leadership of Wm. McKinley, including the conduct of the war with Spain; the acquisition of Hawaii and the general management of the affairs of the country.

"California should be especially loyal to the Republican party," it continues, "the party of enterprise, progress and equal rights. Our State government, both of our Senators, and all members of the House of Representatives should be in political harmony with the National administration. In issuing the call for the next State Convention we appeal to the good sense and patriotism of the people of this great State to exhibit such wisdom and activity in the coming campaign, including the holding of preliminary caucuses, voting at the primaries, attendance on conventions, and the management of the campaign to the closing of the polls on election day as will certainly give this desired result."

The call then sets the date of the meeting of the convention for August 23d, to nominate candidates for State offices to be voted for at the general election to be held on November 8th. The apportionment of delegates is one for each 200 votes cast for D. E. McKinley, who received the highest number of votes for Republican Presidential elector in 1890; and one additional delegate for each fraction of 100 votes or over, provided that any county in which less than 200 votes were cast shall be entitled to one delegate."

The delegates of the convention shall also be delegates to the district conventions in their respective districts from which selected, for the nomination of Railroad Commissioners and members of the Board of Equalization.

The following resolution from the last State convention is endorsed:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that all delegates to the county, district or State conventions of the Republican party should be elected at primaries or caucuses, regularly called by the County Central Committees of the several counties for that purpose, and that only such delegates as are so selected at such primaries, or caucuses, shall be seated in any of the conventions of the party hereafter to be held."

The several county committees are to make provision and have full control of primaries, elections and caucuses in accordance with the resolution in counties having three or more assembly districts. In those counties primary elections must be held.

The county committees are ordered to give ten days' notice of primaries, and must provide at least two polling places to be held open twelve hours.

The test at the primaries is to be: "I will vote at the ensuing general election for the nominees of the Republican party."

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTIONS.

The apportionment of delegates to Congressional conventions for nomination of candidates is left with the existing Congressional committees though the election of delegates in each county is left in charge of the various county committees entirely.

APPORTIONMENT OF DELEGATES.

The apportionment of delegates to each county is as follows:

County.	Vote.	Delegates.
Alameda	13,429	67
Alpine	40	1
Amador	1,144	6
Butte	2,075	10
Calaveras	1,541	8
Colusa	551	3
Contra Costa	1,834	9
Del Norte	346	2
El Dorado	1,130	6
Fresno	2,686	13
Glenn	479	2
Humboldt	3,142	16
Inyo	286	1
Kern	1,413	7
Kings	673	3
Lake	546	3
Lassen	420	2
Los Angeles	16,891	84
Madera	452	2
Marin	1,448	7
Mariposa	563	3
Mendocino	2,093	10
Merced	653	3
Modoc	300	2
Mono	259	1
Monterey	1,578	9
Napa	2,032	10
Nevada	1,985	10
Orange	1,982	10
Placer	1,390	3
Plumas	678	3
Riverside	2,063	10
Sacramento	4,670	23
San Benito	729	4
San Bernardino	2,818	14
San Diego	3,631	18
San Francisco	31,041	155
San Joaquin	3,500	13
San Luis Obispo	1,671	8
San Mateo	1,607	8
Santa Barbara	2,004	10
Santa Clara	6,315	32
Santa Cruz	1,960	10
Shasta	1,310	6
Sierra	707	4
Siskiyou	1,473	7
Solano	2,702	14
Sonoma	4,053	20
Stanislaus	1,097	5
Sutter	793	4
Tehama	969	5
Trinity	562	3
Tulare	1,410	7
Tuolumne	834	4
Ventura	1,553	8
Yolo	1,485	7
Yuba	1,204	6
Total number delegates		732

All vacancies at the Convention are to be filled according to the recent law concerning such matters.

CALLED TO ORDER.

It was nearly 2 o'clock when the committee was called to order by Chairman Frank McLaughlin.

A. E. Bolton held a proxy for J. J. Knickerbocker.

Dr. Derrick held a proxy for a Tehama county delegate.

Chairman McLaughlin made a speech referring to the blessing of the administration of McKinley and predicting the sweeping future success of the Republican party.

A motion was made that the motion be adopted by a rising vote.

A motion to amend to have the matter include the secretaries of the State Central Committee was made.

The amendment was adopted.

The motion of thanks to Chairman McLaughlin of the Republican State Central Committee as amended was then adopted by a rising vote.

Mr. McLaughlin then addressed the delegates and paid a fine and eloquent tribute to the excellent work of the secretaries.

A resolution of respect to the memory of Cornelius O'Connor, late member of the Committee, who had died, was adopted with unanimity.

A motion was then made that the call as outlined above be adopted.

A delegate from San Francisco moved that the space in the call as to the place for the holding of the next State Convention be filled with the word "Sacramento."

Ruff of San Francisco moved to amend by the substitution of the word San Francisco.

A vote was taken and San Francisco was voted down.

The original motion in favor of Sacramento was adopted.

Cutter of Sacramento read an offer from the citizens of Sacramento offering free a place of meeting, light, printing and other features.

It was moved that August 23d be the date for the holding of the Convention.

An amendment was made to have the Convention held on August 20th.

Quite an amount of confusion ensued.

Grove L. Johnson insisted that he had made an amendment to the motion touching the number of delegates in the Convention to the effect that there should be one delegate at large from each county. He said he had made the amendment before the original motion had been put.

The chair ruled that the amendment of Mr. Johnson was in order.

Mr. Johnson said that all the delegates in the San Joaquin Valley had been elected on that basis and that it would now be necessary to rearrange matters.

Frank Ryan of San Francisco favor-

(Continued on Page 2.)

FIERCE FIGHTING WAITS GEN. MILES.

The Spaniards at San Juan Preparing to Make a Desperate Resistance to the Invasion.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., July 23.—The Spaniards at San Juan de Porto Rico are making extensive preparations to resist the anticipated attack on the part of the United States warships, which are understood to be convoying the army of invasion commanded by General Miles.

There were no signs this morning of the American warships or transports, but news of them is expected shortly.

MILES NEARING PORTO RICO.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—General Miles is now east of Cape Haytien and having passed Mole St. Nicholas, beyond the reach of cable stations for a day or two, it is assumed by the War Department that all is well with him and that his flagship, the Yale, with the remainder of the fleet, will cast anchor tomorrow morning in Porto Rican waters at the point selected. Thus it may again happen that Sunday, which has heretofore been so lucky a day for American military and naval operations during this war, will be further distinguished as a day upon which the Porto Rican campaign will be initiated.

The navy is now actively co-operating with the army in making a success of the Miles expedition, and will use every effort to land his troops.

Unfortunately, nearly all the available boats of Sampson's fleet were damaged, in many cases beyond service, in making the landing at Santiago, but it is expected that their loss will not be severely felt now that lighters have been provided.

BROOKE STARTS FOR PORTO RICO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICKAMAUGA MILITARY PARK, Tenn., July 23.—General Brooke and staff left this afternoon on a special train for Newport News, whence they go to Porto Rico. The departure of General Brooks leaves Major General Wade in command of Camp Thomas.

At an early hour today the reserve hospital corps, reserve ambulance corps, the signal corps, troop H of the Sixth United States cavalry, and Company E, United States infantry, left on special trains for Newport News. Tomorrow morning four light batteries of artillery, A of Illinois, B of Pennsylvania, A of Missouri and the Twenty-seventh Indiana, will leave for Newport News. The whole of the first corps, with the exception of two brigades of the First Division, which are now en route, leaves next week for Porto Rico. The regiments are the Fifth Illinois, Third Wisconsin, First Kentucky, Sixteenth Pennsylvania, Second Wisconsin, Third Kentucky, Thirty-first Michigan, One Hundred and Sixtieth Indiana, First Georgia, Sixth Ohio, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Indiana, First West Virginia, Second Ohio, First Pennsylvania, Fourteenth Minnesota, Seventeenth Minnesota, First South Carolina, Fifth Pennsylvania, Eighth Massachusetts, Twenty-first Kansas, Twelfth New York, Ninth Pennsylvania, Second Missouri and First New Hampshire.

It is announced here that immediately after the several corps have left Chickamauga Park, the organization of the sixth corps, commanded by Major General J. H. Wilson, will be begun and completed. The corps will consist of twenty-seven regiments of the second call of volunteers, numbering in all 26,000. While the First is moving, the park officials, it is understood, will perfect the sanitary conditions at the park, clean off the grounds and have everything in good shape for the volunteers. It is stated that there will be an official examination of all the wells and springs at the park not heretofore analyzed, so that if there are any wells not wholesome (and it is believed there are) steps will be taken at once to fill them up and have them abandoned.

AID FOR THE WOUNDED.

The medical officers at Camp Thomas are unusually busy now. Orders have been issued, directing that the medical officers give the men a thorough course of instruction in administering to the wounded in battle. They will be instructed in first aid to the wounded and the application of medical bandages. This work has been practiced more or less over the camp, but an order has been issued directing that at least four lessons a week be given. Each man on leaving for the front is provided with a full medical case called "First Aid to the Wounded." It consists of bandages and medical appliances such as are to be used in stopping the flow of blood from a bullet wound, etc. In the First Corps are a number of men who are not physically able to endure the hardships of war. These men are to be discharged at once. An examining board from each of the division hospitals will be appointed to examine and inquire into the health of the men.

This work will not delay the departure of the corps, as it is so divided up that it can be done rapidly as well as thoroughly.

RIO SAILS WITH TROOPS FOR DEWEY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The transport steamer Rio Janeiro, bearing two battalions of South Dakota Volunteers, recruits for the Light Artillery, and a detachment of the Signal Corps, sailed to-day for Manila. The vessel was accorded the same ovation which has been given the other transport vessels which have sailed for the Philippines, and nothing unusual occurred as the vessel steamed down the bay toward the ocean.

The expedition will be under the command of Brigadier General Harrison Gray Otis, who has stated that he will make all possible speed to join the United States forces already in the Philippines.

The Rio will stop at Honolulu to take on fresh supplies and to refill her coal bunkers.

GARCIA BEATEN BY SPANIARDS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Santiago, via Port Antonio, says:

Great excitement was caused at Santiago today (Thursday) by a story brought in by Cubans that 4,000 Cuban insurgents, composing General Garcia's army for the Eastern Department of Cuba, were routed in a fierce engagement with a detachment of Spanish troops bound for Santiago to surrender. In this battle, which took place at a point several miles to the north of this city, forty-one Cubans were killed, the Cubans say, and many more were wounded. The Spanish loss was much smaller, it is said.

Nothing happening in this vicinity recently has taken the American officers and troops so completely by surprise as this story of a battle between the Cubans and the Spaniards. Our troops had come to look upon the insurgents as eaters rather than as fighters, and they scarcely believed the reports that Garcia's men had lain an ambuscade and had opened the fight by attacking the Spanish troops.

It is not known whether General Garcia was aware of the number of the enemy he was attacking. If he thought he had encountered a small force of Spaniards and could overpower them easily it was a grave mistake, apparently. There were at least 5,000 Spaniards in the body, according to report, and they drove Garcia's men into full retreat a few hours after the battle begun.

When the Cuban General withdrew his troops to the mountains he resolved to move on to Holguin, about seventy miles to the north of this city. If the Americans would not allow them to wreak vengeance upon the Spaniards in Santiago, the Cubans proposed to storm some other important place and take possession of it on their own account.

It was with this object in view that General Garcia withdrew his troops from the American lines and refused further to act as an ally of General Shafter. He decided to capture Holguin if possible, and to there set up an insurgent government, making that place the Cuban headquarters of the Eastern section.

It is not stated how far to the northwest of Santiago General Garcia's army had proceeded upon this mission when the Spanish troops were encountered. They had been marching for many hours, however, and must have been well started on their journey. The Cubans and Spaniards met on the road between Santiago and Holguin. The Spaniards, it is said, had been gathered from the fortified towns in the vicinity and were proceeding to Santiago under the terms of the surrender agreed to by General Toral. They were seeking to carry out in good faith the agreement made with General Shafter. They were not looking for a fight, and were caught off their guard.

General Garcia, it is said, ordered his men to form so that they would be concealed in the chapparal, hoping to annihilate the first section of the Spanish troops. His plans were promptly put into execution, but the Spaniards, quickly recovering from the demoralization caused by the opening shots, fought fiercely, and General Garcia's ambuscade was a failure.

Although unsuccessful in his plan to trap the Spaniards, General Garcia, according to the Cubans who brought the story, sent word to them demanding that they surrender forthwith. To this demand the Spanish commander returned an emphatic refusal. General Toral, he notified General Garcia, had surrendered to General Shafter, not to Cubans.

Despite information that the Spaniards were a part of those included in the surrender, General Garcia is said to have ordered his troops to prepare to fight. The Cubans quickly took the positions to which they had been assigned, and the order to fire was passed along the line. General Garcia then attempted to carry the Spanish position by assault, and his troops pressed forward when the word was given. The assault was gallantly resisted at every point by the Spaniards, who, after several hours' fighting, put the Cubans to rout with a loss of forty-one killed and many wounded. The Spanish suffered a small loss.

The story of the battle and its disastrous results has greatly excited the Cubans. They are demanding vengeance and cannot understand why the Americans do not annihilate their Spanish prisoners of war.

WOOD'S STATUS AT SANTIAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—It is said at the War Department that General Leon Wood is not Governor of Santiago, as has been erroneously reported, and, in fact, there is no such officer as Governor General or even Military Governor. It is explained that the status is as follows:

General McKibben, as senior officer of the detail of American troops in Santiago proper, was the commanding officer. He fell ill, and as General Wood was the second in rank, by virtue of that fact he assumed command of all the American troops in Santiago city, not very numerous, according to Shafter's report. The garrison has been kept down, from a desire to minimize the number of men exposed to contagion. It happens, fortunately for Santiago, that General Wood is a most competent medical officer, and he is, above all of the officers with Shafter, best qualified to relieve the city from the unhealthful conditions that are said to exist there, and to put it in good sanitary order. It is said to be surprising how much can be accomplished by an army officer, acting with full powers in this direction. The medical officers here recall the fact that during the Civil War, by the adoption of rigid sanitary precautions and insistence upon keeping the city clean, General Butler, while in command of the Federal forces at New Orleans, managed to exclude yellow fever absolutely from that place, while the other Gulf ports suffered severely.

CRACK CAVALRY FOR PORTO RICO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 23. — Five troops of cavalry at Camp Alger, Virginia, have been ordered to proceed to Newport News for embarkation on transports for Porto Rico to reinforce General Miles. They will leave, if practicable, with General Haines' Brigade.

The troops sent are all famous ones in their section, the list being troops A and C of New York cavalry, the Governor's troops; Sheridan's troop and the Philadelphia City troops of Pennsylvania.

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One Can of "cheap" baking powder may start a family in a long sickness.

No danger in *Schilling's Best.*

NIPE BATTLE WAS A FIERCE ENGAGEMENT.

Yankee Gunnery and Courage Again Triumph Easily Against Odds.

Fine Spanish Gunboat Juan Jorge is Riddled With Shot and Sunk and the Fort Surrenders.

KEY WEST, July 23, 11:50 A. M.—Acting under orders from Admiral Sampson, four American warships on Thursday afternoon last entered the harbor of Nipe, on the northeast coast of the province of Santiago de Cuba, and after a furious bombardment took possession of the harbor as a base of operations for the Porto Rican campaign. It is understood, however, that the plans have been changed since, in consequence of the occupation of Santiago by the United States forces, and that Nipe will not be used for the purpose originally intended.

The vessels engaged were the Topeka, Annapolis, Wasp, and Leyden. In the course of an hour they silenced the forts, sunk the Spanish gunboat Jorge Juan, and scattered Spanish riflemen who had taken part in the engagement.

For a week or more the Topeka had been blockading the northeastern coast between Cape Lucretia and Point Cabonico, with strict orders from Commodore Howell, not to attempt an entrance into any of the harbors. A few days ago, while cruising past Nipe, which is about midway in the blockade line and directly across the island from the city of Santiago, an armored launch about 100 feet long came out and fired two shells, both of which, however, fell short. The Topeka returned the fire, and chased the launch into the harbor, but in consequence of Commodore Howell's orders could not follow her in.

On Thursday the Annapolis, Wasp and Leyden came from Santiago, and Captain Hunker of the Annapolis, who is the ranking officer, was surprised to learn that Nipe had not been taken. Admiral Sampson had understood that this had been done, and had orders for the monitors detailed for the Porto Rican campaign to rendezvous there. When the situation had been cleared up, Captain Hunker ordered the ships to go in. The Wasp and Leydon, being the smallest, led the way, followed by the Annapolis, while the Topeka, which carried a heavier battery, brought up the rear.

THE FIGHT OPENS.

The channel leading into the harbor was very narrow and on a bluff to the right, called Galory Point, was a fort and a signal station. As the American ships entered, the Spaniards were signaling in a lively fashion, apparently notifying the Spanish ships in the harbor, which were the Jorge Juan, two smaller gunboats and the armored launch. As the Wasp and Leydon rounded the point the fort fired a dozen shots, none of which, however, fell near them and the Topeka returned the fire with her three-pounders.

The Spaniards deserted the fort, while the Topeka continued to send the shells into them. A body of riflemen on the beach returned the fire with a few wild shots, but they too were quickly dispersed by the Topeka's smaller guns. The Topeka also discharged one of the torpedoes. At the same time another small fort to the left of the channel fired on the American ships, but it was silenced as easily as the other.

In the meanwhile the Wasp and Leyden had taken up a position in the northwestern portion of the harbor and opened fire across the water at the Jorge Juan, which lay to the southeast, in front of the town of Mayari. Her position was about a mile and a quarter from the beach and behind her a third fortification was located on an eminence. This fortification opened on the Wasp and Leydon, and as the Annapolis and Topeka came up the Spaniards' gunboat joined in the fight and a general battle followed.

The Topeka anchored in the middle of the harbor, about 4,000 yards from the Jorge Juan, and the other American boats drew up on the other side and formed a semi-circle. The Americans then closed in on the Spanish ships, pouring in a destructive fire. The Topeka sent four-inch shells crashing into the Jorge Juan at such a rate that she sank within twenty minutes.

When the firing became heavy the officers and crew of the Spaniards put off in a small boat to shore, under a heavy fire, and escaped into the woods.

THE FORT SURRENDERS.

Two shots from the Topeka's bow gun fired on an elevation of 4,500 yards dropped square into Mayari fort, and the Spanish pennants disappeared and a white flag was run up. This ended a short battle, but it was one of the most vicious of the war.

All of the American ships sent small boats over to the Spanish gunboat, that of the Topeka being under the command of Lieutenant Niblack, the former naval attache at Berlin, Vienna and Rome. They found that the Jorge Juan's forecastle had been entirely ripped away by the Topeka's four-inch shells, and that her fore and mizzen masts and flagstaff were carried off. It is thought the Spaniards scuttled her before abandoning the vessel. Divers were sent down, and quite a curious collection of relics was found. One was the ship's motto: "Be brave, and we will go home to Spain."

They also brought up gun sights, signal flags and a hundred mementoes of the engagement, which were distributed among the officers and men of the victorious ships. Four or five cats, still alive, were clinging to the wreckage, and one dog, which had been chained to the deck, was drowned. That part of the rigging which protruded from the water swarmed with rats, who attempted to renew the battle with the Americans, but were driven into the sea.

MINES EXPLODED.

The harbor was found to be well mined, and two of the mines exploded, one about 100 yards off the Topeka's bows and the other 200 yards from her port quarters. As the ships came out they saw a contact mine floating on the surface of the water. The engagement was hardly over when the torpedo boat Dupont came along with dispatches from Admiral Sampson for Commodore Remey, and the Topeka was sent with them to Key West, arriving this morning. She had borne the brunt of the fight and bore herself nobly. Her captain is William S. Cowles, a brother-in-law of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt.

The Jorge Juan was a three-masted, one-funnel ship. She was 320 feet long, 35 feet wide and 12 feet draft. She carried a crew of 146 men and had 130 tons of coal. Her battery was heavier than the Topeka's, being the best of the four Spanish ships, consisting of three 4.7 Hontorias, 2.8 Grupp guns and two machine guns.

Nipe harbor is twenty miles long and ten miles wide. It is surrounded by mountains and is admirably suited as a base of an army campaign. The Topeka, on her way to this port, passed the Terror, Puritan and Montgomery, heading for Nipe.

PLANS TO SAVE CERVERA'S SHIPS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Lieutenant Hobson's visit is expected to bring about an enlargement of the plans for saving the wrecked Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon and some of the other stranded ships of Cervera's squadron. The department had already acted on the recommendations of Admiral Sampson, but these, coming by mail and telegraph, were necessarily limited, while the complete information brought by Lieutenant Hobson, based on personal observations and on expert knowledge of conditions, enabled the department to ge ta much more thorough idea of the scope of this wrecking project and the possibilities of saving the ships.

The Colon is lying on a terraced beach, only about one-half of her hull being on shore, while the other half is overhanging in deep water. It has been found that a portion of the ship on shore can be raised without much difficulty, but the overhanging creates a problem, as it causes a balance or leverage which interferes with the work on that part of the hull ashore.

To meet this it is now proposed to adopt an engineering scheme, on considerably broader lines than the usual wrecking devices. It will embrace a system of air bags and pontoons floated underneath the overhanging and gradually buoying it upward until the strain on the shore end of the hull is relieved. In this way it is hoped that the work of raising can proceed on the overhang and on shore simultaneously, and that the big steel hull thus can be brought to an even keel and floated.

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At A. Steffanoni's Jewelry Store. (2)

CERVERA'S SHIPS ARE EXAMINED BY A SURVEY BOARD.

Deadly Accuracy of American Gunnery is Shown by the Condition of the Vessels.

OFF SANTIAGO, July 12.—"Any doubt that may have existed that the Maine was blown up by an outside explosion has been dissolved by the examination of the destroyed Spanish ships," said a member of the Board of Survey that examined the remnants of Admiral Cervera's fleet. "Of the four ships examined, three had been blown up by their magazines," he continued, "and of these, one had every magazine exploded and torpedoes in addition, yet on none of them was there the same effect as that produced by the explosion on the Maine. There was no upheaval of the keel, and little bulging of the plates, except in the immediate vicinity of the explosion. The effect was nearly altogether upward, in some cases the protective deck being lifted, but outside of the springing of a few plates, the hulls were intact."

The examination of the wrecks of the Spanish ships, three of which were burned and all the magazines of which were exploded, was made for the purpose of examining the effect of the American gunnery and to find the effect of internal explosion. Both subjects bore upon the Maine incident, as noted above, and the awful effect of well-aimed shots was demonstrated in the destruction of the fleet. When it is remembered that the Almirante Oquendo and the Infanta Maria Teresa were both sunk within forty minutes of the time they left the entrance of Santiago harbor, the work of American gunners may well be considered as remarkable. The Almirante Oquendo was struck over fifty-five times, and the Infanta Maria Teresa thirty-seven times, but by larger projectiles. The record of damage to these ships is one of the ugliest.

The closest fighting was done at 1,100 and 1,000 yards by the Brooklyn and Vizcaya with annihilating effect on the Spanish ship. But two projectiles larger than eight inch struck a vessel, both of these either twelve or thirteen-inch, being put through the Infanta Maria Teresa. The eight-inch, six-inch, five-inch and six-pounder projectiles did the bulk of the work and were frightfully destructive. Some idea of the effect can be obtained from a brief summary of the injuries to each ship as found by the examining board. The board had upon it such capable men as Executive Officer Rogers of the Iowa, Executive Officer Mason of the Brooklyn, an expert on the effect of shell on armor; Lieutenant Hessler of the Texas, who has made some splendid improvements in gunfiring on that ship, and Naval Constructor Hobson of Merrimac fame, who has a reputation for knowledge of ship construction. Briefly these findings follow:

COLON GOT OFF EASY.

Cristobal Colon, battleship, first class, with six inches of steel for protection, not only on the water line but around the six-inch guns. This ship was hit with large projectiles but six times, as she kept out of range nearly the whole time, passing behind the other ships for protection and finally making a run for it. The hits were made by the Brooklyn and the Oregon. One eight-inch shell went into the port side of the ward room and left on the starboard side without exploding, but cleaned out everything in the room. A five-inch hit just above the armor belt, and a six-inch struck her on the bow. None of the injuries were sufficient to put her out of action, nor as serious as those received by the Brooklyn, at one time her sole antagonist. The assertion that the Brooklyn was overhauling her, and the Oregon's terrific thirteen-inch guns were striking nearer and nearer and that escape was impossible, seems to be the correct solution of her surrender.

The Vizcaya is of the same class battleship as the Texas and the Maine. She carries two 11.5-inch guns and ten five-inch guns, with protections ten and twelve inches thick, double and treble that of the Brooklyn. This ship was the special prey of the Brooklyn and the Oregon, although the Texas, after her destructive work on the Oquendo and Teresa, added a little at long range. The Vizcaya, exclusive of one-pounder and rapid-fire hits which swept her deck, was hit with large projectiles fourteen times and by six-pounders eleven times.

The eight-inch guns of the Brooklyn and Oregon, the six-inch guns on the Oregon and the five-inch on the Brooklyn tore her structure above the armor belt almost into shreds, while the six-pounders and one-pounders made it too warm for men to stand at the guns. The Texas got in a few six-inch shots, and the Iowa landed a couple of four-inch. No thirteen or twelve-inch shells struck her.

The Infanta Maria Teresa, the flagship, of the same build as the Vizcaya, was badly punished, and was the only one of the four ships hit by twelve or thirteen-inch projectiles. She has two of that size clean through her, and the position of one would tend to demonstrate that it was fired by the Texas. An eight-inch shell, undoubtedly from the Brooklyn, because she was the only ship in line with the Maria Teresa's head as she turned westward, entered just forward of the beam on the port side and, exploding inside, cleared out the deck with four guns' crews. This is the shot that Cervera said came from the Brooklyn and set fire to the ship. The Teresa's difficulty, and one that compelled her hurried surrender, was that all her fire mains were cut, and she was unable to extinguish the fires that were driving her men from the guns.

OQUENDO FARED WORST.

The Almirante Oquendo, an armored cruiser, same class as the Vizcaya and Teresa, went through the most terrible ordeal of any of the ships, except the torpedo boats. Her upper works were one ragged mass of cut-up steel, and her decks were covered with dead and dying. She was hit on the port side four times by eight-inch shells, three times by four-inch shells, probably from the Iowa, two times by six-inch and forty-two times by six-pounders. The innumerable number of one-pounders that struck her show that she met the fire of the entire fleet as she turned last out of the harbor. The torpedo boats followed her and the secondary battery shots intended for them hit her. When she turned to the shore, it was in a dilapidated condition.

One of the findings of the Board of Survey was that an eight-inch shell had struck the forward turret just where the gun opening, and that every man in the turret was killed, the officer standing in the firing hood being still in that position. Another fact learned was that the torpedoes in some of the ships were already loaded in the tubes and prepared to fire.

NORTH CAROLINA NOT UNPATRIOTIC

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Governor Russel of North Carolina, in a dispatch to the Associated Press, denies the accuracy of the statement by the War Department that North Carolina has been slow in offering volunteers and has not raised its quota of troops as called for in the President's two proclamations. He adds: "Our three regiments were organized promptly, and large numbers have been offered in excess of the quota.

STERNBERG WANTS AN INVESTIGATION.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Surgeon General Sternberg of the army has requested, through the Adjutant General's office, that an investigation be made of the charges that the transport Seneca, which brought sick and wounded from Shafter's army at Santiago to New York, left the former place with an inadequate supply of medical supplies and was otherwise unfit for the work assigned to her.

From letters which have been received by General Sternberg it was learned that specially unfavorable weather conditions prevailed and the surf was running high when the ship was being loaded with her human freight, though why a sufficient amount of medical supplies was not put aboard the vessel is not explained. There was plenty of quinine and also plenty of morphine available with the medical corps, but it appears that not enough of the latter drug was aboard the vessel for all purposes necessary, and on this account some of the complaints have arisen.

The Seneca was not designed for a hospital ship and consequently there may have been some lack of necessary facilities for caring for the sick and wounded.

To make room for our Fall Stock we will make to order regular

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a nation with whom we are at war. And that, according to a measure passed by the Spanish Cortes, one-half of the receipts of every corporation doing business under the Spanish government must be surrendered to the government to help defray the expenses of the war. By letting the contract to a Spanish corporation, the United States Government indirectly pays into the Spanish treasury an amount equal to one-half the contract stipulation. Also that the Government thereby releases from blockade all of the enemy's vessels, to be used in the transportation from the neutral ports where they are now in shelter.

THE WOUNDED ARE DOING WELL

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CINCINNATI, July 23.—The sick and wounded soldiers that reached Fort Thomas from New York yesterday are reported as doing well. The remains of Private Daniel Crowley, Company F, Sixty-ninth New York, were buried today as no word came from his friends. There are now 357 in the Fort Thomas Hospital. Of the 130 arriving yesterday, four were wounded, eighty have typhoid fever and the others bowel trouble.

GUNBOATS' GOOD WORK AT NIPE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

KEY WEST, July 23, 9 A. M.—The United States gunboats Topeka, Annapolis, Washington, and Leyden silenced the Spanish fortifications in Nipe bay on the northern coast of the province of Santiago de Cuba on Thursday, and sank the Spanish gunboat Juan Jorge, which lay in the harbor. Her crew escaped in small boats, under a heavy fire from the Leyden. The four ships mentioned, which had entered under orders from Rear Admiral Sampson, pounded the forts for an hour, when the Spanish flag was hauled down.

The Americans did not lose a man, but the Spanish loss must have been heavy.

KRAG-JORGENSONS FOR THE TROOPS.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—A special to the Times from Washington says:

At least 20,000 of the volunteers who go to Porto Rico are to be supplied with the Krag-Jorgensen magazine rifles used by the regular army. This announcement, made by the Ordnance Department, came as a surprise, the understanding having been that the supply of the improved guns would not permit of their being served out to the volunteer troops for some months to come.

The Ordnance Department was content to let that impression prevail, so long as it was not prepared to controvert it with overt evidence in the shape of the arms themselves, but it has been straining every energy to accumulate a stock of the rifles, in order to begin their issue generally as soon as possible.

For the Porto Rico expedition, which will be made up chiefly of volunteer regiments now equipped with the Springfield 45-calibre arm, the department proposes to supply one entire corps of about 20,000 men with Krag-Jorgensens. It may not be able to deliver all these guns to the men before they sail, but they will follow them to the island as rapidly as possible. Just what regiments will receive the new arms depends upon General Miles, to whom they will be sent for distribution.

Some difficulty is being experienced in keeping up with the supply of ammunition for the 30-calibre rifle. While the Government is taking the maximum output of all the cartridge manufacturers who can produce this ammunition, the quantity needed per man and the rapidity with which it disappears when the army is doing any fighting has more than kept pace with the increased producing capacity of the factories. The output has not been what was expected, either, so that even if the Government had enough Krag-Jorgensens to equip the entire volunteer army, it would not be able to supply it with the proper ammunition.

This trouble will be obviated in the course of a short time, however, so that before the campaign against Havana begins it is within the probabilities that nearly all the volunteers will have modern rifles.

BIG INCREASE IN SPAIN'S DEBT

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

MADRID, July 23.—The floating debt of Spain has increased by 78,185,500 Pesetas, compared with the year 1897.

LIEUT. BRIDGES ALIVE AND WELL.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—Lieutenant Charles H. Bridges of Company H, Twenty-second United States Infantry, who was reported killed at Santiago, is alive. His mother, Mrs. Judge Prentiss D. Cheney of Jerseyville, Illinois, has received a letter from the young officer, written on the field of battle. It is dated "July 5th, near Santiago," and says he is well and in command of his company, the Captain having been wounded.

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SPANISH CENSOR STILL AT WORK.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid says:

The Government has ordered the censors everywhere to prohibit the publication of any news of the declarations of any generals or any of the officials. It was forced to do so because several Generals, including Weyler, Polavieja, Lopez Dominguez and Carleja have publicly censured Admiral Cervera and General Toral for not having properly employed the forces under them, both to prolong resistance and to inflict heavier losses upon and cause greater embarrassment to the enemy, who was in anything but an easy position at Santiago.

SPITE WORK OF SHIP-OWNERS.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The World says:

A lawyer has been retained by the steamship companies who were unsuccessful bidders for transporting the 22,000 captured Spanish prisoners from Santiago to Spain, and will begin action today to have the contract made by the Government with the Compania Trans-Atlantique Espanola set aside. The ground taken is that the successful bidder is a licensed corporation of

THAT GARCIA LETTER TURNS OUT A FAKE.

Written by a Newspaper Man on His Staff and It Is Said the General Never Saw It.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 23.—It now turns out the letter alleged to have been addressed by General Garcia to General Shafter, complaining of the treatment accorded to the Cubans and advising General Shafter of General Garcia's resignation, was prepared by a newspaper correspondent named Arms, who has been acting on the staff of General Castillo. It is not clear that General Garcia ever saw the letter.

LETTER NOT AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—It is stated positively at the War Department that the letter which General Garcia is represented to have addressed to General Shafter, announcing his withdrawal from further co-operation with the American troops, has not yet reached the War Department.

The officials are inclined to believe that if the letter really exists, and of that they have little doubt, it will reach Washington only through the mails from Santiago. So far no mail report of any character has come from General Shafter since his landing in Cuba, to the great disappointment of the officials, who are looking anxiously for detailed accounts of certain events in the progress of the campaign that were only obscurely outlined by General Shafter. It was hoped that the St. Paul, which arrived yesterday at New York, would bring along a lot of mail, but she did not do so, probably from fear of yellow fever.

The only word that has come from Shafter over night was the statement that General Duffield left Santiago for home yesterday, and that General Corbins, who was reported to be better, was to leave for home as soon as he could be transported safely. He and General Duffield are said to have suffered the only two pronounced cases of yellow fever in the American camp.

No word has reached the Department from any official source relative to the reported attack by Garcia's Cubans upon the body of Spanish soldiers who were marching into Santiago to surrender to Shafter. In the absence of a reliable report on this occurrence, which, if true, may be fraught with the gravest consequences and effects in the attitude of the United States Government toward the Cubans, the War Department officials refuse to discuss it.

ANOTHER BLOCKADE RUNNER CAPTURED.

KEY WEST, July 23.—The British steamer Regulas, of about 1,000 tons, was captured by the United States auxiliary gunboat Hawk, nineteen miles from Sagua Lagrande, province of Santa Clara, last night and was brought in here today. She had landed a cargo at Sauga Lagrande and was coming out when taken. The Hawk hailed her by megaphone and told her she was a prisoner for running the blockade. No protests were made to this, and Ensign Schofield was put on board with a prize crew.

The Regular was from St. Johns, N. B.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION WON BY SACRAMENTO

(Continued on Page 1.)

ed the addition for one delegate at large from each county.

The amendment of Mr. Johnson was adopted and then the matter in the call bearing on this subject was adopted as amended.

The number of delegates provided for by the call was 732. Under the Johnson amendment, there must be one or more delegate for each county. That will make 56 more delegates, making the total number of delegates 788.

The question in the call of having primary elections for delegates for all counties having three or more Assembly Districts was then brought up by a Santa Clara candidate.

He wished to amend to have that style confined to counties having four Assembly Districts.

Quite an amount of confusion was occasioned during the discussion.

The effect of the amendment if adopted would be to exclude Santa Clara county which has only three Assembly districts and include only San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Alameda counties.

Chairman McLaughlin, after restoring quiet, said:

"I have in the past devoted time and money for the success of the Republican party and I will give my life to rid the Republican party of bossism and corruption."

Loud cheers greeted this sentiment.

Finally the call touching the manner of selecting delegates by counties with these assembly districts was adopted, the Santa Clara amendment being voted down.

Another question was as to the question of allowing only those on the Great Register and holding certificates of registration to vote at the primaries.

A delegate from San Francisco mk A delegate for San Francisco moved to amend by making it the last Great Register.

Guy C. Earl of Alameda protested that such a plan would disfranchise 2,000 voters in this county.

It was finally decided to let the call stand in this respect, but San Francisco was allowed to use her last Great Register.

The convention agreed to sustain delegates to Congressional conventions who had already been elected.

The call was adopted as a whole and the meeting adjourned.

NOTES BY THE WAYSIDE.

Victor Metcalf attended the meeting in person to look after his interests.

W. H. Friend, the next Postmaster looked out for the Hilborn end.

U. S. Grant Jr. was conspicuous.

Frank Leavitt was one of the central figures, while W. W. Camron marshalled quite a little delegation of politicians around him.

The Alameda county delegates early realized that the Convention was lost to Oakland, so united upon Sacramento unanimously.

Among the Alameda county politicians present were: E. K. Taylor, H. H. North, Victor Metcalf, W. D. Heitmann, Charles Mauthalen, W. Kent, C. H. Miller, Max Webber, Rod Church, Frank Leavitt, Charles Snook, Harry Pulcifer, W. H. Friend, Dr. Derrick, W. W. Camron, Arthur North Leslie Blackburn, C. L. Pierce, A. E. Bolton, Dr. George Derrick.

THE SEVERAL COMMITTEES.

Following is the complete list of members of the Republican Executive and State Central Committees, who, with one or two exceptions, were present:

Executive Committee — Officers: Chairman, Frank McLaughlin; vice-chairman, E. K. Taylor; second vice-chairman, W. A. S. Nicholson; secretary, M. R. Higgins; treasurer, Paris Kilburn; assistant secretary, J. Steppacher. Members: Irving B. Dudley, San Diego; F. P. Flint, Los Angeles; W. F. George, Sacramento; H. N. Gray, San Francisco; M. R. Higgins, San Francisco; Paris Kilburn, San Francisco; Allen B. Lemmon, Santa Rosa; F. A. Miller, Riverside; Charles W. Manwaring, San Francisco; Frank McLaughlin, Oroville; W. A. S. Nicholson, San Francisco; H. Z. Osborne, Los Angeles; W. F. Parker, Los Angeles; E. F. Preston, San Mateo; J. W. Rea, San Jose; A. Ruef, San Francisco; W. W. Shannon, San Francisco; John D. Spreckels, San Francisco; E. K. Taylor, Alameda; M. H. Weight, Pasadena.

State Central Committee—Alameda: E. K. Strobridge, Haywards; E. A. Von Schmidt, Alameda; H. A. Powell, C. L. Pierce, Guy C. Earl and W. W. Knickerbocker, Oakland; Alpine—Cyrus Coleman, Amador—E. C. Voorhels; Butte—Frank McLaughlin; Calaveras—Alex. Brown; Colusa—E. W. Jones; Contra Costa—J. M. Stow; Del Norte—Fred Corrin; El Dorado—E. D. Whitmer; Fresno—R. M. Barstow; Glenn—A. Hochheimer; Humboldt—William Wallace; Eureka—George Bryce; Ferndale; Inyo—F. McIver; Kern—A. C. Maude; Kings—A. A. Dodge; Lake—J. L. Read; Lassen—E. V. Spencer; Los Angeles—George B. Dexter, Santa Monica; S. N. Androus, Pomona; James C. Rives, Downey; R. E. Wershing, C. L. Strange and W. F. Parker, Los Angeles; Madera—J. W. Ragsdale; Marin—William Barr; Mariposa—J. W. Snyder; Mendocino—A. M. Duncan; Merced—J. W. Knox; Modoc—J. T. Laird; Mono—N. W. Boyd; Monterey—M. M. Bragg; Napa—Frank L. Coombs; Nevada—W. F. Englebright; Orange—H. W. Chynoweth; Placer—J. H. Neff; Plumas—U. S. Webb; Riverside—M. J. Daniels; Sacramento—Ira A. Robie, C. T. Jones and J. J. Campbell; San Benito—Thomas Flint Jr.; San Bernardino—J. A. Whittemore; San Diego—W. W. Stewart and J. C. Long; San Francisco—James H. Daly, E. J. Smith, I. I. Cohen, William Smaldeke, Thomas C. Duff, A. J. Martin, Edwin B. Smith, V. F. Northrop, Charles V. Manwarring, J. Alva Watt, P. A. Bergerot, L. Rockwitz, J. E. Marks, William Cluff, E. C. Hughes, W. J. Flynn, E. C. Palmieri and Joseph Barbetta; San Joaquin—M. S. Thresher and W. C. Green; San Mateo—George C. Ross, Redwood City; San Luis Obispo—Benjamin Brooks, San Luis Obispo; Santa Barbara—H. A. Averill, Lompoc; Santa Clara—George Taylor, George Scott and George E. Rea; Santa Cruz—L. J. Dake, Santa Cruz; Shasta—J. C. Kessler, Anderson; Sierra—D. T. Cole, Mountain House; Siskiyou—Robert Nixon, Yreka; Solano—J. J. Luchsinger, Vallejo; Sonoma—F. A. Wickersham and Allen B. Lemmon; Stanislaus—Joseph McNeill, Ceres; Sutter—M. E. Sanborn, Yuba City; Tehama—E. C. Pendleton, Red Bluff; Trinity—P. M. Paulsen, Weaverville; Tulare—E. C. Larkin, Visalia; Tuolumne—J. H. Shine, Sonora; Ventura—C. D. Bonestell, Ventura; Yolo—W. R. Pond, Woodland; Yuba—W. M. Cutter, Marysville.

SENSATION IS PROMISED FOR SAN FRANCISCO

Murdock Estate Fights An Alleged Forgery.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—A sensational probate case, involving a million dollar estate and charges of forgery to get possession of it, has been commenced and will come up for trial in a few days.

A note for $100,000, with interest due to the amount of nearly $250,000, has been presented against the estate of William Murdock, the millionaire rancher of Glenn county. Payment has been refused on the ground that the note is a forgery, and the trial is set for next Monday.

William Murdock was well known in San Francisco, and it was in this city, the representatives of the estate claim, that the plot was hatched by Mary Helen Murdock, wife of a cousin of the deceased, and several others, who will support its authenticity.

The note has been submitted to some of the best handwriting experts in the city, and they agree that it is a forgery and will so testify.

If the suit fails there may be some criminal prosecutions for forgery.

WOMAN DROWNED IN MIDDLE RIVER.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

STOCKTON, Cal., July 23.—Early this morning a man called at the residence of Mr. Blossom, who owns a gasoline launch, and asked him to go with him to Middle river, one of the forks of the San Joaquin, to bring to Stockton the body of a woman who had been accidentally drowned.

Mr. Blossom left immediately, and only meager particulars can be learned. It seems that a sudden gust of wind struck a schooner and threw the boom over to one side, knocking the woman off into the water. She was drowned and one of the men badly injured.

LOCHNER STILL STICKS TO HIS STORY.

Nothing New Has Developed in San Francisco's Murder Mystery.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The police had no new fact in connection with the death of Mrs. Sadie Carpenter today.

This morning Joseph Lochner was interviewed again by Chief Lees, and in reply to queries told the same story, with a few trivial changes, that he told shortly after his arrest.

He claims that at the time the woman died he was in bed asleep, and knew nothing of her death until notified of what had happened by Miss Riley.

THE WAR BOARD IN CONFERENCE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The Naval War Board had a conference with the President to-day. On leaving the White House, Secretary Long said the meeting had no especial significance, as it related entirely to details. The Monterey, he thought, would arrive at Manila about August 3 or 4, and the Monadnock about a week later. Nothing later, the Secretary said, had been received from Admiral Dewey or Admiral Sampson.

PROMOTER HOOLEY'S LIABILITIES STATED.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, July 23.—The statement of the official receivers of the estate of Ernest Terah Hooley, the company promoter, against whom a receiving order in bankruptcy was issued on June 8th last, places the liabilities at £1,545,071, showing a deficit of £32,100. The statement adds:

"That large payments were made to various person which require strict investigation, and that Mr. Hooley has repudiated claims amounting to a considerable sum, which, therefore, were not included in the statement."

EX-MAYOR ELLERT NOW IN THE FIELD.

He Would Take the Nomination of the Republicans For Governor.

L. R. Ellert, ex-Mayor of San Francisco, has formally announced that he is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor. Mr. Ellert was twice Supervisor and once Mayor of San Francisco.

"Now that the subject of my candidacy is a matter of public discussion," said Mr. Ellert, "I desire to place myself properly before the people. It is true that I am a candidate, under certain conditions. For some time past I have been asking my friends to enter the lists in the tournament for the office in question. My answer to them has invariably been what I will say to you, namely: that if the primaries are open and the delegates from San Francisco go to the convention unpledged, I shall certainly be a candidate. Whether or not it will be decided that a San Francisco nominee will be required to meet the conditions that now exist, I do not know. That is a question for the convention to determine. I have heard that it has been stated on several occasions that I am in the hands of my friends. In this connection I wish to say that while I most thoroughly appreciate their earnest interest in me and am fully grateful therefor, I shall feel it my duty to wait until the political conditions are such as I have mentioned. Whether or not that time will come remains to be seen. In conclusion I have only to say that my official record as Supervisor and Mayor is recent history, and I hope the people are familiar with it."

M. S. SMITH & SONS.

Schools will Open

Monday Next

and great will be the hurry to get supplies.

Don't delay, call as early as possible, for sometimes in spite of all we can do the crowd becomes rather dense.

Complete Outfits for Every Department

We pride ourselves on the completeness of our outfits for all branches, particularly

Botany, Zoology and Drawing

everything needful, from a microscope to a drawing board is right at our hand.

Twenty Clerks

are in the School Supplies Department—experienced, courteous assistants, with whose aid we assure the waits will be very few.

Second-Hand School Books

save you money both ways. We buy your old books for cash. We sell you others slightly used but just as good as new at quite a reduction.

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Grips—$1.00, $1.20, $1.35
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Real Warm Weather Rest and Comfort.

There is a powder to be shaken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Ease, invented by Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., which druggists and shoe dealers say is the best thing they have ever sold to cure swollen, burning, sore and tender or aching feet. Some dealers claim that it makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It certainly will cure corns and bunions and relieve instantly sweating, hot or smarting feet. Allen's Foot-Ease costs only a quarter, and the inventor will send a sample free to any address.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New Style, Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. We give "green trading stamps." 461-463 Thirteenth street.

The Emeryville Road House, Capt. Gardner prop'r, with every accommodation for travelers, including private rooms, music room, etc., is open for business. Thirty-seventh st. and San Pablo ave.

GERMEA

FOR BREAKFAST.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished flat, including piano, within five blocks of narrow gauge depot, in most desirable part of Oakland. Inquire 1310 Harrison.

VERY CHOICE ROOMS with or without board, for two or three gentlemen, or couple, in strictly private family. W. W., box 8, Tribune office.

TO LET—Furnished sunny rooms, with range, for housekeeping. 90 Telegraph avenue.

THREE FURNISHED and three unfurnished rooms to rent. 1612 Fifteenth st. bet. Peralta and Campbell.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor, at the office of the Tribune Publishing Co., 413, 415, 417 Eighth st., Oakland, California, which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with said estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased.

HENRY F. FRAHM,
Executor of the estate of Anna Catherine Wunder, deceased.

Dated, Oakland, July 13th, 1898.

E. L. WEBBER, Napa Bank Building, Napa, Cal., Attorney for Executor.

Kumyss Beats Sodas and Bromos Knocks Intoxicating Drinks out of sight. Drink it with your meals. Chicago Kumyss Co., has a Depot in Oakland 463 9th. St.

SENSATIONAL SUICIDE NEAR MOUNTAIN VIEW.

John Ridell Blows His Life Out With Dynamite.

The Desperate Man Threatens Rescuers With the Same Fate.

EMULATED MELROSE CHINESE.

After the Explosion He Is Slowly Cremated in the Burning Cabin.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN JOSE, July 23.—Constable J. D. Martin telephoned the Coroner this morning from Mountain View that one John Ridell had blown himself up in his cabin there and had been cremated.

The constable said a loud explosion was heard in the cabin, and some went to investigate. They knocked at the door, when Ridell called out, "Stay out there or there'll be more and worse explosions." The parties investigating were afraid to venture in.

In a few moments a terrific explosion was heard, and the cabin began to burn furiously. A number of persons rushed to the scene but could not enter the cabin because of the fire.

The constable stated over the telephone that the man could be seen lying in the fire and slowly burning, as there was no water or any means of combating the fire.

Coroner Secord left at once for the scene. No particulars further were given by the constable.

Later a special message to the Herald said the man had dynamite in his cabin for blowing up stumps, and this was what he used. It is added that he was drunk. This affair was near New Mountain View, at the junction of the Alviso and Mountain View roads.

DEADLY DUEL AT LEMON STATION.

A Southern California Man Shoots His Cousin to Death.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

POMONA, Cal., July 23.—This morning J. L. Martine shot and killed his cousin, J. A. Martinez, at Lemon Station. Both are of good families. Several shots were fired by each. J. L. Martinez came to Pomona and surrendered to the officers.

CAR COLLISION IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Locomotive Smashes a Trolley and Motorman Meeks is Injured.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—At 9:05 o'clock this morning car No. 1121 of the Sixteenth street trolley line collided at Sixteenth and Harrison streets with the locomotive of the regular passenger train which left the Townsend street station at 9 A. M.

In consequence the trolley car was wrecked, the locomotive damaged and Motorman J. F. Meeks was sent to St. Luke's Hospital with painful cuts in his scalp and perhaps internal injuries.

Fortunately, two male passengers, the only ones on the street car, jumped off when they saw that a collision was imminent. Meeks, the wounded motorman, refuses to explain how the accident occurred.

The grade at this point is very steep, and to guard against possible accidents, automatic bars have been placed at the crossing to warn motormen. It is presumed that the brakes on Meeks' car failed to work, and the car crushed through the guards and into the engine.

RED CROSS BASE BALL AT PLEASANTON

County Officials Are Playing Ruby Hill's Team This Afternoon.

The Ruby Hill married men's baseball team is crossing bats this afternoon with the county officials at Pleasanton for the benefit of the Red Cross. The line-up is as follows:

County officials—J. F. Summers, court house, catcher; J. P. Cook, deputy clerk, pitcher; Wm. Church, Supervisor, first base; J. Cal Ewing, deputy clerk, second base; C. Schmeer, copyist, shortstop; A. G. Harms, copyist, third base; F. C. Jordan, County Clerk, left field; J. Bardellini, deputy Recorder, center field; J. Mitchell, Supervisor, right field.

Ruby Hill—J. Mallo, catcher; H. Maddison, pitcher and short; E. Harms, first base; Richards, second base; J. Hegerty, third base; F. M'Dougall, shortstop and pitcher; Chas. Graham, left field; Dr. W. A. Hershiser, center field; Prof. W. Donahue, right field.

Meyers' Shortage Grows Larger.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 23.—Upon application of Julius Wechzelberg, President of the Home Building and Loan Association, A. W. Howard was to-day appointed receiver of the Association, giving a bond of $70,000, which is nearly double the amount of the assets.

As investigation proceeds, the affairs of John Harvey Myers of the Home Building and Loan Association appear to grow worse. When footed up it is believed the shortage of Mr. Myers will amount to $120,000.

A director of the Association who is conversant with the property with which Mr. Myers hopes to make restitution said to-day he did not believe it would realize over $20,000. No action has yet been taken in regard to the criminal proceedings against Myers.

DROPPED DEAD IN HIS FRONT YARD.

Prominent Farmer of San Leandro Smitten By Heart Failure.

Manuel Leaburn, a Portuguese farmer residing about a mile from San Leandro, near Lake Chabot, died suddenly shortly before midnight yesterday.

Mr. Leaburn and his daughter had been away from home and had just entered his front yard when he felt a pain in his heart.

He sat down on a box in the yard to rest and the next minute fell over dead.

A physician was summoned, but of course the patient was beyond relief.

This morning Coroner Baldwin went to the scene, and an autopsy was held. It was apparent that death had been occasioned by fatty degeneration of the heart.

This afternoon the Coroner held an inquest. The jury returned a verdict of death due to heart trouble.

The deceased was well known in San Leandro and its environs, having lived there twenty years. He was 56 years of age at the time of his death and left a widow and one daughter.

Postoffice Thief Caught.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 23.—Jas. H. Donnelly, chief night clerk in the New Haven postoffice, has been arrested, charged with the embezzlement of money from letters, and in default of $1,500 bonds, was taken to jail to await a hearing before United States Commissioner Wright August 8th. The arrest was brought about by means of a test letter and a marked bill, and two marked coins were found on his person. Donnelly is about 30 years of age, and has been employed in the office for ten years. It is alleged that the thefts have been going on for a period of two years.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS REOPEN MONDAY.

Several New Teachers Have Been Appointed to Fill Vacancies.

The public schools of this city will reopen next Monday morning. A number of changes have been made in the staff of teachers.

The following vacancies have been made by resignation: Garfield school 1, Grove street school 1, Lincoln school 1, Clawson school 2, Bay school 2. Vacancies have also occurred in the following schools owing to leaves of absence for six months which have been granted: Lafayette 1, Franklin 2.

The following teachers have been given permanent positions: Miss L. M. Mackay, Mary A. Sullivan, Susie B. Culver, Ora Lee Moulton and Lew Ball.

The following have been engaged for six months to fill vacancies occasioned by leaves of absence: Gertrude V. Williams, Elizabeth Griswold, Agnes Hunt and Effie Young.

By the consolidation of classes in Tompkins school, two vacancies have been filled without employing new teachers, Mrs. Cody taking the receiving class at Grove street school and Mrs. Whitehead the vacant position at Clawson school.

MORE GOLD COMES FROM THE KLONDIKE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 23.—The steamer Garrone arrived here today from St. Michaels. Her purser reports that her 166 passengers brought down close to $1,000,000 but a talk with the passengers leads to the belief that this amount is exaggerated. Most of the passengers came down the Yukon on the steamer Seattle No. 1. They complain bitterly of the monopolistic tendencies of certain trading corporations, which are trespassing on the rights and privileges of individuals to such an extent that some decisive action will have to be taken by the authorities at Washington. Nothing of the alleged privateer was seen by the passengers.

GERTRUDE JONES REPEATS DIRE CHARGES

Was Not Bluffed Into Retraction By Prosecution For Perjury.

Gertrude K. Jones has filed amended answer and cross-complaint in the suit instituted against her by Attorney George H. Francoeur. Notwithstanding the charge of perjury which was brought against the defendant for the averments contained in her original cross-complaint, this instrument repeats the allegations which hurl charges against Attorney Francoeur as well as her husband.

She avers that the $500 note for which Francoeur is suing was extorted from her to be used as hush money in concealing the intimate connection of her husband, Ernest N. Jones, with the criminal death of Annie Johnson.

Leiter Confers With Creditors.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Joe Leiter, who made himself famous through engineering the most colossal wheat deal on record, was in conference to-day with his exporters, Otto E. Lohrke & Co., who brought a friendly suit against him recently for $850,000. It was reported that arrangements were made at the conference between Leiter and his creditors to settle the claim. Mr. Leiter refused to say a word about his losses.

Divorced

F. M. Davie was to-day granted a divorce from Mary H. Davie by Judge Hall.

A WEDDING.

It was a dreary, foggy day. I tried to read, but could not. I threw the book away. A card fell out.

"Tuesday, Nov. 13, at 4 in the afternoon, in the Church of the Trinity," was engraved upon it, and below, written in a girlish hand: "Come at least to the wedding, dear aunt. I shall expect you."

I looked at the clock. It was a quarter before 4, and I had forgotten this wedding, from which I did not in the least wish to stay away, as I could not go to the festivities afterward on account of recent illness. I had just time to change my dress hastily and to throw myself into a carriage in order to reach the church in season.

The fog did not seem so dense, the sky was less heavy. I was already cheered by the thought of seeing happy faces. Yes, Hedwig must look happy—happier than ever to-day.

She was the daughter of a lifelong friend, and my favorite from the day that I had held her in my arms for the first time and she had looked into my face with her large, blue eyes. I had seen her grow up to a sweet, good, charming girl and the sunbeam of the house in her harmless playfulness.

Then came a time when she grew quiet and pale, and when those same large, dark blue eyes had a deeper expression, as though they shed secret tears. She said nothing, but we knew her carefully-guarded secret, and yet we could not bring him to her feet, the man she loved, who stubbornly kept away. But her troubles came to an end. It proved that he had been too proud to ask for the hand of the rich man's daughter before he had obtained a certain position.

Hedwig was very happy. I had met the groom during their short engagement, but what I heard of him in the family circle was well adapted to increase the good opinion of him which his proud reserve had given me.

The carriage stopped. The ceremony had already begun when I entered the church and mixed with the inquisitive spectators. I could see only part of the splendid wedding guests, but the bridal couple were in full view.

Hedwig, with a serious, thoughtful expression on her sweet face and a happy look in her blue eyes, looked quite as I had pictured her, but the bridegroom did not please me quite so well. It seemed to me that he had something intense in his face and closely knitted brows, something reckless, searching, in his eyes—in short, not at all the looks of a happy man.

To be sure, I had a friend who maintained that there was no being more miserable than a bridegroom on his wedding day. "Why," he used to say, "the poor fellow simply dwindles away beside his bride. For her the day is the most beautiful of her whole life, on which she is received like a queen. He does not only play a subordinate part, but an entirely miserable role is the one he has to act, and one can easily see how uncomfortable he feels." But my friend was a confirmed bachelor, and I never believed what he said about these things, and do not yet believe him.

The longer I looked at the groom, the less I liked him. His uneasiness seemed to increase, and he heard as little of the sermon, which was pretty well spun out by one of the best preachers, as I did. His eyes—I could have sworn it—seemed to be directed in their uneasy search to just where I sat.

And yet I could not possibly be the object of his disquiet, even if he could have seen me, which he could not, for I was hidden in the shadow of a pillar. But for whom were those eyes searching?

I began to look at my neighbors. Beside me sat a stout woman with a good-natured face and a hat covered with bright flowers and ribbons, and a little way from us sat a young girl, who was dressed prettily and with taste, and who had a remarkably fine profile, but nevertheless gave me the impression that she was a seamstress in her Sunday clothes.

When she turned, I found that she was exceedingly pretty. The pew in which she sat was at right angles with our seat, so that I could easily look at her pretty face and the large gray eyes, shaded by long lashes, without being observed, particularly as the girl's whole attention seemed to be riveted on the bridal pair—or, perhaps, on the bridegroom, and his on her. The thought went like lightning through me and would not leave me again.

And now I noticed how pale she was, and that her lids with their long lashes were somewhat red. The beautiful face told a story, and I seemed to understand it. She had been crying, and for him who just now was giving his hand to another.

Did he know it? Had she older—perhaps, too, greater—claims on him? And could it be that Hedwig's father, the clever man of the world, had not sufficiently searched the past of his son-in-law? Or were such things so usual that he did not attach much importance to it?

My heart grew heavy, and I thought of all that might happen if he were indeed unworthy of my innocent, trusting favorite. My imagination painted the most terrific pictures.

Would she, when the newly married pair were leaving the church, step in their path and thrust her accusation in his face? Was she going to write a letter to Hedwig, or would she wait until the couple returned from their wedding tour to thrust the poor wife out of her dream of Eden?

Whatever I had heard or read of such cases came now into my mind, and the worst was the story which I had not been able to finish that very afternoon. And now it all came back to me and made me restless and unhappy. I lived once more through those ugly scenes, but the actors were no longer the characters in the books, but Hedwig, her husband and the pale girl, who attracted me more and more, so that finally I could not take my eyes from her.

In spite of everything, I felt sorry for her. I saw the increasing emotion in her face, and her large gray eyes—I could no longer doubt it—were wet with tears. At times she turned and pulled a handkerchief out of her pocket. With all that she appeared energetic, as though she were able to do something desperate if occasion demanded it.

I grew hot and cold. I should have liked to speak to her, comfort her, should have liked to beg her to have pity and be compassionate to my darling. For fear of undertaking something unusual, conspicuous, I remained seated and only clinched my fists in weak anxiety.

Just then the couple exchanged rings. My excitement grew. My stout neighbor, too, seemed to become restless. She fidgeted about in her seat, felt in her pocket, and then quietly moved nearer the young girl. She pulled her sleeve, bent down and spoke softly but earnestly to her.

Although I tried hard, I could not understand a word. I only saw that she made signs which evidently concerned the bridal pair, and that the girl answered her by shaking her head.

There was still some time of painful expectation, which was in reality short, but which seemed an eternity to me, while I tried in vain to fathom the mystery. Then the ceremony was ended, and all crowded toward the door.

I, ahead of all, hastened to approach the bridal couple. That I wished to congratulate Hedwig had entirely escaped my memory at this moment. I must not lose a moment to turn away the threatening evil.

Although my vague fears drove me on, my two neighbors were ahead of me. The older woman pushed herself forward with an elasticity which was surprising in one so stout, elbowing her way along and leaving the younger woman to follow. I now saw clearly she was trying to reach the bridal pair. As quickly as I could I followed her, and gathering all my courage and strength together I took her by the shoulders.

She shook herself free without looking around. Another step and she stood close before the groom and stealthily gave him something which she had taken from her pocket. My heart beat madly, and things began to swim before my eyes.

Then I heard my name, and Hedwig threw her arms around me and hid her laughing face on my shoulder.

"Just think, auntie," she whispered in my ear, "he had forgotten his handkerchief and din't notice it until we had entered the church and my fine one was wet with tears and could be of no use to him. You can imagine how terrible it was. Only just now his housekeeper brought it to him."

"She might have got here a little sooner," said the young husband, who stood beside her. There was no trace of anxiety on his face now. He was the picture of happiness and laughed heartily as he shook my hand, while I, confused, stammered out my best wishes.

I was like one awakened from a dream, who is not able to erase the terrible pictures, when I stood a little later under the arch of the door and looked at the row of carriages driving off. But a feeling of suspicion had still remained with me. Who was the beautiful girl in the church? Had I been deceived after all?

"That's just the way," said a voice beside me—it belonged to the stout old woman with the flowered hat—"when people are in love. Otherwise he is quite sensible, as good and sensible a man as can be found. But since he has known the lady—I mean his wife—he has lost his head entirely. Just think of going to his wedding and leaving his handkerchief at home and particularly with such a cold! It would have been wise for you to have staid at home," turning to the young girl who stood, as I perceived, a few steps away.

"This is my niece," she explained to me. "She, too, will be married soon, and well married. And what do you think is the reason she came to-day? Simply to see the wedding dress so that she can copy it for herself. So it is when vanity has taken possession of people! And she can hardly see out of her eyes, she has such a cold."

The young girl had listened to the speech with indifference. She stood in the full glare of a lantern. Now I understood the red lids, the tearful glance of the large gray eyes. At this moment there came again over the beautiful face that look of painful emotion. It again seemed as though she was going to burst out in weeping, but—now I know—she sneezed.—From the German.

MIDDLE OF THE ROAD BOLT COLLAPSES.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 23.—The Times-Star to-day says: The National Convention of the People's Party called to assemble in Cincinnati, September 5th, a gathering of the middle-of-the-road and affiliated Populists, will not get beyond a call. Several States had held conventions and selected delegates. Maine has chosen five leading Populists as delegates. Other States had responded to the Omaha call. Even Georgia had broken away from Senator Butler, but Texas would not, and this broke the backbone of the straight Populist movement.

Injured Friesland in Port.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The Belgian steamer Friesland, Captain Nichols, which broke her thrust shaft at sea on July 14th, during the voyage from Antwerp to New York, arrived safe in port to-day. All well. The accident necessitated the stopping of the steamer for nearly twenty-five hours, after which she proceeded under her other two engines at the rate of seven knots per hour for the remainder of the voyage, a distance of 1,400 miles.

The Wrecked Kalamazoo.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., July 23.—Twelve men from this city and from Pawpaw were aboard the steamer Kalamazoo, which is reported wrecked on Thirty-Mile river in the Klondike region. When last heard from the party had shot the White Horse rapids and expected to reach Dawson City in five days.

A Big Offer For Searchlight.

Lou Crellin, says the Pleasanton Times, has received word from Tom Keating from Cleveland that an offer of $25,000 for Searchlight, "the world's champion 3-year-old pacer," had been made him. Mr. Crellin refused the offer.

Death Due to Old Age.

Coroner Baldwin held an inquest on the remains of Orrin S. Dunham, the "Franklin-street Hermit," last evening, and the jury returned a verdict that death was due to old age. The deceased was a native of New York, 75 years of age. Interment took place at Mountain View Cemetery to-day.

Mrs. Hammond Thanked.

C. L. A. S., No. 1, desires to publicly thank Mrs. R. Hammond, Mrs. Cox and daughter for $40, which was a portion of the proceeds of the recent charity cotillion given by these ladies at Pythian Hall, June 23d.

Dr. Crowley in Washington.

Dr. D. D. Crowley is in Washington. He is combining business with pleasure, and is having an enjoyable visit in the national capital.

Mortuary.

Mrs. Maria Louise Schmiedel, a native of Germany, aged 67 years, died at Fruitvale yesterday.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Aydelotte's Business College.

TO THE PUBLIC:

On account of the contemplated changes on the ground floor of the Y. M. C. A. Building, and the consequent demand of the Association for some of the space occupied by the College on the upper floors, we have availed ourselves of the opportunity to get back to Broadway at once, and into a building large enough, not only to accommodate us now, but also to provide for large additional space that our growth will soon demand. We have, for several months, been very much hampered in our present quarters, and instead of relinquishing any space, we must have more. We were compelled recently even to turn one of our offices into a school room. Not only the amount of space, but the division of it, is inadequate and unsatisfactory.

The half-year just closed has been one of the most prosperous terms in the history of the institution, and it became evident early in the year that we would either have to ask for more space in the Y. M. C. A. Building, or seek larger quarters elsewhere, but we could not feel that the available space in the building would suffice to accomodate us, even though the changes do not take place.

On August first the college will move to the corner of Broadway and Eleventh street, into Kohler & Chase Hall and adjoining rooms, which were arranged some time ago for the Conservatory of Music. The school-rooms will all be on the second floor, a provision which entered prominently into our consideration, and we are certain that our pupils will appreciate the advantage of having only one flight of stairs to climb. Another most favorable feature will lie in the fact that the college offices will be on the first floor, entrance at 1013 Broadway, which will be our business number. With the opportunity we will have for construction, there is no space in the city better adapted to the needs of the college.

For business reasons, we have long desired and intended to get back to Broadway into the heart of the business section, and on neutral religious ground. A business college is a *business* institution, and should be right in the midst of business. We have long realized the fact that we were too far to one side to be in that close touch with the really business public which would enable us to secure the most good for both the school and its graduates.

Then, again, there is an unavoidable conflict between the educational work of the Association and our own. Their work is not only in competion with our own night school, but it tends to create confusion in the public mind, for we are continually receiving communications and calls which show us plainly that such confusion exists. We receive letters addressed to the "Y. M. C. A. Business College," and people frequently call with Y. M. C. A circulars in their hands, believing that they can get a business education at Association rates.

Finally we are heeding the advice (long standing) of many friends and patrons, who have contributed largely to our growing convictions, as to the absolute desirability of the change.

Many improvements are in prospect, and new teachers will be added to the corps of instructors.

We ask of a generous public the continuation of that support that has sustained the institution through its dozen years, and made it the second institution of the kind, in point of numbers, in the state.

AYDELOTTE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE (Incorporated)

J. H. AYDELOTTE,
President and Manager.

FOUR YEARS PROGRESS IN POSTOFFICE.

Receipts of the Place During White's Term.

Tomorrow morning, Postmaster J. J. White will formally turn over the post office to his successor W. H. Friend.

During the four years of Mr. White's term, the receipts of the office have increased several thousand dollars. The last year of Mr. Bishop's term the receipts were $90,000. They have since been $94,000, $97,000, $103,000 and this year probably $101,000.

There has also been an improvement in another direction. When Mr. White took office there was a contract for carrying the mails in force over which he had no control. The mails were carried in old wagons that looked neither safe nor respectable. Mr. White protested, but nothing could be done until a new contract was let. This was done this year and the mails are now carried through the streets in wagons bearing the postal service.

"I must say I leave the office with great regret" said Mr. White this morning. "I do not say this from a selfish standpoint, but I refer solely to the relations that exist between myself and the employes. They have been most pleasant and friendly and I heartily regret to say good-bye to them. Postmaster Friend will find a splendid body of men here, capable, and honorable, and I wish for him as pleasant an experience as I have enjoyed myself.

"Tomorrow morning Postal Inspector Munro will be here, an inventory will be taken and my labors will be over."

DR. COYLE IS BACK IN OAKLAND.

Decides to Decline the Call to the New York Church.

Oakland Will Still Remain the Home of the Presbyterian Pastor.

Rev. Robert Coyle, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, returned this morning from New York and will address his congregation tomorrow.

He will not accept the call to the Madison avenue church in New York and has come to this decision after carefully looking over the field.

The call to the New York church was a most flattering one, as the church is one of the largest organizations in the country and the trustees were unanimous in the desire to have Dr. Coyle fill the pulpit left vacant by the resignation of Dr. Charles L. Thompson.

"I did not feel that the inducements were sufficient to accept," said Dr. Coyle this morning. "It is a fine church. The building is located on one of the best avenues in New York, in fact, Madison avenue is second only to Fifth avenue in its aristocracy. The church is, however, in a transitorial state. Six or eight years ago it was made into a people's church; that is, there was no charge for the pews. Everything was free to the people. This was Dr. Thompson's idea and it has proved to be satisfactory in many ways. Now, the trustees are considering the proposition of selling the present church and moving to a more desirable locality for a house of worship. There has been $300,000 offered for the church, but the trustees feel that it is worth more. When they do sell, they intend to expend $200,000 for a new building and then to endow the church putting it on an independent financial basis. There are may innovations in the church, and it is in a transition state, as I said before.

"Then I feel that Oakland is my home. If I went to New York my family would have to live in a house with no yard, no breathing room, no space for expansion, but shut in in a row of similar houses. Here there is plenty of fresh air and pleasant surroundings. There are attractions in the New York call and there also drawbacks and I felt that it would be better to decline."

Dr. Coyle has been gone not quite two weeks. The weather was very hot in the East and the hurried journey was extremely wearisome.

Times are better in the East and the war is the one engrossing topic of conversation.

THALER FOUND GUILTY.

Conrad Thaler was found guilty by Judge Allen this morning on a charge of battery preferred against him by Mrs. Mary Flaherty. Sentence will be pronounced Monday.

Unidentified Remains Buried.

Ever since the terrible explosion at Melrose, Tuesday morning, people have been bringing to the Coroner's office this city, bits of human bodies, which, of course, could not be identified. These pieces were buried at Mountain View cemetery this afternoon.

The Oakland Loan Office.

Loans money on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols and articles of every description. Sells all kinds of musical instruments at cost. Pays the highest price for old gold and silver. Now at 966 Washington street, bet. Ninth and Tenth streets.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Christopher Streitberger, sometimes known as John Christoph Streitberger, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Christopher Streitberger, sometimes known as John Christoph Streitberger, deceased, and for the issuance to D. Bruns and Thos. F. Graber of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 22, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

KINGSBURG DESTROYED BY A FIRE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

FRESNO, Cal., July 23.—The Hotel at Kingsburg, about twenty-five miles from this city, was burned to the ground last night, together with several sheds and dwelling houses.

The origin of the fire is unknown. The town is practically wiped out, for it was never fully rebuilt after the disastrous fires of 1893. The loss of last night's fire was $15,000; the insurance $5,000. The hotel building was owned by S. C. Lillis of San Francisco.

More Fragments Found.

A few small pieces of a skull were found at the scene of the Melrose explosion this morning. The pieces will be turned over to the Coroner. There is no way of identifying the grewsome fragments.

Strictly First Class.

There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house to any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge.

Telephone main 325. Office, northeast corner Broadway and Ninth street.

The Hammam departments for ladies and gentlemen at the Piedmont Baths are the most elaborate and luxuriously fitted up of any this side of Chicago. Take Piedmont cars.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TESLA COAL

Mined in Alameda Co.

A Coal to beat the combine, satisfy housekeepers and boom our common county.

$6.50 PER TON, DELIVERED

—OFFICE—

BROADWAY & 10th ST.

Telephone Main 79.

The former proprietors of the HUFF HOUSE are now located at the

METROPOLE
6 TURK STREET

Junction Market and Mason, San Francisco, and would be pleased to see their old friends.

Oakland Tribune

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OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern Office of The Tribune is located at 230 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome. R. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Dewey—"Over the Sea."
Alcazar—"Faust."
Columbia—"Liberty Hall."
Morosco's—"Captain Impudence."
Tivoli—"The Bells of Corneville."
Orpheum—High Class Vaudeville.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

July 24—St. Patrick's Mutual Alliance of California.
July 31—Deutscher Krieger Verein of San Francisco, to 11 P. M.

UNION LABEL

TWELVE-PAGE EDITION.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—Weather forecast: Fair tonight and Sunday; fresh west wind.

SATURDAY.....JULY 23, 1898.

Baltimore's dog license has brought $20,000 into her city treasury. The bark of prosperity has evidently reached that port.

Out of the four Aldermen of Lincoln, New Jersey, three of them are women. There are times when the other one doubtless wishes he was anything but a man.

They are now dubbing the Oregon "a naval bulldog." Judging by the way she ran down Cervera's ships there must be a strain of ocean greyhound in her as well.

Those bad actors who recently started for the Klondike with the intention of playing at Dawson, Circle City and other points in the gold belt are safe enough. Eggs up that way are now quoted at a dollar apiece.

The remarkable statement now comes from our army headquarters at Cuba that three-fourths of the residents of the island are in sympathy with Spain as against the rebels. The more facts come to light the more it looks as if we have been to a great extent gold-bricked into the Cuban business.

Pool-rooms are running in Fresno again. The raisin men from all over the valley are holding meetings there right along to close arrangements for pooling the entire crop. They are going to succeed too and there is weeping, wailing and gnashing of teeth among the commission men.

The Cubans refused to help the American volunteers in building the military roads around Santiago, excusing themselves on the ground that they were soldiers and not laborers. In some ways it is a pity that the Spanish army didn't give the insurgents a sound threshing while they were at it a few months ago.

The appointment of Ferdinand W. Peck of Chicago as Commissioner General to the Paris Exposition has been expected for a long time although it was thought possible that the place might go to M. H. De Young of San Francisco. He however is said to be slated for the First Assistant Commissionership if he wants it.

According to the Tacoma News, powerful social influence was the cause of Sampson's jump from the command of a ship to that of a fleet while only a captain, several commodores being skipped to give him the honor. His name, therefore, does not belie him, for it was certainly nothing but a strong pull that obtained for him the promotion, judging by the record he has been making of late.

The fact that our naval victories turned the tide of the present war has convinced Great Britain more than ever that the best way to retain her commercial supremacy and keep pirates at a respectful distance is by thoroughly ruling the sea. Although she already has by far the best navy in the world, she is preparing to add 108 more ships to her squadrons, her policy being to build two more warships every time any other nation builds one.

The only way Spain has figured in the war up to date is something like that of the outclassed prize-fighter who only excites pity and occasionally admiration. Every time a blow reaches him he goes to his knees bleeding and helpless, but struggles to his feet again and will not throw up the sponge. Nature has to give out at last, though, and that is the way it is going to be with Spain pretty soon, for she will quit simply through total inability to proceed.

Spain had no right to expect very much from the soldiers who comprised her Santiago forces. In addition to their being famished they had only been apportioned $4 a month apiece for pay during the preceding three months. While it is true that a soldier's patriotism should not be measured by the number of dollars he receives, still it cannot but create a feeling of discontent to be so woefully underpaid, especially when they hear that their former commander, Weyler, cleared up a couple of million dollars in the island while they were being stood off for their meager earnings.

THE CALL TO ARMS.

Before the day is over, the members of the Republican State Central Committee, which is in session this afternoon across the bay, will undoubtedly have set in motion the machinery that starts up the fall campaign of 1898. The hour is a momentous one, for never since the days immediately following the close of the war has the Republican party gone into conflict better equipped and with better prospects of victory than are attending the present struggle.

Even had there been no Spanish-American war to stir up the patriotism of the country, it is certain that the coming election would have witnessed a thorough enforcement of the Presidential administration. Although in some ways there is no real reason why a State campaign should be associated with National issues, precedent has always made it so, and the State elections immediately following that returning the President are always regarded as being a test of whether or not the work of the administration has found favor with the country in general.

This year there cannot possibly be any question about it. When President McKinley entered the White House a year ago last March the country was suffering from a terrific financial depression that had grown worse and worse with each successive year of Democratic misrule; the National treasury was being depleted of its stores of gold so rapidly that financiers in alarm borrowed from Europe by the hundreds of millions so as to check the fast-running drain; the free silver agitation had created a feeling of unrest and anxiety in commercial circles; factories were closed and workshops emptied, while the records of business and bank failures were so alarming that it almost looked as if we were about to become a bankrupt Nation.

Look around to-day and see how everything has changed. Instead of floating bonds and borrowing money from Europe there has been one constant golden stream to our shores; business of every description is booming; the factories and workshops have reopened and work thereby given to many thousands of idle laborers; railroad building has been resumed the country over; the free silver heresies having been exposed have died out and left us on a firm financial basis again—in fact, the whole land is enjoying a wondrous mead of prosperity that is asserting itself in countless ways.

When to this most ample reason for endorsing the administration is added the certainty that American patriotism will bury partisanship and stand by those who are waving Old Glory to the breeze for us in these times of war, it can be seen how impossible it is for the country to roll up anything but glorious Republican victories this fall. Oregon has led the way by scoring for the party the greatest success in the history of the State, and California must show that she can do as well if not better. And above all things, let it not be forgotten that Alameda county is the banner Republican county of the State and must be kept in that proud position. Election day is not very very far away and we must make every minute count for although victory is already assured to us, we want to make it so glorious a one that California will be inclined to forget she ever had a Democratic party.

An objection is raised by an exchange to flaying the Stars and Stripes over State prisons. "The first duty to the flag is to honor it" says the protesting editor. "A state prison is not an institution which confers honor either on its inmates or its graduates. There is distinctively a discredit in being one of its inmates, and for the flag to fly there is to bring unnecessary discredit upon the emblem." While the point might be made that it is in a way anomalous to fly a flag representing the land of the free, over a prison, there can surely be no objections to using the standard to show our dominance and superiority. We raise it over every Spanish fisher boat that we capture and that is certainly not done out of any feeling of respect to the craft itself.

The Fresno Expositor after commenting on Judge Wood's letter in which he declares that his office does not furnish enough work and that it should be merged into that of some other official, concludes with "If this is true in Oakland with 50,000 people, how much more needless are two justices of the peace in Fresno, with its 14,000 people." The point is not well taken. Even though Fresno only has about one-fourth of the population of Oakland her record proportionately entitles her to four justices where two are more than sufficient for a peaceful, law-abiding city such as this is.

Here is the way the editor of the Troy Times amuses himself: "Surrenders, to be made according to Hoyle, must be made under a tree. This facilitates the process of taking leaves and enables the terms to be kept shady. Lee surrendered under an apple tree at Appomattox, and Toral under a cedar tree at Santiago. Cervera did not need a tree because he had his bark with him, although the way in which his ships ran ashore was suggestive of a slippery elm. The next tree should be a treaty of peace."

The question of to fuse or not to fuse is again being agitated. This tune though is not the old one between the Democrats and Populists but arises from the discussion of whether or not the California Fuse Works should be allowed to be rebuilt in its former location.

Trooper Griffith can scarcely be blamed for deserting Uncle Sam every time he is subjected to one of this fits of absence of mind that have already landed him in the asylum a couple of times. He deserts himself when he is in that condition, for his body is left without a mind to guide it and surely therefore cannot be held responsible for not walking in the proper path. It seems impossible though that a man in such a condition can make a good soldier, he would be dangerous to have on sentry duty anyhow.

The members of the regiment of First California Volunteers are proving as First in war as they were first in peace. They have been accorded the honor of making the initial attack for our army in the Philippines and we don't have to wait until the returns come in to know that they will do credit to the State whose name they bear. It brings the war nearer to home somehow to know that our own California boys are listening to the screech of shot and shell.

Lieutenant Hobson is proving a valuable man to the Government apart from his element of personal bravery. The fact that he was detailed to report on the condition of the wrecked Spanish ships and to take charge of the preliminaries necessary to save them shows that in the ordinary course of things he deserves to make his way to the front anyhow.

There need be no fears that our army will reach the 30,000 notch again for some years to come anyhow. What with the forces required for the occupation of Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines, the Carolines, and the Ladrons it seems impossible to figure how we can get along with less than 100,000 in the future, even in times of peace.

To be a German baron will cause the wearer of the title to be regarded with grave suspicion on the Pacific Coast in the future. What with Blanther, Von Turkheim and now Lochner we have a right to be careful with that brand of nobility.

The Spanish minister declines to enter into any peace negotiations as yet and says that Spain will retire with honor. That is all she can figure on retiring with anyhow if we continue to scoop in her possessions at the rate we have been going of late.

Philadelphia is proving true to its old Quaker traditions. The Times, the leading paper of the city, is running Grant's picture at the head of its editorial column the underline being his well known remark at the close of the war of "Let us have peace."

The vacation season is ending. The public schools open Monday, the courts will soon be ready for business again and the mountain and beach resort man has already started in to figure on his always hard winter. Summer is slipping away fast.

Aguinaldo has declared himself military dictator of the Philippines. There are others though as he will find when Dewey and General Merritt get around to that phase of the issue.

It will be Postmaster Friend commencing tomorrow. A gold man goes in and J. J. White steps out with the record of having efficiently handled the office during the past four years.

Miles is the Latin word for a soldier. The general commanding our forces in Porto Rico can now show the world what there is in a name.

F. G. Crist's Good Fortune.

F. G. Crist, one of our popular Oakland young men, received his commission July 18th and has been ordered to report for duty as Assistant Paymaster in the United States Navy. Mr. Crist has been connected with the United States Coast Survey for some time and his efficiency has won his present appointment. He volunteered his services when war was declared, and his success in obtaining the commission is very gratifying to his friends.

Internal Revenue Taxes.

Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue F. A. Fletcher will be at the custom office, No. 421 Ninth street, Thursday and Friday of next week, for the purpose of receiving special taxes. All internal revenue special taxes become delinquent August 1st and 50 per cent penalty will be collected after that date.

Lost a Finger.

A. G. Flerk, a nurseryman at 2315 Grove street had a finger amputated at the Receiving Hospital yesterday evening by Dr. Milton as a consequence of the explosion of the barrel of a fowling piece, while hunting back of Mountain View.

Aristotle said that slavery would last forever or would cease only when the shuttle would weave of its own accord. Even as great a man as Aristotle may err in prophecies, for slavery is all but abolished and the shuttle, by the latest of weaving inventions, may be said to work of its own accord.

The World's Great
Blood Purifier is
Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Which absolutely
Cures every form of
Impure blood, from
The pimple on your
Face to the great
Scrofula sore which
Drains your system.
Thousands of people
Testify that Hood's
Sarsaparilla cures
Scrofula, Salt Rheum,
Dyspepsia, Malaria,
Catarrh, Rheumatism,
And That Tired
Feeling. Remember this
And get Hood's
And only Hood's.

STATE AND STATESMEN.

(The Tribune from time to time, as the State campaign, now on, progresses will give its readers the benefit of what the leading newspapers of the State of California have to say about the issues involved, or likely to be, and the men associated with them. The selections shall be entirely non-partisan.)

Hon. W. R. Davis for Governor.—The mention of that gentleman's name touches the editor of the Mail on a tender spot. He would make a chief executive that the people of this State, irrespective of party, would refer to with pride. Let Alameda county do her duty and W. R. Davis will be our next Governor.—Woodland Mail.

The announcement of H. W. Chynoweth as a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of Assemblyman appears in today's issue of this paper.—Santa Ana Blade.

One great treat is likely to follow the candidacy of Populist Maguire—we shall have Mrs. Lease, Senator Pettigrew and ex-Governor Pennoyer to stir the breezes of the State during the campaign.—Independent of Stockton.

A formidable candidate for Governor on the Republican ticket is Mr. Rea of San Jose. In view of his distinguished services to the party, it is difficult to see how he can be consistently shelved. Rea has a way of "getting there" which augurs well for his success.—Redwood City Democrat. Democratic newspapers are quick at making Republican discoveries. Mr. Rea is not a candidate for Governor, but were he, he would make things interesting in the convention, and if there successful, lively in the State.—Santa Cruz Sentinel.

"Middle-of-the-Road Populists will be lost sight of in the dust raised by Middle-of-the-Road Democrats if Maguire signs that fusion platform.—Napa Register.

"Above all," says the Ventura Free Press, "a Railroad Commissioner should be of unswerving integrity, and not amenable to bribery in any shape or form. The present Commissioner from this district, which comprises the counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Kings, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, Monterey, Orange, Riverside, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz, Santa Clara, Stanislaus, Tulare, Tuolumne and Ventura, is Wm. R. Clark, Republican, of Stockton. His term expires this year and he is seeking re-nomination. Beside him there is only one other candidate being mentioned by Republicans, and that is Judge N. Blackstock of Ventura."

The Los Angeles Times declares that a party that can stomach E. L. Hutchison, who was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor by the fusion or patronage Populists is fit for treasons, stratagems and spoils, and precious little else. The esteemed Times also regards "Hutch's" nomination as "satisfying evidence that the party is as much of a stupendous farce and fraud as has always been claimed for it." "Hutch's" fame has not spread to this neck of the woods yet, but we know what to think of a party that has the hardihood to renominate a man like Barlow for Congress.—Fresno Republican.

It is authoritatively stated that there are no less than six avowed Democratic candidates in the Sixth Congressional District, and quite naturally the friends of Congressman Barlow view the situation with alarm.—Santa Barbara Press.

There can be no question that with the rank and file of the Populist party the action of the bolting delegates will receive the most hearty approbation. Political jobbery was never more brazen, more patent or more clumsy than it has been in this convention. The Wardall-Hutchison rocket, which went up like a star, has come down like a stick.—Los Angeles Times.

Congressman Barlow has been renominated in this district and the partisan Republican papers are spending a whole lot of time and using up much space in telling how easy it will be to defeat him. This is foolish. If Barlow gets the Democratic and Silver Republican indorsements it will be difficult to defeat him, very. If a Democrat is nominated also, it would be easier to defeat him. But Barlow is a formidable candidate. He was elected once and he is no weaker now with the men who voted for him than he was at that time.—Ventura Signal.

The endorsement of Marion De Vries by the Populist convention is the forerunner of that sound and able young man's re-election to Congress.

Butler of Pennsylvania said the other day to a gentleman from Stockton: "Your representative has made a better record in Congress than any new member has made in years."

This is the simple truth. If De Vries has done this in his first term, what may not the district expect of him in his second term?—Stockton Mail.

Maguire will doubtless be relieved of the necessity of explaining why he repudiated the single tax in order to run for Governor. There is promise of so many candidates for Governor in the fusion outskirts that every one can find one to represent his shade of belief without troubling Maguire for an explanation.—Stockton Independent.

The hand-writing on the wall is at present pointing in the direction of Dr. George C. Pardee of Oakland as the Republican nominee for Governor of California. Should he be thus honored, he will honor his party and the State. He is a man of strong personality, unquestioned ability, and evinced as Mayor of Oakland that he cannot be controlled by corporate or other influences as against the rights of the people. Dr. Pardee would make an able executive and he is a man who would not use the office to further his personal political ends. As the Democrats and Populists expect to make their campaign on an anti-railroad and anti-monopoly basis, Dr. Pardee's candidacy would spike their guns.—Red Bluff Sentinel.

If the Republican party desires success in the coming campaign, the name of L. H. Brown at the head of the ticket will insure it. He is able, honest, moral, faithful, and a gentleman in the broadest acceptance of the word.—Calaveras Prospect.

An esteemed contemporary rises to inquire whether David B. Hill is still a Democrat. What is a Democrat?—Los Angeles Express. What is a Democrat? Why, that's easy. A Democrat is a—is a—a Democrat is one who—who—who—but let's begin over again. A Democrat is one who believes—by the way, what kind of a Democrat does our esteemed contemporary want a definition—a Jeffersonian Democrat, Jacksonian Democrat, Cleveland Democrat, Tammany Democrat, Bryan Democrat, etc.?—Fresno Republican.

The Republicans of Southern California will present to the State Convention the name of Truman Reeves as a candidate for the office of State Treasurer. Mr. Reeves is now serving his eighth year as treasurer of San Bernardino county.

Hon. W. S. Barnes of San Francisco is not in it for Governor. He is practically retired and taken a commission as captain of the Petaluma company, stationed at Oakland. In a letter to a friend he says: "I'll resign my command if I don't get into active service pretty quick. No watching powder works, etc., for me." He will fight or retire.—Los Angeles Express.

The Demo-Populist fusion convention just held at Sacramento secured the undivided attention of the voters of the State. There was an interesting problem before it. In the words of the renowned Mr. Cittus Barbour, it was to be ascertained whether or not "the Populist tail should be permitted to wag the Democratic dog." To all appearances, it was a close race. The nondescript animal has a Democratic head all right and a Populist tail, and the balance of the beast appears to be mostly dog. Now the question still remains to be solved whether the hybrid will die abornin' or survive to carry out the plans of its creators. It is safe to say that the Populists as a whole are not in love with the article. Probably a great majority of the rank and file of the Populist party joined it because of their honest convictions that the existing political parties had become thoroughly corrupt and were dominated by bosses and other unholy influences.—San Luis Obispo Tribune.

The Populists have not only taken what was conceded to them as a condition of fusion, but have also taken the Governorship. In addition to the Congressmen before elected in the Sixth and Seventh Districts, they have seized on the Second and Third Districts and nominated De Vries and Jones. There seems to be a disposition among many of the Democrats to accept the situation as forced upon them and endorse whomever the Populists may indicate. This is not because they relish it, but because they see no chance for the triumph of "Jeffersonian principles" by any other means. There will be a hot time in the Democratic Convention.—Stockton Independent.

The Populists made a strong nomination in Maguire, but they practically cut the candidate's locks when they allowed the Middle-of-the-Road men to name Shanahan for the same office. It is reasonably certain that the Democrats will also name Maguire, as he is the choice of a large majority of that party since Budd does not want to run. Maguire is stronger that Phelan would have been, but weaker than Budd, for it is doubtful if there would have been a Populist split had Budd been named.—Ventura Signal.

The basis of fusion, or co-operation with the Populists and Silver Republicans is now before the Democrats of the State. Five of the State offices are asked as the price of the support of these elements. To a large extent office is an individual thing, and conferring it on one is no positive good except to the extent the man in the office has the ability or the disposition to advance the interests of his party while in office. In the majority of cases all parties have conferred honors and emoluments on men careless of the interests of the party, or else entirely incapable of doing anything. Hence if the positions accorded would not be used against the interest of the Democracy, the giving of them to men who have belonged to another party will not hurt the party any more than giving them to Democrats of the careless or the incompetent class, which is so often done. There is, too, more in the upbuilding of a party than the mere spoils. The great party leader must be largely like the military leader—must do things as he sees benefits, and not as benefits appear to him generally. Men who are put in the position to lead must to a large extent be followed.—Colusa Sun.

Want Roosevelt For Governor.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

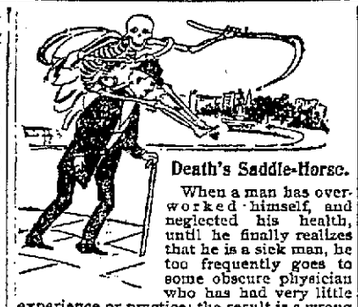
NEW YORK, July 23.—The independent Republicans' organization of the Thirty-fourth Assembly District, this city, has unanimously adopted a resolution favoring the nomination of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for Governor of the State of New York.

Fire at Crockett.

About 2 o'clock yesterday morning fire destroyed the saloon and contents of W. H. Fair at Crockett. Fair was at one time Chief of the Oakland Fire Department. The stock was insured for $1,200, and his household furniture for $800.

WHILE THE WAR LASTS.

All who march, walk or stand should shake into their shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures aching, tired, sore, swollen feet, and makes tight or new shoes easy. It absorbs moisture and prevents chafing, hot, smarting, blistered, sweating feet. All the regular army troops and navy men use it. Volunteers in hot climates can't exist in comfort without it. Allen's Foot-Ease is sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.



Death's Saddle-Horse.

When a man has overworked himself, and neglected his health, until he finally realizes that he is a sick man, he too frequently goes to some obscure physician who has had very little experience or practice; the result is a wrong diagnosis and the wrong treatment. A man in this condition, if he continues to work and takes the wrong medicine, is really making himself a saddle-horse for death.

Under these conditions, what a man really needs is the advice and treatment of a physician of wide experience and practice. Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., makes no charge for answering a letter from a man or woman in this condition. The Institution of which he is the head is one of the greatest in the world. He has practiced in one spot right in Buffalo for thirty years, and his neighbors honored him by making him their representative in Congress. Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures indigestion, biliousness, impure blood, malaria, and wasting diseases. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Honest druggists supply it when called for and don't advise a substitute.

"Some time ago I wrote you and described my case," writes Mr. James Considine, of Patsy, Crawford Co., Mo. "You advised me to take your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets.' I followed your advice, and by the time I had taken three bottles of the 'Discovery' and one bottle of the 'Pellets' I was greatly benefited. I became regular in my bowels, and the pain in my back left, and I have not had a chill since I got through taking the first bottle. I cannot recommend it too highly."

It used to cost $1.50, now it is free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages. Over 300 illustrations. For a paper-covered copy send twenty-one one-cent stamps, to cover mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.; cloth binding 10 cents extra.

No Fire Protection.

The fire problem in Lorin has assumed a serious aspect and the residents of that district are very much alarmed over the fact that they virtually have no fire protection. The volunteer fire company is without means for fighting a fire as its old truck is useless and the Board of Trustees say it is not worth repairing. No assurance has been given that a new one will be bought and Lorin residents are at the mercy of the flames should a fire get a start.

Jury Failed to Agree.

In the case of Meyer Schuman, a beer bottler, charged with violation of the liquor license ordinance, the jury in the Police Court failed to agree yesterday. Schuman had no attorney, and practically made no defense, yet three members of the jury held out for acquittal. The case will be reset for trial.

American Killed on Mont Blanc.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, July 23.—The Rome correspondent of the Standard says: A wealthy American named Riegel has been killed while attempting to ascend Mont Blanc without a guide. His corpse was found on a glacier.

Eliason now at 1163 Broadway. Large stock of school books, etc.

Tom Corwin, the famous orator and Ohio statesman, was heartily opposed to the Mexican war. When it broke out he sealed his political career forever by practically saying in a speech that he hoped the Mexicans would welcome the American invaders "with bloody hands to hospitable graves."

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

The Drum.

Is the place for beer on tap, and for all other drinks, served quietly. Rooms for families. M. T. Conway, formerly with W. M. Watson & Co., 964 Washington. Telephone red 2146.

"Wanted" Storage Goods.

Storage taken from 35c upwards; best and safest building in Oakland to leave your furniture, etc., at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

A Cool Thing

Can always be had at Lehnhardt's cosy ice cream parlors. Ice cream, ice cream soda and French candies made from the purest materials. Order your ice cream for the Sunday dinner or parties; delivered in bricks or freezers to any part of the city. Tel. main 407. 1153 Broadway, near Fourteenth street.

Over 3,000 Articles 3c Upwards.

Will be displayed on sale at Schellhaas' old store, 408 Eleventh st.

Thibault and the Barnes.

E. F. Thibault (years an expert bicycle repairer) is in business for himself with the agency for the "Barnes" (the white flyer). It would be prudent for bicycle buyers to see his wheel; it would be a pleasant duty for his friends to call at his agency, 375 Twelfth street.

Plumbing by Planer

Is done to last. Lowest prices. Prompt attention. Anywhere in Oakland. Call up telephone black-14. 1202 San Pablo.

Allen's Press Clipping Bureau,

510 Montgomery street, S. F. Established 1888. Furnishes newspaper clippings and information on all topics, business and personal.

"My Cake Is Dough,"

Did not use Sperry's Flour.

MEAT QUOTATIONS—Retail Prices.

Loin Steak	10c
Tenderloin	10c
Leg Mutton	10c
Mutton Chops	10c to 12½c
Pork Roast	8c, 10 and 12½c
Pork Chops	10c and 12½c
Pickled Pork	8c and 10c
Beef Roast	8c to 12½c
Beef Stew	6c
Mutton Stew	6c
Veal Stew	6c and 7c
Veal Roast	10c to 12½c
Mutton Shoulders	6c
Spring Lamb	10c and 12½c
Corned Beef	6c and 7c

VINCENT'S MEAT MARKET,
853 Washington St.
ROBERT VINCENT, Proprietor.
Special rates to Boarding Houses, Hotels and Restaurants.

AMUSEMENTS

DEWEY OPERA HOUSE.
FORMERLY OAKLAND THEATER
HARRY JACKSON.....Manager and Proprietor
Telephone Main 50.

DON'T FORGET THE OPENING
SATURDAY NIGHT, JULY 23
MR. AND MRS. HARRY JACKSON and their own Stock Company in the great play,
OVER THE SEA
By HARRY JACKSON,
Founded on Chas. Reade's Novel
It's Never Too Late to Mend
Seats now on sale at OSGOOD'S DRUG STORE, 7th and Broadway.
In preparation, Charles Dickens' famous play
LITTLE EM'LY.
Dashes! Quick Action! No Delays!

Races! Races!
Trotting Horse Breeders' Association
Oakland
JUNE 25th to JULY 23rd inclusive
Best Horses on the Coast are entered. Books and Auction Pools. Admission 50 cents. Races commence at 1:30 o'clock.

SPECIAL RATES
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CHICAGO, UNION PACIFIC
NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Omaha	$31.00
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Two fast trains daily with through sleepers to Chicago without change.
Only one change to New York and Boston.
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H. V. BLASDEL, Agent,
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To Chicago in 3½ Days
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Through Pullman and Tourist Sleeping Cars daily.
All Meals Served a la Carte in Dining Car
FOR FULL INFORMATION, ADDRESS
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1st and Second Class Pullman Sleeping Cars Leave Daily for
Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.
Through Tickets to all Eastern Points.
J. J. WARNER, Passenger Agent

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS HORTON'S SCHOOL
Cor. 12th & Filbert Sts.
OAKLAND
Fifteenth year opens August 1, 1898.
Pupils of both sexes. Kindergarten, Primary, Grammar and High School grades.
Accredited by the University of California.
See or address SARAH W. HORTON, Principle
964 Eighteenth Street.

HAMILTON HALL SCHOOL
FOR BOYS
Will Open Monday, July 25th.
Individual Work. Number Limited
Terms Reasonable.
Boys prepared for High School and for business. For particulars inquire of
J. C. GILSON,
At the Hall, cor. 13th and Jefferson Sts.

THE POLYTECHNIC
Business College
—AND—
Shorthand Institute.
Will Open Aug. 1, '98
Y. M. C. A. Bl'dg 12th and Clay Sts.
A high grade school which will thoroughly equip young men and women to fill positions in any department of commercial activity.
Free Free Free
To those who are interested in obtaining business education and are sufficiently advanced in the common school branches to be classified, we offer one month's tuition FREE. This is a new school and we wish to give the public an opportunity to investigate before enrolling for a longer period. The pupil who takes advantage of this must arrange to enter not later than August 1. College office open after July 8th. Day and evening session.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY
Alameda, Cal.
Next term begins August 2, 1898.
YOUNG men thoroughly prepared for college in shortest time possible. Pupils are not obliged to take all the subjects of any particular course. The teaching is efficient, the influences surrounding the pupils are excellent.
W. W. ANDERSON, Principal.

Boone's University School
(Limited)
Accredited by the State University.
For information, address
P.O. Box 42. P. R. Boone, Berkeley

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT
—French and Family Dinners—
BANQUETS, PARTIES,
LADIES DEPARTMENT.
Open Till 12 P. M.
910 BROADWAY John Slavich

ACCUSES HER FATHER OF A GRAVE CRIME.

Young Mrs. Hoover Has Made a Startling Statement.

Her Illegitmate Child Is Taken From Its Hill-Side Grave.

DECLARES IT WAS POISONED.

Barnett Says His Daughter Tried to Fut Strychnine in His Food.

Coroner Baldwin has decided to investigate the death of an infant which died at Pleasanton and which was buried on a hillsile by its grandfather a month ago.

On April 25th Miss Barnett, who has since become Mrs. Henry Hoover, gave birth to a child. It lived for two months and died. Soon after its death the young mother married young Hoover, and this so annoyed the father that he caused to be published in a local paper reflecting on the character of his daughter. This angered Mrs. Hoover and she also published a statement, charging her father with having caused her child's death.

Mrs. Hoover's statement is as follows:

"The baby was ill only a few hours. It was a healthy child, and had been well until a few hours before death. My father gave it something like medicine, and then the baby began to froth at the mouth. My father refused to allow me to send for a doctor, and he would not let me go near the body nor touch it. He seemed pleased when the child died. He dug a hole in the ground near the hills and buried the baby in it like a dog. Once when the child fretted he threatened to dash its brains out."

Coroner Baldwin says: "I have ordered my deputy at Pleasanton to exhume the body of the baby and an autopsy will be held tomorrow. The tissues of the stomach are to be preserved and sent to me for analysis, and if a crime has been committed, arrest and prosecution will follow. There may be nothing in Mrs. Hoover's charges, but if they are true we will not leave a stone unturned to fix the responsibility."

Mr. Barnett says that he frequently tried to induce his daughter to reform, but all to no purpose.

"At last," he said, "I became aware that she was to give birth to a child, and tried to make her tell who the father was, but she only gave me the same answer. I threatened her, and told her if she did not inform me within half an hour I would drive her from the place. She afterward laid it to a certain party, and we had him arrested, but he was innocent, and she afterward said she did not know who it was.

"She tried to poison me three times with strychnine found in empty bottles that had been thrown out in the county read by a neighbor.

"I tasted it in my tea, which was as bitter as gall, and I threw it out and tasted the children's tea, and it was all right. I asked her why she did it, and she denied it, but she afterward told my second oldest son that she had put poison in my cough medicine, but guessed it could not have been strong enough."

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mrs. S. Merrill and family of Alameda returned yesterday from a visit to Woodside, San Mateo county.

Arthur Goldsworthy of the Alameda Free Library left yesterday morning for Nevada City to spend a vacation of two weeks.

Mrs. E. G. Birkmaier and her two daughters are now domiciled with friends at Forest Hill, Maryland, for some weeks.

Mrs. William Rigby of Alameda left Monday for Hotel Carmelo, Pacific Grove, to spend a few weeks.

Miss Clara Alexander of Memphis, Tennessee, arrived in Alameda Tuesday night and is with her sister, Mrs. Henry Rosenthal, at 1215 Regent street, where she expects to make her future home.

Mrs. G. E. Plummer, who has been spending several weeks at Glen Ellen, Sonoma county, has gone to Warm Springs, Kenwood, Sonoma county, where she will remain until the latter part of the month.

Mrs. C. A. Edson and her sons Edward and Joseph are at Gazelle, Siskiyou county. Mrs. Edson will remain until October 1st, but Edward Edson will return by the first of August to resume his duties as instructor at Anderson's Academy.

Captain Cook, who was captain of the Second Massachusetts Regiment during the civil war, is a guest at the residence of Mrs. A. McAnney, 2848 Central avenue, Alameda, also Miss Anna Manly of Riverside, Cal. They will remain a couple of weeks in Alameda.

E. H. Driggs returned Sunday from an extended trip East as far as Cleveland, Ohio.

E. Herschfeld of West Berkeley has arrived from the East, having visited Europe and England.

Dr. Gray of Berkeley is spending a few days in Benecia.

Professor H. J. Randall, who has been spending some time in Santa Cruz, has gone to Garfield Park for a few days.

Recent arrivals at Aetna Springs are: Mrs. F. Hess, W. P. Hess, C. B. York and wife, Dr. Frank Pague and wife, G. S. Smith and wife, O. B. Marston, Alex Stairs, J. U. Lawrie, A. G. Simpkins, Miss Florence Simpkins, Miss Grace Brocade, Miss Bertha C. Klein, Mrs. Geo. F. Volz, C. O. Parry, M. L. Martin, R. Maertins, H. S. Smith and wife, Miss A. J. Wahle, all of San Francisco; Vera W. Hunter, Mrs. D. B. Hunter, Mrs. F. Russ, Vesta Colby, Berkeley; Geo. R. Bird, San Francisco; W. J. Davis, San Francisco.

Mrs. M. A. and Miss Minnie Lane of 2425 Channing way, Berkeley, will spend a short time in Oakland.

Mrs. A. L. Sanderson, wife of Dr. Sanderson of San Mateo, is visiting her sister, Miss M. E. Livingston of Bancroft way, West Berkeley.

B. Macomber, U. C., '00, has returned from his vacation to Santa Ana.

Miss Vom Pallia of San Francisco is the guest of Miss Ethel Robertson at her home in North Berkeley.

Edward Howell is visiting his grandmother, who resides near Snelling, Merced county.

Miss Gorham has returned home after a visit to Bolinas.

Miss Edith Crawford of Piedmont avenue returned last night from her visit to Sebastopol and Santa Rosa.

Mrs. J. S. Eastman and family have returned to Berkeley after a pleasant vacation in Los Gatos.

Albert Robinson returned to Napa after a few days' visit to Berkeley.

Charles J. Crawford left Monday for a week's trip up the coast to Bolinas.

Mrs. M. D. and Miss Emily Riggs left yesterday for San Jose, where they expect to remain until school commences.

Charles McGreer and Horace Willmott returned last night from Santa Cruz, where they spent a week enjoying the visiting very much.

Mr. J. A. Hanna and his family, from Vacaville, are spending the summer with Mrs. Miller of Berkeley.

Miss Lulu Holland of San Francisco is spending a few days in Berkeley, the guest of Mrs. Paris Kilburn.

Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Stoakes and family are spending the summer at Ben Lomond. Mrs. M. Olcese and Miss Margaret Olcese of Oakland and Miss Clophine J. Bernard of Bakersfield were their guests last week.

Professor and Mrs. Howison have returned to Berkeley after a delightful vacation spent at Raymond Ranch, Los Gatos.

Robert Shackelton, a clerk in the Commissary Department at Angel Island was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Mattignon of Berkeley last Wednesday. They spent the day in sight seeing, visiting Camp Barrett and where the powder works used to be, Fruitvale, Alameda, and various other points of interest in this vicinity.

Jesse Greenhood of Berkeley will leave Monday for Skaguay, where he has been offered a position in a trading store. His father, Sol Greenhood, has been in Alaska several months.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Wilson have returned from an outing at Independence Lake.

Mrs. F. H. Robinson, of Berkeley, who has been spending a month at San Luis Obispo with her daughter Helen, has returned.

Miss Cook of Victorio is the guest of Mrs. John F. Conners.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Havens and Miss Isabella Sterling have gone East. Miss Sterling will be married shortly to J. Stanford Brown of New York.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Brown are now residing on Jackson street.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Young are now established in their new home on Vernon Heights. Miss Bernice Young was recently married in Honolulu.

Mrs. Wallace Everson and daughters have returned from the Sierras.

Mrs. W. W. Goodfellow and Miss Eleanor Davenport have returned from Catalina Island.

H. C. Taft left for the East last Saturday.

Mrs. Alfred Eastland has returned from Rowardennan.

Mrs. O. P. Downing and daughters have returned from Rowardennan.

Mrs. Will Ralston is at Tallac, Lake Tahoe.

Hugo Abrahamson goes East this week for a business trip lasting over two months. Mrs. Hugo Abrahamson will visit her parents in San Francisco during the time he is away.

Doctor and Mrs. Mayon are camping through Sonoma and Lake counties.

Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Adams are at Deer Park Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown are expected back from Portland shortly.

Mrs. T. B. Coghill has returned from Riverdale, the summer home of Mrs. James Stanley.

Mrs. Henshaw, wife of Colonel Park Henshaw of the Eighth Regiment, is the guest of Mrs. Henry Wetherbee of Fruitvale.

There was a pretty dinner at the University Club in San Francisco this week,—the guest of honor being General Charles N. King. Among the guests from this side of the bay were Major and Mrs. Oscar F. Long.

Among the recent arrivals at Castle Crag are Robert Grayson, Horace Miller, Harold Howard, and Mrs. Harry Haight.

Mrs. Frank Brigham and children, Gladys, Beulah, and little Oakes, are at Congress Springs.

Mrs. Ernst has taken a trip to New York and will be gone about six weeks.

Professor R. R. Lloyd of the Pacific Theological Seminary is at Pacific Grove, accompanied by his two children. Professor Lloyd's Sunday-school normal class is a daily feature of the assembly. He has also delivered interesting addresses before the assembly.

Mrs. Murrey L. Johnston, Miss C. L. Playter, and Mrs. Frank Hurd and daughter are at the El Carmelo, Pacific Grove.

Mrs. Oliver Ellsworth, accompanied by Mrs. H. G. Ellsworth and Miss Ellsworth of Niles are at the El Carmelo, Pacific Grove. Other recent guests at El Carmelo from Oakland are Mrs. F. Banning, Miss A. H. Armstrong, Mrs. A. A. White, Rev. John Thompson, Walter Kellogg, Mrs. George E. Wilson, George Osborne Wilson and Miss Carrie Goodhue.

Miss Gertrude Snow and Miss Morrison, who have been visiting Mrs. M. E. Jordan, at Pacific Grove, returned to Oakland today. Miss Mabel Jordan is still at the Grove, suffering from a severe sprained ankle.

Miss Mattie L. Allen has returned from Simon, Kings county, where she spent part of her vacation in a delightful way, visiting her aunt, Mrs. Charles W. Sullivan.

Mrs. W. M. Sanford who has had business interests to attend to in the southern part of the State is again back and associating with her many friends.

Addie Spect has gone to Colusa.

Miss Fannie Cook of Berkeley is making an extended visit with relatives at San Jose.

D. Mitchell, the attorney, anticipates a trip to Monterey in the near future.

Miss M. Kelly of the firm of Kelly & Company is again about. She has suffered intense agony since the fire occured on Sixth street in consequence of a cinder getting in one of her eyes.

Mrs. S. H. Mitchell, wife of Police Captain Mitchell, left yesterday for a month's outing in the San Bernardino mountains where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. Frank V. Greene.

Miss Sadie Alexander has returned from Hotel de Redwood.

H. M. Sanborn, Miss Abbie Sanborn, and Edgar M. Sanborn are expected home shortly after an extended Eastern tour. They are at present at Chicago, but have visited all of the leading Eastern cities; Mr. Sanborn happily combining business and pleasure in his trip.

Mrs. E. H. Campbell and daughter Vera have returned, having visited all points of interest in the southern part of the State.

The Misses Martha and Lucy France return from Lake Tahoe early next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dexter Pierce have returned from Highland Springs. Mrs. Bartholomew, Mrs. Pierce's mother, is very ill at their home on Thirty-third street.

Miss Sallie Maynard, Miss Ella Goodall, Miss Eva Maynard, Miss Ethel Tompkins, and Arthur Goodall are stopping at the Fisher ranch near Mountain View.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Edward Pope, and Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Seaton will remove to San Francisco to reside.

Miss Berenice Macdonald of this city was one of the guests at an elaborate dinner given on the Fourth of July in London by United States Embassador and Mrs. Hay.

A. J. Cantwright has been spending a few days at Hollister.

Mrs. D. Hildebrand is spending a few days at the Big Trees.

Rev. Edward March is at Santa Cruz.

A. C. Baumgartner has returned to Marysville.

Mrs. Luttrell of Marysville has returned home after a short visit in this city.

Miss May Cohn of this city is the guest of Mrs. M. A. Marcuse.

Rev. F. J. Mynard has gone on a bicycle tour through the northern part of the State.

Miss Elizabeth McNear and Frederick W. McNear have been visiting the Big Trees.

P. Emigh has gone to Collinsville.

Mrs. Siep and her two daughters, Lizzie and Nellie Siep, have gone to Wood Island for a few days.

T. B. Young has gone to Porterville on business matters.

C. D. Vincent of Nevada City is visiting Oakland.

Miss Ella Voorhees of Oroville is the guest of Oakland friends.

Mrs. George Gardner of Oroville will spend a couple of months in this city.

Charles William and his son have returned to Berkeley from their trip to Petaluma where they have been spending a month camping.

Mrs. James J. Mason and family, of Berkeley, are camping at Inverness.

Miss Mabel de Moldrup of San Francisco is spending a week with Miss Bertha Matignon at her home in Berkeley.

F. M. Wiesman and family of Scenic Park have returned from a trip to Independence Lake.

Mrs. M. E. Pinney of Berkeley is at Campbell, Santa Clara county, for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. John Higgins, two children and nurse of Berkeley, are spending the summer at Santa Cruz.

Misses Etta and Dora Ellerhorst of Berkeley returned yesterday from their trip to Shasta.

Lisbon Schweitzer, mother and sisters, of Berkeley, will leave for Honolulu Monday on the steamer Gaelic, where they will join Mr. Schweitzer.

Miss Bernice Drown has gone to Santa Catalina to join her friends, Mrs. W. J. Landers and Miss Berenice Landers. The latter is one of the best golf players on the island, and excels in athletics generally.

Advices from abroad bring the news of Sumner Bugbee's recovering from the serious illness which delayed the party on the Isle of Wight. Mr. and Mrs. Bugbee and Miss Meeker have made a pleasant stay in London, and are now registered in Paris.

Miss Agnes Duff, with her grandmother, Mrs. Peter Keys, and her brother, Lee Duff, is at the Geysers.

W. F. Kroll has been spending the last few days with his family near Napa.

Mrs. Henry Wetherbee gave a dinner Tuesday evening in honor of Colonel and Mrs. Henshaw. The decorations were in red. Among the guests of the occasion were Colonel and Mrs. Henshaw, Colonel Carrington, Dr. Yost (U. S. A.), Rev. and Mrs. Bayley, Walter Bishop, Mrs. D. W. Gelwicks, Mrs. Farnham, Miss Hylton, W. Perrine.

The following members of the orchestra of the First Methodist Church of this city are expected to go to Pacific Grove today: John R. Lewis, Miss May Walker, Edward Eliassen, Miss Elizabeth Edelen, Miss Harriet Huggins, Miss Gertrude Hibbard, Eugene Colby, Mrs. Vernon Van Buskirk, Alex Berwick, John Buswell, Robert M. Hughes, George Cushing, Howard Baxter, Hiram Baxter, N. A. Braun, Charles Eliassen, Joseph M. Stalder, Frank Kinsey, William Finkleday, Ernest Webb, H. G. Miller, Charles H. Milner, B. F. Boyden and Mr. and Mrs. Alex T. Stewart. The orchestra gives a concert this evening and also furnishes a programme of sacred music Sunday evening.

Alfred Wilkie, accompanied by Mrs. Wilkie and Master Wilkie, are at Pacific Grove. Wednesday evening the third concert of the Chautauqua series was given under the direction of Mr. Wilkie. The assisting talent consisted of Mrs. Weaver-McCauley, soprano and whistler; Miss Beresford Joy, contralto; Miss Stella Odell, pianist and accompanist, and Miss R. Frances Luse, reader. Mr. Wilkie's own part in the programme consisted of Granier's "Hosanna," "The Sword of Bunker Hill," which he sang so well at the recent Fourth of July celebration in Oakland, and for an encore he gave his well known rendition of the old ballad, "My Pretty Jane."

H. A. Redfield was at Pacific Grave Sunday, accompanied by Miss Mattie and Master Lowell Redfield. Mr. Redfield assisted the tenor section of the chorus in the "Creation" Saturday evening.

Miss Sophie Schaeffer gave a very pleasant party Wednesday afternoon at her home in Alameda. The following were among those present: Misses Ethel Risley, Clara Seigler, Jessie Sidden, Irene Welp, Lucy Schneider, Emelie Wagner, Emelie Bill, Bertha Steinkamp, Maggie Schneider, Venia Weischusen, Sophie Spies, Marie Norman, Lulu Schaeffer, Messrs. Henry Spies, Baron Priest and Leland Norman.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Judson, Miss Pearl Judson and Chester Judson of Berkeley are guests at Vichy Springs.

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PROGRESS OF CATAPHORESIS.

Medical Illustration of What Can Be Done With Electricity.

In dentistry no subject is more discussed than the painless filling and extraction of teeth. Regarding the former Dr. Christie of Drs. Perry and Christie at No. 8 Mason street, near Market, San Francisco, when seen in his office, said:

"That teeth can be filled absolutely without pain is a positive fact, which is demonstrated almost every day in my office. Teeth that are so sensitive that the patient cannot endure an instrument to touch them can be made thoroughly insensible to pain or feeling in from ten to twenty minutes, and can then be filled or treated with ease. Yes, electricity is a great boon to mankind. Just think of taking the nerve out of a tooth in ten minutes from the time of application of the electricity without the slightest knowledge of it by the patient."

These expert dentists have made a number of original investigations which have been reported from time to time.

JUDGE BERGEN NOW PRACTICES HERE.

The Well Known Attorney Has Opened an Office on Broadway.

A gratifying accession to the ranks of the Bar of Alameda county has been made by the membership of Attorney Benjamin F. Bergen, who is now pleasantly located in suite No. 9, at 1003½ Broadway, where he has already taken the initiative for a lucrative practice. Judge Bergen is a prominent member of the legal profession, and the fact that he has transferred his headquarters from San Francisco to this city is an evidence of the importance which the legal business of Alameda county is assuming in the eyes of many of the leading practitioners in San Francisco. Not a day passes that some of them are not engaged before the Superior Court of this county and some of them spend nearly all their time here. The change in location which Judge Bergen has made has been induced by this consideration, as also the fact that positive business inducements were held out to him to justify him in taking the step which he has taken. The Judge is well known on this side of the bay, having resided for some years at Berkeley, and, four years ago, having been a candidate for Superior Judge of this county of the Democratic party. The Judge ran ahead of his ticket, although, of course, he had not expected to be elected. He is now special assistant United States Attorney for this section in a number of important cases pending and is also a director of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Institute at Berkeley. The Judge is distinguished in probate business and has made a specialty of that line and land litigation. He is also a genial gentleman and is warmly welcomed by all who know him.

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MRS. SATHER SUES HER LATE ATTORNEY.

W. J. Dingee Declares That He Has No Interest in the Proceeding.

Joseph F. Evans, an attorney living at 1668 Webster street and formerly representative of Mrs. J. K. Sather, was sued yesterday by that lady for the recovery of 110 documents which she alleges are being withheld from her.

They are statements of her standing with W. J. Dingee, and are valued at $25,000. Mrs. Sather gave the papers to Mr. Evans on September 21, 1897, and yesterday she demanded them, but failed to get them. Mr. Evans has recently been appointed Collector of Customs for Manila.

"I do not understand Mrs. Sather's suit at all," said Mr. Dingee. "If any statements have been lost they can very easily be duplicated, and there is no value attaching to them. So far as my business relations with Mrs. Sather are concerned, I hold her receipt in full for all transactions. I have no interest in this suit and there is nothing connected with it in which I have any concern. My only information about it is gleaned from the reported filing of the suit. I am at a loss to comprehend what there is about these statements that could be valued at $25,000. If any of the originals are lost, copies are readily available. The suit is a matter of perfect indifference to me. I have Mrs. Sather's written acknowledgement that our accounts with her are settled and correct."

BERKELEY NEWS.

BERKELEY, July 23.—The Phi Delta Theta fraternity has purchased the old James Spier residence on Dana and Durant streets. The lot has a frontage of 100 feet and the house is adapted for immediate occupancy by the new owners without remodelling. It is of three stories, all hard finished, and contains beside several sleeping apartments, a billiard room, a large library, parlors, and all modern accommodations. The students will remove into their new quarters at the beginning of the fall term. They will amply serve the uses of the fraternity until the University is built, when all of the leading fraternities will have homes provided for them in keeping with the new architectural design.

Dr. E. W. Hilgard, dean of the Department of Agriculture of the State University, has returned from the National conference of authorities on irrigation, held in Denver, Colo., July 12th and 13th.

ALAMEDA NEWS.

ALAMEDA, July 23.—The Red Cross ladies will give assistance to the sufferers by the Melrose explosion. It is proposed to call a mass-meeting and see if enough cannot be raised from charitably-disposed people to repair the wrecked houses and replace the furniture which has been destroyed. The committee which is at work consists of Mrs. O'Neil, chairman; Mesdames Colburn, O'Kell, McGurn, Otis, Clay, Hickox, White, McLaughlin, Fox, and Miss Bennett. An urgent appeal is made to all who have housekeeping articles to spare to communicate with these ladies, who will see that they are given to the sufferers.

The grocery store of H. Hauch was robbed of $70 in coin and a silver watch Thursday night.

IN THE COURTS TODAY

A. H. Breed, Clarence Crowell and W. W. Jacobs have been appointed to appraise the estate of A. H. Agard, deceased.

Warren D. Heaton today relinquished his right to administer upon the estate of his late wife, Permelia F. Heaton, in favor of her daughter, Mrs. Lulu A. Leete, and Mrs. Leete has petitioned for letters of administration.

J. C. Ewing, P. M. Fisher and H. B. Belden have been appointed to appraise the estate of Annie C. Munder.

Appraisers of the estate of Henry Russell, deceased, have been appointed.

The inventory and appraisement of the estate of John M. Russau was today filed. The property is valued at $6,500.

Letters of administration have been issued to W. H. Knight upon the estate of Christoph Streitberger.

The "Mariposa's" Success.

Mrs. Davenport, editor of the Mariposa, has announced that the proceeds from the sale of the magazine have amounted to $1,300. The money will be devoted to the Old Ladies' Home at Temescal.

Police Court Doings.

The charge of petit larceny against Emmet Mitchel, the colored boy, was dismissed, as a home had been provided for him.

SHAFTER'S MEN MUST REMAIN IN SANTIAGO.

Cannot Return Till the Yellow Fever Is Extirpated.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—A dispatch to the Times from Wasington says:

To the question, "What is to be done with General Shafter's Fifth Corps, now at Santiago?" the heads of the war administration can find but one answer. That is to keep it in Cuba until every vestige of yellow fever is stamped out of it. It can be stated positively and upon the highest possible authority that there is no intention of bringing the troops back to this country at the present time.

The authorities here believe that it would be dangerous and criminal to run the risk of spreading the fever broadcast throughout this country for bringing the men back here so long as the pest is among them, and it is agreed that the best place to fight the disease is right where they are now.

Adjutant-General Corbin, when asked what it was proposed to do with the Santiago army, said: "What can we do but leave the troops there till they are free from the fever? We can't fight it anywhere else as well as there. Undertake to bring them back to this country now and it would infect every transport we have, and if we brought them back, where would we land them? There is no city on the coast that would not rise up in arms at the very suggestion of landing a fever infected army within its limits.

"Besides, there is no reason to believe that a removal at this time would be of advantage to the men themselves. No, the best and the only thing we can do is to fight the fever on its own ground, and until it is driven out of the army it would be madness to bring the army back to this country."

The administration would welcome nothing more cordially than the opportunity of bringing the men who fought so bravely at Santiago back home and giving them the best camp to be had in the most salubrious climate the country affords, but it is their conclusion that for the present, at least, and so long as the fever rages, the Fifth Corps will have to be kept where it is.

As evidence that it is not intended to use the transports at Santiago to return the men there to this country, an order has been sent to General Shafter to have all the ships he has with him sent back here at once for use in transporting the Porto Rico expedition. pedition.

AT REST IN THE HAVEN OF ETERNITY.

The California Yacht Club Regrets George Woodsum's Early Death.

The Board of Directors of the California Yacht Club has passed the following:

"Whereas, The California Yacht Club having learned with deep regret of the untimely death of Captain George C. Woodsum of the yacht Verona, an honored member of this club, who was accidentally killed on the 15th day of July, 1898; be it

"Resolved, That we feel in common with all of his many friends, and with the yachtsmen of San Francisco bay in particular, the loss of a friend and shipmate whose sterling qualities endeared him to all with whom his lot was cast.

"Resolved, That now his long voyage is ended and his anchor cast in the quiet haven of eternity, the memory of his faithful life will long remain to cheer and encourage those who enjoyed his friendship for so many years; further

"Resolved, That these resolutions be entered upon the minutes of the club, and that a copy be forwarded to the bereaved family of our absent shipmate. By order

"C. L. LANCASTER, Commodore.
"GEO. F. GAITHER, Secretary."

The cruise and clambake scheduled for tomorrow at Point Pinole has been indefinitely postponed.

CRUSADE AGAINST GARBAGE DUMPING.

Cart Drivers Are Arrested For Violating Sanitary Ordinance.

J. Cordano, a Deputy Sheriff, swore out warrants this morning for the arrest of F. Resse and P. Vnlerga for dumping refuse in the marsh at the foot of Center street. There is a car stationed there to receive and carry off all such matter, but many of the dump cart drivers have been ignoring the car and dumping the refuse wherever it suited their convenience. Mr. Cordano has decided to make a crusade against these violators of the law and has begun by swearing out warrants for the above-named parties.

Ola Humphrey's Success.

Miss Ola Humphrey of East Oakland has gone East to accept an engagement in a leading theatrical organization. Miss Humphrey is one of the many Oakland girls who have been successful in stage careers. She is a handsome, striking woman and possesses undoubted dramatic skill. She made her debut four years ago in Frederick Warde's company and since then has mounted steadily upward in the ladder of fame.

A Vicious Dog.

Complaint was made at Chief of Police Fletcher's office this morning that H. Lutgen, a gardener living at 1121 Thirteenth street was harboring a vicious dog. Several times lately, the dog has chased people riding past on bicycles. Sergeant Green called at the house and Mrs. Lutgen said that she would see to it that the dog was killed.

A Clean Good Suit.

That is, we make suits cheaper than down town tailors, and clean old suits to save tailors' bills. D. Jacobs, 425 Fourteenth street.

Kuck's Inlet

Is not in Alaska. It is on Twelfth street, between Broadway and Washington streets. Never mind the numbers. It is a gentleman's resort. There is music, Anheuser Busch beer direct from the East. Any lunch to order, and a dining room for families. C. H. Kuck.

24

Sheets of white paper for 10c at BROWN'S PAPER HOUSE, 417 Tenth st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

NEW LOUVRE

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14th and Broadway - Oakland

"Pete," the favorite chef, late of the *Athenia Club*, in charge.

J. J. CARROLL, - Prop.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

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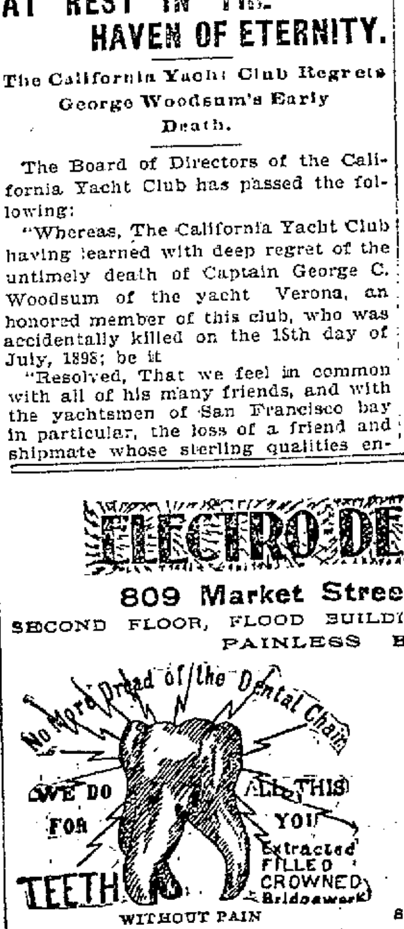

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FULL SET OF TEETH for............$4 50 up
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SILVER FILLING....................25c up
GOLD FILLING......................75c up
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SKILLED OPERATORS—LADY ATTENDANT

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 10 p. m; Sundays 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

809 Market Street, corner Fourth, San Francisco, Cal.

Mrs. Wetherbee Gave a Military Dinner Tuesday.

Mrs. Colonel Henshaw is Now Stopping at Fruitvale.

MERRY MAKERS ARE RETURNING.

A Chronicle of the Affairs of the Smart Set During the Past Week.

If the angel Gabriel should suddenly blow his trumpet one of these days, I fear he would find few souls to arouse in Oakland. There would be a great hurrying and scurrying among many of us, and more than one family would be divided in twain. I know fully half a dozen husbands and wives who are spending the summer apart, either at different resorts or the husband stays in town and slaves while the wife goes to the summer resorts and wears swell clothes. Of course, all men are not such earthly angels as this, but some of them are, and they are the ones who are treated unfairly as a rule.

I can do nothing this week save chronicle the comings and goings, for absolutely nothing is being done in the way of entertaining. None of the girls have become engaged this summer, and the love chase at the various resorts was weary sport for the most.

Politics is beginning to engross the attention of many of the men who could formerly be counted upon for an occasional dancing party or a dinner. Then the war has driven all thought of gayety out of many minds, for where a girl's brother or sweetheart is at the front, dancing and dinners and everything else, even flirtations, become stale, lifeless and unprofitable.

* * *

Fruitvale has been the one bright spot in this Sahara of dullness, for the troops and the officers have made life very gay at the pretty suburb. Mrs. Wetherbee has entertained the officers most extensively. On Tuesday night of this week she gave a dinner in honor of Colonel and Mrs. Park Henshaw. Mrs. Henshaw is stopping with Mrs. Wetherbee in order to be with her husband as much as possible before he is ordered away. Colonel Henshaw believes that his regiment will see service in a foreign land and that the service will not all be of a peaceful patrol nature, and naturally his views have made Mrs. Henshaw anxious to remain near him until the orders come to break camp. Ah, me! many a heart will be broken, I fear, before this war is over.

Many of the officers and men are now not much better than little tin soldiers, for they have seen no active service and their thoughts grasp no deeper feeling than a desire to have their uniforms fit and their brass buttons shine. But those who go to Manila will not return for two years, probably, and perhaps longer, for I am not one to believe that this country is sending thousands of troops across the Pacific to keep them there for a few short weeks or months and then send them back. Mark my words, there will be a weary waiting before we see many of our soldier boys again.

But to return to the dinner at Mrs. Wetchbee's, from which I have wandered far away. It was a charming affair and quite as jolly and as hospitably informal as Mrs. Wetherbee's affairs always are. The decorations were a pretty blending of the two ideas at present uppermost in the hostess' mind, humanitarianism and patriotism. A red cross of flowers formed the brilliant centerpiece, and the bonbons and favors were in red, white and blue.

The guests included Colonel and Mrs. Henshaw, Colonel Carrington, Dr. Yost (U. S. A.), Mrs. D. W. Gelwicks, Mrs. Farnham, Miss Hylton, W. Perrine, Walter Merosec and one or two others.

* * *

Clarence Kempff, a cadet on board the Oregon and one of the former leaders in the Saturday Night cotillions, had a bit of real fight, being on hand when Cervera's fleet was destroyed. Young Kempff stood fire well, which has of course greatly delighted his Oakland relatives, the Ralstons and the Selbys. He is a bright, clever young fellow, and should make a good sailor and a better fighter. By the way, I understand that he left his heart in Oakland when he sailed away on the Oregon, but of that more anon.

* * *

The date for the marriage of Miss Florence Green and Fred Bixby has been set for August 31st, and it will be quite an event in the smart set. Miss Green will have Leslie Green as maid of honor, and Dixwell Davenport has been selected as best man. The list of bridesmaids and ushers is not complete as yet. Unfortunately Miss Green's intimate friend and chum, Carmen Moore, is in Europe and won't return in time for the ceremonies.

The Davenports are once more home after their annual summer outing. Juliet Garber is at Napa Soda Springs. The family is in mourning at present for the late Judge Garber.

Agnes Duff is spending the summer with her grandmother, Mrs. Peter Keys, at the Geysers. She took along a trunk of the prettiest clothes imaginable, for she is a girl who thoroughly believes in the efficiency of well dressed charms, and I, for one, fully agree with her.

* * *

Pretty Mrs. Ben Wade is dead. It seems very sad, for she was young and bright and full of life and hopefulness. She has only been married a year, and her death is a great blow to her husband. She was a Minneapolis girl, but was married out here. The Wades were as devoted to her as if she had been their own daughter, and the blow is all the harder on that account.

It seems to me so many people are dying this summer; people every one knows and likes. I heard a physician say the other day that the mortality is greater this year than it has been ever before in Oakland, even exceeding the period of the typhoid epidemic, when death knocked at so many homes.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Foote and Bertha Foote have returned from Pacific Congress Springs, where they have been spending a fortnight.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Brown have taken a home on Jackson street, but as he is ordered to Honolulu on the Philadelphia, Mrs. Brown will be alone for the main part.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown will return to Oakland this winter, as the San Francisco winter does not agree with Mrs. Brown. They have been in Portland for some time, but will live on Madison street this winter. Mrs. Brown is prominent in several whist clubs that are to be reorganized, and on the whole she finds Oakland more homelike than San Francisco.

* * *

H. C. Taft has gone East to bring his young daughter, Chrissie, home. She will probably make her formal debut in society this winter. She has tried her wings in the Fortnightly set, and they are strong enough to bear her far above the pitfalls and snares into which so many inexperienced debutantes fall. She will be a striking woman, and while not strictly pretty, has an interesting, piquant face, with innocent looking blue eyes, a retrousse nose and a mass of Titian hair. She has been very much admired in the East, and will probably be a belle this winter.

* * *

I understand that an engagement will be announced shortly that will prove interesting to all old High school pupils. The bride-to-be is Miss Etta Laver, who was in the class of '94 if I remember rightly. She is to marry a Mr. Campden Keene of Bakersfield, who has not only brains, but a fair share of this world's goods. He is going into practice here in Oakland, so Miss Laver will once more be among her old friends.

* * *

Jules Abrahamson and his bride have returned from their honeymoon at Lake Tahoe, and are now stopping at the Hotel Metropole. They were the recipients of many attentions while at Tahoe, and the bride was very much admired. She will be at home Monday at the Metropole.

* * *

Now, my dears, I am not going to apologize for my meager news this week. I expect that this coming month will bring news worth having, and there is an engagement or two that I will tell you some day, but at present no one is supposed to know anything about them, and so I can't tell you. But if anything gossipy happens, no one will tell you of it more gladly or willingly than

THE MEDDLER.

A pure Cream of Tartar Powder

Makes Wholesome, Delicious Food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

A MILITARY BANQUET.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hammond gave a reception and banquet last evening, at Y. M. I. Hill, to several members of the New York Regiment now stationed at the Presidio. The officers who were entertained were from Albany, Mrs. Hammond's former home, and were her personal friends and acquaintances.

The reception was one of the most delightful affairs of the season. The hall was artistically decorated with the national colors. Flags draped the windows and the doorways and screened the walls.

The military guests arrived from San Francisco on the 8:30 P. M. train, and were met by a brass band and a reception committee at the Broadway station and escorted to the hall, where they were received by Mrs. Hammond. The regiment is one of the finest that has come to the coast, and the officers and men have a military finish that is frequently absent in the volunteer troops. Lieutenant Colonel Stackpole, who was the chief guest of honor last evening, has been in the service over thirty years, and is one of the best officers in the volunteer army. The New Yorkers number some prominent men in their regiment. Sergeant E. Palmer Gavit is a grandson of the famous Palmer, the sculptor, whose works adorn many of the public buildings in the East. Sergeant Booth was at the head of the Boys' Brigade of one of the largest churches in Albany before he enlisted. Sergeant Sussdorf is a civil engineer who left a position that was bringing him $10,000 per annum to fight for his country at a salary of $15 per month.

Prior to the banquet there was an informal musicale and dancing. Miss Swan gave a couple of solos. Sergeant Gavit gave a bass solo, and the entire company joined in singing college and darky songs. Later the band played "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight," and the soldiers gave a cake walk before marching out to the banquet room.

The tables were laid in the rear hall, and were prettily decorated with roses and ferns. The officers' table was decked with marigolds in loose clusters. The banquet was an elaborate affair, and at the conclusion of the feast several toasts were proposed and responded to. Colonel Stackpole gave the regimental toast, "On to Honolulu," which was drank standing. The band played national airs during the evening and at the conclusion of the affair.

Among the guests of the evening were: Colonel Stackpole, Sergeant J. G. Robinson, Lieutenant H. C. Staats, Sergeant Frederick D. Luby, Sergeant Charles W. Bontloy, Sergeant Coffin, Sergeant Coates, Sergeant E. Palmer Gavit, Corporal John Edwards, Corporal Frank G. Van Suyl, Sergeant Charles E. Smith, Sergeant C. H. Hallenbeck, Corporal W. G. Mulheren, Edward Donnelly, privates Walter Colnon, A. G. Clifford, James H. Sawyer, Robert H. Kirkwood, James Kelley, Mrs. J. C. Wade, Miss Mary Brannan, Mrs. Charles McKane, Miss Mary McGee, Miss Marie Neelan, Miss Sarah Carey, Katie Harrington, Mr. and Mrs. H. Coleman, Mr. and Mrs. H. Puchners, Miss L. Smith, Mrs. Mary McCue, Miss Agnes Harrington, Mrs. J. J. Egan, Miss Mary Murphy, George Brown, Mrs. James Harrington, Miss Keane, Mrs. Robert McKee, Mrs. M. C. McCue, Miss Mary C. McCue, Katherine McGuinn, Sergeant William Goodrich, John H. Flynn, Corporal F. H. Creel, James R. Campbell, Charles G. Rappe, Sergeant R. McFarland, Sergeant Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. F. McGinnis, Joseph J. Wagner, Sergeant Fred Kollman, Harry Thomas, James McGovern, John J. Denn, Corporal Hendrickson, S. A. Gillett, Charles D. Evans, M. E. Cahill, A. D. McKinnon, Joseph Kiernan, Sergeant A. J. Booth, M. E. Sheehan, W. F. Neary, Frances McAllister, Willie Hobson, Miss Grace Cox, Mrs. Belle Myers, Mrs. Edmund Flynn, Miss Maria Flynn, Miss L. White, Miss May McArthur, Mrs. McArthur, Miss Alker, Margaret Nolan, Mrs. C. Barnum, H. Fortune, the Misses Madden.

A PICNIC PARTY.

A pleasant picnic was given at Wildcat Canyon last Saturday by a party of young people chaperoned by Mrs. Goodman. Lunch was served among the trees and later a visit was paid to the falls. The party included Mrs. Goodman, Misses Rebah and Inez Goodman, Ella and Dena Demarest, Emma and Kate Cathcart, Ethel Ott, Messrs. Walter Ingles, Emil and Lloyd Kruschke and Titus Batchelder.

A BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Mr. and Mrs. Cassabone celebrated their birthdays Wednesday evening by giving a party to many of their friends at their home in Berkeley. Mrs. Cassabone's birthday comes on the 13th and Mr. Cassabone's on the 15th, hence the double celebration. The evening was spent with music and conversation. Miss Eda Bowers favored the company with a mandolin solo, and Mr. Rackue charmed his listeners with the violin. A sumptuous repast was served at 11 o'clock. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schnoor, Bowers, Yenson, Tislow, Frederick Gimmelmann, S. Simons, Madams Grothaus, Hauffe, Cole, Hasselbusch, Schrether, Anderson, Kelmer, Breuer, Krumhole, and Miller, and Mr. Rackue. There was also many children present.

WRIGHT-HAAS.

There was a quiet wedding the afternoon of the 14th at half-past five o'clock at the residence of Mrs. L. Marchebout, 2224 Chapel street, Berkeley when Miss Lillie E Wright and Robert E Haas were united in marriage by Rev. Lyman Hood. The groom is a well known wholesale grocer of San Francisco. The bride is a resident of Washington, D. C., but has been spending the past year in California. Mr. and Mrs. Haas will reside in Fruitvale.

COMING DANCES.

The Big Doings Social Club will give its opening party at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening, August 3rd. A number of invitations have already been extended.

The Trampers, one of the successful social clubs of last season will give its opening party at Masonic Hall the evening of August 10th.

THE MYSTICS DANCE.

The Mystics will give their second midsummer dance at Masonic Hall next Tuesday evening. Music will be furnished by a fine orchestra.

THE CROSBY PARTY.

Miss Ruby Crosby who has a brother in the navy, gave a patriotic birthday party to her many friends at her home in Alameda last Saturday. Patriotic recitations and songs were given.

The following were present: Lyla Caulfield, Rachel Harris, Chester Caulfield, Edna Schulte, Alice Graham, Edna Tillotson, Mabel Graham, Bertie Bousting, Gradie Hawkins, Willie Anderson, Hilda Hawkins, Fred Anderson, Eddie Seagrave, Claude Moss, Claire Seagrave, Elmer Bousting, Mrs. Seagrave, Miss A. S. H. Bennel, Mrs. Beck, Mrs. Caulfield, Mrs. Augustine, Mrs. Crosby.

A YACHTING TRIP.

The trial trip of the new vessel, "Aloha," was thoroughly enjoyed by a party of ladies and gentlemen, the guests of the owners, Captain Charles and Joe Kimball. The "Aloha" made the journey around the bay and was later taken back to the ship yards. Lunch was served on board and the excursion proved to be a thoroughly delightful one. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Tripp, Mrs. W. Woodsen, Mrs. Loring, Mack Cooper, Mrs. Lathrop, Harold Lathrop, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan, Mrs. L. D. Huntsman, Mrs. Dr. Allen, Dr. E. R. Tait, Miss Beanlein, Miss Flo Wachtell, Mrs. S. Rubel, Capt. Payne, Mr. Percell and son, Mr. Stevenson, Chief Engineer Duffy and family, Mr. Langley and others.

THE COLE PARTY.

Miss Cole of Lorin, who is about to depart for San Francisco, received her many friends Wednesday evening at her home on Woolsey street. The evening was spent in games and dancing, while vocal and instrumental solos were rendered during the evening.

Among those present were several Lorin boys who are now camped at the Presidio. Among the other guests were:

Misses Elma Stieb, Beryl Barnes, Ruth Waterbury, Mabel Whitney, Grace Irwin, Millicent Ward, Mamie Staats, Stella Alwyn, Helen Hill, Vera Keeler, Mamie Brown, Margie Howell, May Arnett, Clara Goodman, Irene Cole, Lizzie Waterbury; Messrs. Frank Bishop, Frank Waterbury, U. S. A., Hesselman, U. S. A., Fred McClure, U. S. A., Raymond Barnes, Albert Arenes, Ed Howell, Thomas Stephenson, Dalton Arnett, George Dondero, Harry Irwin, Leo Rodgers, Joshua Crew, Joshua Brock, Masters Irving Waterbury and Bennie Boardman.

SAILORS ENTERTAINED.

The young people of the First Presbyterian Church of Berkeley gave a party to the sailors at the home of Miss Clara Piper in Berkeley Monday evening. The evening was spent with progressive jack straws and other games, which caused much amusement. The guests departed for Oakland on the last car after having enjoyed a liberal supply of delicious refreshments. It is safe to say that when the boys are out on the deep blue sea they will long remember the evening in Berkeley. Those of the Berkeley friends who assisted Miss Piper in entertaining the guests were Misses Jennie McMillan, Grace Dobbins, Ross and M. Grace Richardson, Messrs. Arthur King, Will Drum, Charles Piper, George Stoddard, and William Nieman.

A DELIGHTFUL RECEPTION.

The Woman's Professional and University Club gave a musicale at its rooms in the Press Club building Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Josephine Gro, the clever young composer of "Hail California." It was a decidedly brilliant affair and as it was the first reception the club has given served to bring the members into closer club relationship. An informal musical programme was given by Miss Gro, who played several of her own compositions. Miss Pryor of Marysville, the well known vocalist, and Miss Mae Gates and Mrs. Wood.

Among those present were Dr. Alice M. Goss, Mrs. R. A. Emmons, of the Chicago Press League, Miss Smith, Miss Egan, Miss Alyce Gates, Miss Gertrude Gates of Long Talk, Miss Pryor, Mrs. Cook, Miss de Roco of San Leandro, Miss Winshell of Oakland, Dr. Lu Ella Cool, Mrs. F. E. Wait, Miss Eugenie Woods.

TWO WEDDINGS.

John C. Kick and Alice B. Markley were united in the bonds of matrimony last Thursday afternoon.

Charles E. Weeden of Menlo Park and Lola A. Smith of Oakland were married last Sunday in this city.

ARTHUR-HUNT.

The nuptials of Frank C. Arthur and Frankie M. Hunt were celebrated at the home of the bride last Wednesday evening. The wedding was a quiet one, only a few intimate friends of the bride and groom being present.

A WALKING CONTEST.

An interior paper publishes an account of a walking match between C. C. Clay, a well known capitalist of Oakland, and Miss Maude Wellendorf, a Berkeley girl. Mr. Clay challenged the young lady to walk from Mendenhall Springs, where both were stopping, to Livermore, a distance of 12 miles, agreeing to walk to Oakland alone if she succeeded in the shorter walk. The next morning at 9 o'clock the start was made, and after the first few miles Mr. Clay saw that he was having a very unusual stroll, while Miss Wellendorf, with steady step, did not flinch. At half-past 12 the goal was reached and the pair walked into Livermore Hotel dining room, with the laurels resting on the brow. After luncheon Mr. Clay turned pale, but announced that he would keep his word. So Miss Wellendorf saw her chivalrous escort start out in the broiling sun for Oakland, while she was comfortably ensconced on the hotel veranda. Watching him until he was out of sight, Miss Wellendorf made the trip to Mendenhall Springs in a stage and awaited word from the departed.

Mr. Clay trudged wearily on, and becoming quite exhausted, helped himself to sundry wagon-rides until Pleasanton was reached. Here the attack of heart failure was more severe, and the champion took the train for home.

BATHED AT THE BEACH.

Mrs. William Cowperthwaite chaperoned a party to Bath Beach, Berkeley, Wednesday evening. The trip to the beach was made during the afternoon and after a swim in the surf, the bathers were served with a hot supper. The party included Misses Reta and Nora Beality, Ethel Robertson, Eva von Pallia, Clara Cowperthwaite, Messrs. Will Drumm, Charles Dozier, Ethan and Minot Scott, Charles Finn and Pier Cowperthwaite.

A LOS ANGELES PARTY.

Mrs. E. W. Nettleton of Los Angeles gave an informal afternoon "at home" in honor of Oakland guests last Saturday. An enjoyable musical program was rendered, including piano solos by Mrs. Cook, vocal solos by Miss Mabel Walker and a piano duet by Mrs. Cook and Mrs. Nettleton. A luncheon was also served. The guests were Mmes. E. K. Prather, W. L. Sheldon, W. J. Holmes, F. C. Weeks, H. Leithead, W. J. Cook, the Misses Aileen Holmes, Mabel Walker and Clara Walker of Oakland.

THE PIERCE PARTY.

The Rev. D. J. Pierce of Berkeley was given a party in honor of the fifty-seventh anniversary of his natal day last Tuesday. The affair was managed by Miss Minnie Pierce, Miss Flossie Howard and Miss Minnie Staats.

There were present by invitation Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Boynton, Mrs. M. Hardy, Mrs. S. Durgin, Mrs. M. Munroe, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Brady, Miss Flossie Howard of Blake street, Miss Florence G. Howard of Chapel street, Misses Flossie and Carrie Boynton, Misses Chrissie and Mamie Staats, Miss Nellie Clough, Miss Ada Parker, Miss L. Shields, Miss Mabel and Charlotte Whitney, Miss M. Williams; Messrs. Baird, Brock, Ross, George Clough, Calvin and Ward Esterly, L. D. Gear, and R. Staats and the Pierce family of five.

A CAMPING PARTY.

Mr. and Elisha Brooks preside over a pleasant camp in the picturesque woods above Boulder, in the Santa Cruz mountains. With them are Miss Maude Brooks, Miss Mabel Raitz of Toledo, O., Miss Gertrude Hubbard of Oakland, Miss Emily Whalley, Miss Carey Carew, Miss Juliet L. Sexton, Miss Myrtle Brooks, Miss Eva Whalley, Miss Grace Chisholm of Niles, Miss Edna Dowell of Berkeley, Miss Eloise Scoville, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Scoville, Harry Scott, Thomas Carew, George L. Beanston, Fred C. Lee, George B. Littlefield, Carl E. Kneiss, Lieutenant C. E. Brown, and Captain Fred W. Neville of New York.

THE ALEXANDER BANQUET.

A. E. Alexander gave a banquet to a number of invited friends at the Hayward Hotel Monday. The evening was most pleasantly spent in games, singing and dancing, and when the guests sat down to the spread, Mr. Ghirardelli officiating as toastmaster. The feature of the evening was the eloquent and patriotic response of Dr. Dean to the toast, "The Star Spangled Banner." The following were present:

Mr. and Mrs. George Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. H. Kahn, Mr. and Mrs. A. Alexander, Mrs. R. G. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Ghirardelli, Miss Jessie Barstow, Miss Mabel Reed, L. Reed, and T. Reis, from Oakland; Mr. Von Emmons, Mr. Meyer, of San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Heyer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hoefling, Dr. and Mrs. Simmons, Dr. Dean, Dr. H. Powell, T. Enos, A. E. Keatling, R. Reed, Ben Alexander, A. Alexander.

BUSINESS COLLEGE COMPETITION.

What the Principal of the New Polytechnic School Has to Say of His Venture.

One of the most notable advancements of this city in its educational advancement will be the Polytechnic Business College to be opened at the corner of Twelfth and Clay streets on August 1st.

The principal, A. V. Feight, said, when seen regarding the new institution: "Having succeeded in business college work in other fields by thorough and practical work, we feel encouraged in our proposed effort in Oakland. The opinion among business men and educators here is that there never was a better opening offered than is presented to us for an up-to-date business college. To convince the public that the new era we propose in business training will actually dawn with the opening of our school, we agree to give the first month's tuition free to all who may enroll. Bear in mind that this is an unconditional offer. There are no strings on it No one taking advantage of it will be required to purchase a list of books or promise to attend our school any number of months. We mean exactly what we say regarding the first month's tuition being a free gift. We will rent text-books to any pupil so there need be practically no expense attached to the test of our resources and methods. In the first place we would never have come here at all if we had not been promised strong support from solid business men and influential ladies of Oakland and vicinity."

JOAQUIN MILLER ON ALASKA PROSPECTS.

He Did Not Strike It Rich But Others Were More Successful.

Joaquin Miller, the well-known poet who returned yesterday from the Klondike after an absence of a year, will leave for Byron Hot Springs in a day or two to enjoy a rest after his arduous efforts in the distant north. He says he is heartily glad to get back to California again, and to the birds, the flowers, and warm sunshine of the hills. He went away on the 9th of July last year and has been gone much longer than he had intended to be.

He declares that the stories that $25,000,000 of gold will be the output for this year are substantially correct. Those who place it at $5,000,000 or $10,000,000 estimate it too low. The miners are much afraid of pirates and consequently are wary of shipping their treasure to the United States. The revenue cutters Bear and Wheeling are on hand to protect the miners. There are 40,000 men in the gold country now. Of this number, 5,000 alone are responsible for the gold taken out. There are so many steamers running in now that the country is overcrowded.

Regarding his own work, he said he had investigated personally most all the new mining districts that were opened. His own claim he worked with poor success. In fact, he thought he had struck the only place on the Klondike where there seemed to be no gold. He brought back with him one large nugget.

Camp Outfits

Swinging reclining chairs, cots, hammocks, pillows, mattresses, etc. are a feature of our trade at this season, and we can give your fancies unlimited scope. In a smaller stock you might have to take what you could get.

We also manufacture for hospital use a special line of canvas and wire cots.

SCHREIBER FURNITURE CO.
Cor. 13th and Franklin.
Opp. Narrow Gauge Depot.

A Beautiful Present

In order to further introduce **ELASTIC STARCH** (Flat Iron Brand), the manufacturers, J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co., of Keokuk, Iowa, have decided to **GIVE AWAY** a beautiful present with each package of starch sold. These presents are in the form of

Beautiful Pastel Pictures

They are 13x19 inches in size, and are entitled as follows:

Lilacs and Pansies.

Pansies and Marguerites.

Wild American Poppies.

Lilacs and Iris.

These rare pictures, four in number, by the renowned pastel artist, R. LeRoy, of New York, have been chosen from the very choicest subjects in his studio and are now offered for the first time to the public.

The pictures are accurately reproduced in all the colors used in the originals, and are pronounced by competent critics, works of art.

Pastel pictures are the correct thing for the home, nothing surpassing them in beauty, richness of color and artistic merit.

One of these pictures will be given away with each package of **ELASTIC STARCH** purchased of your grocer. It is the best laundry starch on the market, and is sold for 10 cents a package. Ask your grocer for this starch and get a beautiful picture.

All Grocers Keep Elastic Starch. Accept No Substitute.

REPUBLICAN PAPERS ENDORSE DR. G. C. PARDEE.

Variety of Opinions in Other Parts of the State.

As long as the candidacy of Dr. George C. Pardee, ex-Councilman and ex-Mayor of Oakland, did not prove formidable, envious outsiders looked on in unconcern, but now that his opponent in Alameda county is turning out to be no opponent at all, the press of the State that have other candidates in view are making the good doctor the object of venomous attacks.

For instance, there is the Call, which upon the political aspirations of Dr. Pardee looked at first with silent displeasure but now regards with genuine alarm. As the purpose of the Call was and is to injure Dr. Pardee as much as possible, with a noble disregard for the ninth commandment, it proceeds to accuse him of all manner of things. It charges that he is the candidate of the railroad.

The Enquirer, with much effectiveness, makes reply. It shows the absurdity of the charge that the doctor is the railroad candidate. It points out that it is his record as a courageous and determined fighter of the railroad for the recovery of the water front and the defeat of the railroad in local politics that makes him so available a candidate and so popular with the people now.

The Enquirer says only truth when it asserts that it is within the knowledge of the Call that of all possible candidates for Governor, Dr. Pardee is the last man the railroad politicians would consent to support, and that it is for this reason many independent citizens in all quarters are now rallying to his standard. The Call knows very well who the candidates of the railroad are, and yet in denunciation, or even disparagement of them, it has nothing to say whatever.

Dr. Pardee is proving a force with which journals of the Call type had not reckoned. In management of political forces he displays unusual skill, and as a political speaker is able and effective. It looks now as if Dr. Pardee may secure the adoption of the unit rule. If he should do so, Alameda county would go to the Republican State Convention backed by a solid delegation and the Gubernatorial nomination be his for the asking.—Eureka Californian.

Now that the San Francisco Gaul has taken up Mr. Davis' end of the fight, Dr. Pardee naturally looks for a walk-over.—San Jose Mercury.

Dr. Pardee of Oakland appears to be in the lead for the Republican nomination for Governor. He can beat James Maguire, who referred to the honest American sailors as pirates.—The Times-Index.

The San Francisco Call is fighting Pardee for the Republican nomination for Governor on the ground that he is a corporation tool. It also opposes Gage of Los Angeles and Chipman of Red Bluff for the same reason. The Call evidently wants W. R. Davis to get the nomination, but well-informed Republicans say that Pardee will carry the Alameda county primaries, and go before the State Convention as the Alameda candidate. The Call article on Gage and Pardee will be well to keep for future reference.—Visalia Times.

It is a curious condition of the campaign, which an impartial observer must recognize, that all outside candidates believe they can win—if Doctor Pardee does not receive the nomination. Even the Democratic Examiner takes a similar view of the situation, stating that Dr. Pardee is the one foe that each aspirant for the Governorship must meet and overcome.—Pleasanton Bulletin.

The Gubernatorial situation remains unchanged. Apparently the growth of Pardee sentiment among the people is discouraging the adherents of W. R. Davis. This increase in the supporters of the former is alleged to be largely due to his loyalty to the county. His declaration of his willingness to withdraw from the contest and to transfer his support and that of his delegates to Mr. Davis in case the latter shall secure a majority of the delegates at the primaries, has proven to the citizens the sincerity of his assertion that under no circumstances will he sacrifice the county to his ambition. Mr. Davis' declination of committing himself to such an agreement, which must insure the nomination of an Alameda county man in any event, has not been well received and is now affecting his canvass to a great extent.—San Leandro Standard.

Lou Brown, candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, was in the city to-day. He is still energetically looking after his political fences. From his friends it is learned that his chances considerably depend upon the final outcome of the struggle in Alameda county between Pardee and Davis. Mr. Brown's followers think that the controversy will result in a divided delegation, in which event they think the present Secretary of State will have a good opportunity to capture the nomination. But over in Alameda there is no such opinion. Pardee's followers say that he will undoubtedly go to the State Convention backed by a solid delegation and by the strong claim of his county upon the honor of furnishing the candidate for first place. The talk of Henry Gage of Los Angeles for Governor is still prevalent in political circles, but little has been heard from Mr. Gage himself. Men in this city who know him intimately do not yet know positively whether he will be a candidate, and it is thought that they will not know until Colonel Dan Burns has concluded his visit in the south.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Great interest is being taken in the struggle now being made for the Republican nomination for Governor. Henry T. Gage, the Los Angeles lawyer, is being brought prominently forward by the politicians from the south, while here it is believed by many that the successful candidate will come from Alameda county, and that Dr. George C. Pardee, formerly Mayor of Oakland, will be the lucky man. Aside from the fact that the Republicans of Alameda county claim nomination by reason of the splendid fight they put up for McKinley, which they assert saved the State for him, Alameda has never had the Gubernatorial nomination, though it was for many years the banner Republican county. It has two of its prominent citizens who are the avowed candidates—Dr. Pardee and Wm. R. Davis, both ex-Mayors of Oakland and both graduates of the State University, one a physician and the other a lawyer. It is generally conceded that the one who exhibits the greater strength in his party will receive the support of the delegation. It was clearly demonstrated at the recent convention of Republican clubs that Dr. Pardee not only was in full control of his party organization, but the enthusiasm that the mention of his name aroused in the meeting showed that his strength is not local. He is a man of liberal education, having taken a course at the University of Heidleberg, and is a man of splendid standing in his profession.—Eureka Standard.

DR. J. L. MILTON

Has moved from the Central Bank building to Canning block, 1115 Broadway. Office hours, 1:30 to 2:30 P. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. Telephone white 874.

A Modern Horse Hospital.

Is the handsome new building of the Oakland Veterinary Hospital, Drs. Pierce and Archibald props., 1724 Webster. Every convenience and modern mechanical contrivance for surgical work. Tel. main 641.

The Flor De Piedmont.

Is a pure Havana cigar, popular with everybody. Ask for it. Robt. Kuerzel, manufacturer, Eighth and Broadway.

Special Sale.

Household goods, chairs, rockers, lounges, bedroom furniture, mattings, oilcloths, stoves, crockery and glassware must be sacrificed this week at 409 Eleventh street. H. Schellhaas' old store, entrance near corner. Telephone 852 blue.

The Anheuser-Busch Saloon

Is a resort for gentlemen. There are sandwiches, frankfurters and any sort of lunch to order, with a surety of nice association. Bandle & Sonderleiter, props. Ninth st. near Washington.

BULBS.

Just received—a large stock of hyacinth, tulip, daffodil and other spring flowering bulbs. An immense stock. Plant early for early flowers.

H. M. SANBORN,
Tel. Main 576. 517 Fourteenth street.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Pulpit and Pew

First Congregational Church—Rev. Charles R. Brown, pastor. Morning service, 11 o'clock, "The Ruling Motive in Modern Christianity;" evening service, 7:30 o'clock, "Tested by Fire."

First Presbyterian Church—Corner of Fourteenth and Franklin streets. Pastor, Rev. R. F. Coyle, D. D. Services morning and evening. Dr. Coyle will preach at 11 A. M. Praise service in the evening. The choir will give a praise service made up of some of the best composition by the great composers. The organist will also play two selections from Harwood's celebrated Sonata in C sharp minor. Robert Dunstan's beautiful setting of the favorite old hymn, "Sun of My Soul," will be sung by the solo quartette of the church for the first time here. The quartette now consists of Mrs. C. B. Dexter, soprano; Mrs. C. Nicholson, alto; Benj. Clark, tenor, and Mr. C. Rowlands, baritone. The members of the choir are as follows:

Prelude "Andante" (Sonata in C sharp minor) ....B Harwood
Festival, "Benedict Anima" (E flat) ....Dudley Buck
"Sun of my Soul" (quartette)..... ....R. Dunstan
"Hear My Prayer" .....H. R. Shelley
"The Lord is My Light" (tenor and soprano) ....Dudley Buck
"Plead Thou My Cause" .....Mozart
Postulde, "Appassionata (Sonata in C sharp minor).....B. Harwood

Zion's German Evangelical Lutheran Church—J. H. Theiss, pastor. At 10:45 A. M. subject, "Christ Our Best Friend in the Time of Need;" services in Lorin Hall at 7:30 P. M.

Asbury M. E. Church, South—Preaching by the pastor, H. M. McKnight, at 11 A. M., "Riches and Honor and Life;" no night service during July.

The service for men only at the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow afternoon will be addressed by Rev. Robert Whitaker, State secretary Baptist work. All men are invited to attend.

Tenth avenue Baptist church—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. C. M. Hill. Subjects, 11 A. M., "Hearing and Doing;" 7:30 P. M., a patriotic service. Appropriate music. Soldiers from Camp Barrett. Address, "The Religious Side of the War."

St. John's Church—Corner Eighth and Grove streets. Rev. F. J. Mynard, rector. Seventh Sunday after Trinity. Services 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Rev. Geo. Wallace officiating. There will be no early service.

Watcher's meeting—Rev. Carroll Ghent, of the Baptist Church of Fresno, will preach at Gospel Tent Sunday at 3 P. M. This will be his last sermon in Oakland.

First English Lutheran Church—Corner Sixteenth and Grove streets. Divine services and sermon Sunday at 11 A. M.; Sunday evening 7:45 o'clock. Sermons by the acting pastor, Rev. Mr. Young. Morning subject, "Christian Ideals;" evening subject, "The Story of Jonah and Modern Criticism." The public cordially welcome.

Theosophical Society—Lecture by Julius Oettl; subject, "Glory," in Theosophical Library, Hamilton Hall, at 8 P. M.

Brooklyn Presbyterian Church—S. S. Palmer, pastor. Services 11 A. M., subject, "The Outward Appearance;" 7:30 P. M. subject, "The Worth of Man Praising God." A quartette from Company B at Camp Barrett will sing.

Church of the Advent (Episcopal)—Rev. V. Marshall Law, rector. Services and sermon at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

First Church of Christ, Scientist—At Loring Hall Sunday 11 A. M. Subject, "Love;" evening 7:45 o'clock, subject, "Elijah's Communion With God on Mount Horeb."

Practical Christianity—Sarah Elizabeth Griswold will speak of "God's Temple," in Gier's Hall at 11 A. M.

First Christian Church—West street, near Twelfth. T. E. Butler, pastor. Services 11 A. M., "Self-Crucifixion;" the Lord's Supper at 12 M; Bible school, 12:30 P. M.; Junior Endeavor, 4:45 P. M.; Senior Endeavor, 6:30 P. M.; evening service, 7:45 o'clock, "Inspired Preaching;" prayer meeting Wednesday evening. All cordially invited.

Union street Presbyterian Church—Rev. H. D. Brasefield, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. by Rev. Herbert Thomson, "What is it to Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ?" Evening, C. E. rally. Miss Harriet Chamberlain will give a report of the convention at Los Angeles.

St. Paul's Church—Rev. R. Ritchie, rector. Seventh Sunday after Trinity. Holy communion, 8 A. M.; Sunday school, 9:45 A. M.; morning prayer and sermon, 11 o'clock; evening prayer and sermon, 7:30 o'clock.

First Free Baptist Church—On Twenty-first street, between Brush street and San Pablo avenue. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. In the morning the pastor, Rev. Philip Graff, D. D., will preach on "Doors of Providence and Victory in Unlooked for Places," and in the evening on the question, "Is Life Worth Living?" based on a letter recently received.

Tomorrow evening at the Tenth avenue Baptist Chuch, there will be patriotic services and a patriotic sermon by the pastor, Rev. C. M. Hill. A company of the Eighth Regiment at Camp Barrett will be in attendance.

Market street Congregational church—Preaching by Rev. Mac H. Wallace of Detroit, Michigan. At 11 A. M., "The Child and the Man;" 7:45 P. M., "A Royal Life."

Mills Tabernacle, Twelfth and Webster streets. Rev. Francis Warnon preaches and prays for the healing of the sick tomorrow at 2 and 6 P. M., and other evenings at 7. Assisted by Revs. A. Coplin and J. Virtue.

First Methodist Episcopal Church—The pastor, Rev. Dr. Dille, will preach at the usual hours. Morning subject, "The Value of a Man;" evening, "Irreverance, the Besetting Sin of Our time." All welcome. The Sunday school will resume its sessions July 24th. Reopening of auditorium July 31st.

UNION MINERS ARE VICTORIOUS.

Attempt to Open the Mines at Pana Again Fails.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PANA, Ills., July 23.—Today the sixth attempt to operate the three mines of Pana with non-union men resulted in a failure. The trial today was at the Springside mine instead of the Penwell. The Springside is beyond the city limits.

Here Sheriff Ira Coburn was stationed with a force of armed deputies. Miners and their wives were also present in force. Only two miners, both residing in a house close to the mine, under guard, entered the pits. The Spires brothers, who, under guard of Winchesters, were escorted in carriages to the mine Friday, refused to drive to the mine today.

Then Penwell and Pana mines were under guard also, but no miners crossed the lines of the union miners, and the mines continue idle.

INTERESTING GAME OF BALL TOMORROW.

Not since the opening of the baseball season has there been so much interest taken in any one contest as is the case with the game to be played at Elmhurst Sunday by the soldier boys from the Eight Regiment and the Owl Drug Company's team.

Last Sunday the boys in blue, without a day's practice, defeated one of the best teams in the county and convinced all who saw the game that with a week's practice they would be able to put up a great game.

All this week the boys have been devoting their spare time to practice and when they go on the field tomorrow they will have a strong combination, fit to do battle with any team in the county.

The Owl Drug Company's team was formerly the California tars, a team that made a clean sweep for several months, and which is said to be the fastest amateur team in Alameda county.

Considerable work has been done on the field this week and it will be in better condition than ever. Through cars wil lleave Seventh and Washington streets every fifteen minutes direct to the grounds.

The following will be the line-up:

Owl Drug Co.	Position	Eighth Regt.
Peralta	catcher	Schroeder
Flege	pitcher	Cavo
Fey	1st base	Wilson
Knowles	2nd base	Cobb
Quigley	3rd base	Foster
Sweasey	shortstop	Winters
Lefever	left field	Sewell
Freeman	center field	Hopkins
Kane	right field	Goodman
Offee	substitute	Martinez
Duncan	substitute	Hood

Galveston Hotel Burned.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 23.—The Beach Hotel, located on the gulf front, and one of the leading summer and winter resorts in the South, burned today, entailing a loss estimated at from $200,000 to $250,000. Insurance only partial. The building and contents are a total loss. W. E. Hughes of Dallas, Tex., owned the building, which has been closed for several months. It was to have been opened on August 1st. The fire was caused by a defective electric light wire.

Rifle Shooting in England.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, July 23.—In the rifle competitions at Bisby today, the Macinnon cup, for volley firing, was won by England, with 31 points. Wales and Canada tied with 19 points apiece. Lieutenant Gilchrist of the Canadian team, won the Alexander Martin competition prize rifle. Simpson of the Canadian team was second.

A Gasoline Explosion.

An explosion of gasoline yesterday resulted in painful injuries to Mrs. C. V. Harvey of 1597 Twenty-second avenue. Mrs. Harvey was burned about the face and hands by the explosion quite severely, although no serious results are anticipated. The fire was extinguished with a damage of about $150, covered by insurance.

Goodyear Welt Shoes

Are better than hand-sewed shoes but cost less. Men, women and children wear them. All kinds are made; all dealers sell them. GOODYEAR SHOE MACHINERY CO. BOSTON.

LEAGUE IS FORMED IN SAN LEANDRO

Young Republicans Are Accorded a Royal Reception.

Speeches, Music, Enthusiasm and a Bonfire Arouse the Town.

PARTY SUCCESS IS PROPHESIED.

The Gathering Was One of the Most Successful Yet Held.

The Young Men's Republican League of Alameda county had a rousing meeting in San Leandro last night. The hall was crowded, among those gathered being a large number from this city as also from the surrounding country.

The proceedings were lively from the start and good music and enthusiasm for the Republican cause were the features of the evening.

The meeting was called to order by President Breed who said:

"I suppose you know why we have gathered here tonight. One of the reasons is to further Republicanism in this county, and another is to recruit a branch of the Republican League in San Leandro. I will say further that we have not endorsed any candidate for Governor and will not till after the nominations are made, and then we shall put our shoulders to the wheel and work with a will to elect the whole ticket from Governor down to constable. I shall call upon Mr. J. S. Wetherell who will act as chairman this evening."

WETHERELL TAKES THE CHAIR.

On assuming the chair, Mr. Wetherell said: "It is a great pleasure to me to be here this evening with young Republicans, and more particularly at this time, when after thirty years of peace and quiet we are engaged in a conflict with a European nation, a conflict which will do more to heal sectional differences in the nation, a thing which if accomplished by the war will be worth more to us than anything else. We have at the head of administration a man peculiarly gifted both in mentality and training to occupy the high position in which he now finds himself.

"I want to voice the sentiments of Mr. Breed regarding the endorsement of any particular candidate for Governor. There are a number of candidates, all of them, I have no doubt, being good and honorable men, well able to fill the office to which they aspire acceptably and with benefit to the people. But we should understand right now, and thoroughly, too, that be it Dr. Pardee or Mr. Davis or Mr. Gage who secures the nomination, he will have the full working strength of the league back of him to aid his fight in the coming campaign."

John W. Stetson then explained to the audience the purposes of the league. "I made such a statement at our last meeting here," said Mr. Stetson, "and I think that by this time you are certain of our harmlessness and know that we want neither your money nor your life. We come here simply to talk things over and aim to extend the work of our league further. We did not come here with a knife up our sleeves. We have no sinister purpose, as your gathering here tonight evinces. We are all Alameda county residents, and that ought to be a sufficient guarantee of our good will."

PURPOSES OF THE LEAGUE.

Mr. Stetson then went on with a brief explanation of the purposes of the league, stating that the idea of organizing an Eden township branch was to extend thus far only, to the organizing of an Eden township club with its own officers and its own treasury, its members to fraternize with the original club in Oakland and to wear the same button. It was to be fraternity within the party.

Here Mr. Dickinson made his suggestion about singing "America." Two verses were rendered with a heartiness known only to healthy young lungs.

A REPUBLICAN YEAR.

J. R. Knowland of Alameda, who was the next speaker, protested that the honor of being offered a seat on the platform had very near taken his speech-making breath from him. However, he could testify that this was a Republican year.

In speaking of the last Republican platform Mr. Knowland lauded President McKinley for having kept to the St. Louis platform. "There was the plank promising to do away with the iniquitous Wilson bill," said the speaker, "and you are all familiar with the law taking its place. If any party or man doubts whether the Republican party is vigorous, let them go ask Spain, and if I mistake not, one or two other countries if they are not careful. (Applause.) If I mistake not, that same platform had a plank declaring that Spanish misrule should be banished from Cuba, and the good work is going on. Another point not to be overlooked is the remarkable prosperity dawning in every section of the country. The latest reports of Government statisticians show that the balance of trade is in our favor, the exports being twice as great as the imports. The gold reserve in January of this year reached the highest point for seven years previous. I am not one endeavoring to make party capital out of a war, a war which is patriotically supported by Republican, Democrat and Populist, but I am thankful that President McKinley is in the chair. There is only one thing, in my estimation, which can lead to the defeat of the Republican party, and that is for the President to order the American flag hauled down from the place where American blood and valor has placed it. I venture the prediction that no Republican administration will even do such a thing."

BRANCH LEAGUE ORGANIZED.

Chairman Wetherell, believing in immediate organization of the San Leandro branch league, took the bull by the horns and announced that he would take upon himself the liberty of appointing a nominating committee to select names for officers to be balloted for later during the evening. This was received with vociferous cheering, the chair selecting A. B. Cary, R. E. Gray and Bert Avery as the committee, allowing them to retire while Clarence Crowell made a speech.

Later in the evening the committee on nominations presented their report as follows: President, J. S. Wetherell; first vice president, W. Cunningham; second vice president, Tony King; secretary, Ed Watkins; assistant secretary, R. E. Gray; treasurer, Bud Toffelmeir; sergeants-at-arms, H. Abernethy and M. C. Perry; executive committee, Irvine Toffelmeir, R. A. Moran, P. Bjorkman, M. S. Silva and W. Fulton.

The secretary cast the ballot, the officers were declared elected, and the San Leandro branch of the Young Men's Republican League of Alameda county was organized. It will meet with its first twenty members next Friday evening in Union Hall at that place.

Speeches were also made by W. Nat Friend and others.

WANT THE ALICE STREET BRIDGE ROAD.

The possibility that there will be no thoroughfare for teams between Oakland and Alameda west of a bridge somewhere east of Alice street has aroused those interested in the water front. The following circular is being issued:

"There is a strong effort being made by interested parties to cause the permanent removal of Webster street bridge and the construction of a new one at a point about 2,000 feet east of Webster street or above the Adams' wharf property. Pending the construction of the new bridge, it is proposed that all travel between the cities of Oakland and Alameda be by way of Park street, which is reached from Oakland by way of Twenty-third avenue.

"You can see that much of the traffic will be compelled to make a detour of about seven miles to reach that portion of Alameda known as the West End, and all the West End people will be compelled to reach Oakland by making the same detour by way of Park street. The S. P. R. R. has very kindly and generously offered the people, through the Board of Supervisors, the free and unconditional use of the Alice street bridge, during the period required to construct the new bridge at whichever point selected. We understand that the county will, in all probability, construct the necessary roadway on the Alice street bridge, provided that the cities of Alameda and Oakland construct the approaches thereto.

"It is possible that the expense (about $1,400, of which Alameda's portion will be $1,200 or more) cannot be all borne by them, and that public subscription must make up the deficiency or have no bridge for at least six months, other than Park street. This work will, in all probability, continue through the winter, and all teaming will be much more expensive than in the dry season.

"Are you willing to subscribe something to a fund to insure the construction of the thoroughfare? If so, leave your name and address, together with the amount you are willing to subscribe, with James P. Taylor, 455 Ninth street, or with G. W. Arper, Webster street, south of the Webster street bridge.

"An average of 500 teams per day cross the Webster street bridge.

"An appeal is hereby made to you, and to all interested, to attend the meeting of the City Council, Monday evening, July 25, 1898, at 8 P. M.

"The Board of Supervisors has requested the City Council to consent to the temporary removal of Webster street bridge to Alice street and also to construct the approach thereto.

"As the War Department requires that the removal of the Alice street bridge be commenced by August 1, 1898, it is evident that immediate action should be taken so that permission be obtained from the War Department for the temporary retention of this bridge during the construction of the new bridge.

"The Supervisors claim they cannot legally act until the City Council authorizes them to do so.

"The cities of Oakland and Alameda will suffer great inconvenience, and in some instances heavy loss to business firms will result, should the Alice street bridge not be utilized. It means all must travel by Park street and Twenty-third avenue. All interested should wake up to the seriousness of the situation and do something to maintain an open thoroughfare at or near the present bridge.

"JAMES P. TAYLOR.
"J. C. WESTPHAL & SON,
"OAKLAND IRON WORKS,
"CHAS. H. BUTLER & CO.,
"GEO. W. ARPER,
"CHAS. R. ALLEN,
"OREGON COAL AND NAVIGATION CO."

Eliason now at 1163 Broadway. Large stock of school books, etc.

E. C. Lyon Says War

On prices in furniture, matting, stoves, etc., new and second hand. People who buy from him capture bargains. Folding beds, beauties, $11. Bedroom sets, $10. Everything at war prices. Five thousand note books to give away. Get one. Finest express wagon in Oakland. Goods rented for parties. Telephone red 1,984. 412 Eleventh st., bet. Bdwy and Franklin.

The Oakland Grotto

Is a quiet place for gentlemen; finest liquors and cigars; club room; opening on July 30, 1898. Collier & Company, proprietor. Northeast corner of Eighth and Broadway.

Notice to Stockholders of the California Cotton Mills Company, a Corporation.

In accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of the California Cotton Mills Company, duly adopted at a regular meeting of said Board held on the 16th day of June, 1898, you are hereby notified that a special meeting of the stockholders of this corporation has been called by the Board of Directors and will be held on Friday, the 12th day of August, A. D. 1898, at the hour of three o'clock P. M. of said day, at the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, in the room of that certain building known as the factory building of this corporation, and in which room the Board of Directors of this corporation usually meet, and situate on the southwest corner of Railroad avenue and Valdez street, Oakland, California, being the principal place of business and office of this corporation, for the purpose of determining whether or not the capital stock of this corporation shall be increased from $500,000.00 to $800,000.00 for the purpose of providing additional capital for the proper conduct and management of the business of this corporation.

By order of the Board of Directors.

J. Y. MILLAR,
Secretary of California Cotton Mills Company, a corporation.

Office and principal place of business, factory building, southwest corner Railroad avenue and Valdez street, Oakland, California.

ADVERTISEMENTS

A Soldier's Escape.

From the Democrat-Message, Mt. Sterling, Ill.

When Richmond had fallen and the great commanders had met beneath the historic apple tree at Appomattox, the 83d Pennsylvania Volunteers, prematurely aged, clad in tatters and rags, broken in body but of dauntless spirit, swung into line for the last "grand review" and then quietly marched away to begin life's fray anew. Rebel shot and shell, the dread miasma of the southern swamp, sleepless nights and wearisome days had depleted their ranks until only a handful remained. Among the number Asa Robinson came back to the old home in Mt. Sterling, Ills.; that he had left at the call to arms four years previous. He went away in the first flush of vigorous manhood; he came back a ghost of the self that answered to President Lincoln's call for "300,000 more."

With his return to the old homestead there came to him the knowledge that war with him was only begun; that he must fight the battle with disease to the end of his days; that the glare of a southern sun and the galling fire of a southern soldiery were as nothing compared to the onslaught of an enemy that fought under cover and disregarded all the rules of civilized warfare. Sciatic rheumatism fastened its fangs upon him, incapacitating him for manual labor and rendering him, much of the time, physically as helpless as an infant. The years passed by, but his sufferings, with increasing age, were increased rather than diminished. He spent a small fortune for doctor's medicine, praying for even temporary relief, but it did not come.

To-day he is an alert, active man of fifty-five years. His rheumatic pains have departed, and while there are traces of his years of suffering in his face he walks with the soldierly bearing and springy step of a healthy young man.

To the *Democrat-Message* reporter he talked freely about his case. Mr. Robinson is a man of much more than average education and intelligence. Where he is known in Brown County his word is as acceptable as the bond of the average man, and there is no question but that in his case an almost miraculous cure was wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"I was a great sufferer from sciatic rheumatism almost from the time of my discharge from the army. At times I was bent almost double, and got around with only the greatest difficulty. Nothing seemed to give me permanent relief until three years ago, when my attention was called to some of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I made up my mind to try them. I had not taken more than a half a box when I noticed an improvement in my condition. I took three boxes of the pills, and at the end of that time was in better condition than at any time since the close of my army service. Since then I have never been bothered with rheumatism. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is the only remedy that ever did me any good, and to them I owe my restoration to health.

ASA S. ROBINSON."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 12th day of July, A. D., 1897.

JOHN G. GENLER, *Justice of the Peace.*

Medical evidence is added in the following physician's certificate:

This is to certify that I have this day examined Asa Robinson and find him enjoying a healthy physical condition and free from rheumatism.

HENRY M. COWEN, A. M., M. D.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of July, 1897.

R. E. VANDEVENTER,
County Judge, Brown County, Ills.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained, in a condensed form, in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

The wife of a minister of the Gospel in an Iowa town suffered for years from constipation, dyspepsia and headache. Her ailments were identical with those of so many other women. Her husband spent many dollars for medicines, but his wife's troubles continued right along until he bought her some Ripans Tabules at the drug store. Now, the minister declares, she is cured of all her aches and pains, and he recently sent 96 cents by money order to the Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for a supply of the Tabules to give to a member of his congregation.

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced form is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents. RIPANS TABULES may also be had of druggists, general storekeepers and news agents.

TEETH Gold Fillings 50c, upwards; Crowns, $2.50 upwards
Bridge Work $3.50 per Tooth, up.
Silver Fillings 25c, up. Plates $2.50 up.
OAKLAND DENTAL PARLORS,
1003½ BROADWAY, Corner Tenth, ROOM 3. Tel. Red 3895

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is recommended by leading physicians in Alameda County.
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Filled with Gold for.....75c up
" " Silver for....25c up
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Gold Crowns, 22 K.....$4 up
Plates for.....$5 up
Cleaning Teeth.....50c up
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All Work Guaranteed.

I make a flexible dental plate, which is but little known by the public, and less known by other dentists. It has an advantage over other rubber plates, being lighter and thinner. It will pay you to examine this process. *Consultation Free.*
Open Saturday evenings until 9. Sundays 9 to 12.
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POORMAN Repairs Stoves, Garden Hose, Pumps, and also does a general Plumbing business. See him before having your work done. Tel. White 991. 7th & Adeline Sts

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Tel. Main 545.

Bulk Coal Oil
60c Per Can
Stove Gasoline 70c per can if taken from the store. Coal Oil guaranteed non-explosive.
SIMONSEN & ESPELAND,
17th St. and Telegraph Ave. Tel. Red 81
KEEP COOL—DRINK HIRES ROOT BEER

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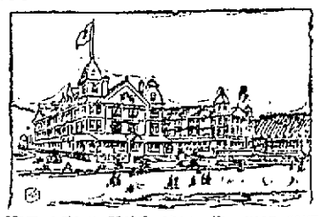

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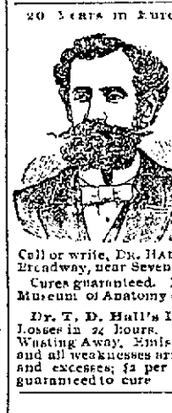

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PRIVATE DISEASES of both sexes a specialty.
ALL BLOOD DISEASES QUICKLY CURED
CONSULTATION FREE.
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TERMS REASONABLE.

THE POLITICAL ICE WILL SOON BE BROKEN.

The Republicans and Democrats Are Putting on Their War Paint—What the Many Candidates Are Doing.

(Special to the Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The settlement of the convention arrangements that it is believed will be accomplished to-day at the meeting of the Republican State Central Committee will bring political matters down to a direct issue at last, for with the apportionment of delegates the various candidates will be able to start in "counting noses." While it is not regarded as likely that the day will bring forth the knowledge of who is the Gubernatorial candidate most favored by the powers that be, still it is impossible to withhold this information much longer and the lines will undoubtedly be plainly drawn within a very few days.

There probably never was a campaign when there was less indication of who is the choice of the leaders, for outside of the boom that has been stirred up for Gage and which in some ways has the car-marks of machine influence, there is nothing on the surface as to anyone's intentions. Take Major McLaughlin's stand, for instance—those who have talked with him will assure you that with him it is a case of "six of one and half a dozen of the other" as far as those who are now posing as aspirants are concerned. He absolutely insists that he has no individual preference, and though for a long time it was thought that he intended to make a special fight for Tom Flint, it is now certain that he intends to keep hands off as far as favoritism is concerned. The Major says that the way things are now he will have to wait until the convention is over before he can even express a private opinion as to who he is for, because the arguments in favor of the different candidates for the nomination effectually offset each other as far as he can figure.

Then there is Colonel Burns; he is an absolute enigma as to what his desires are regarding who shall hold the reins of State for the next four years. There are many, very many, who insist that he is responsible for the Gage boom and that he closed all the arrangements for it during his recent trip to the south, the combination being made in the interests of a northern man for Senator. If this is so, though, his most intimate friends do not know of it for they profess ignorance as to his plans, and say that in their opinion he has not yet made up his mind as to whose cause he will espouse.

The most adroit politicians assert that the whole question of leadership and control of the convention will rest on whether or not Burns forms an alliance with Crimmins and Kelly or either of them. Unless he does so, they say it will be impossible for him to handle the San Francisco delegation without which the jig would be up. But there are many hitches in the way of such a combination. In the first place it is not believed that Burns and Kelly can be brought together again, and although it might be possible to link his political work with that of Crimmins, the question is would Crimmins desert Kelly in such a way. The consensus of opinion is that he would not, for Crimmins is a shrewd politician and he knows that although he might temporarily gain by such a move he would lose in the long run, for Kelly is a dangerous man to have for a political foe.

Then there is another reason advanced as to why Col. Burns could not make an alliance with either Crimmins or Kelly. Everyone knows that they are in politics simply for what there is in it, and that they would not trade off their strength without very substantial returns. Now, contrary to the general belief, this quid pro quo does not in the main take the form of cash but of patronage. The only way they can themselves keep their positions as bosses is by rewarding those from whom they get their power, and in order to do this they must be able to find places for a great many people, besides being themselves endowed with the control of positions where money is to be made on contracts and so forth. This is a plain, unvarnished way of putting the situation, but that it is the basis on which things are conducted will certainly be conceded by all those who have had aught to do with the political game.

Now, the question is, would Burns make such a trade with them. He is the sort of man who likes to handle all this kind of thing himself, for the distribution of patronage to his friends is about all he gets in return for the countless hours of labor and energy he devotes to the campaign. As far as the dollars and cents of the business are concerned, he is in a position not to care for them, for what with his mining interests, his income as one of the principal owners of the Oakland race track, and the money he makes out of his racing stables, his resources are said to net him annually somewhere about $100,000.

* * *

That the Senatorship will in some way be interwoven with the Gubernatorial fight there is little doubt. There can be no questioning the fact that it is the main issue as far as the southern part of the State is concerned, for those of this section are as much interested in killing off Bulla as they are in awarding the Governorship to Gage so as to leave the north in a position to make a demand for the Senatorship. If, however, the Governor should come from here, it would be mighty hard work to convince south of Tehachapi that it was not entitled to the other of the two rich prizes of the campaign, in which event Senator Bulla would be a formidable candidate, for he has his fight well in hand and should have little trouble in offsetting all the hard work that has been done in behalf of Grant of San Diego.

There is almost as much uncertainty as to who will be the Senatorial candidate from the north as there is as to who will get the Gubernatorial nomination. The stock candidates are mentioned over and over again, though, but little attention is paid to them, as it is realized that the man who will get away with the prize has not appeared on the scene as yet. There is a strong possibility, though, that despite all that has been said to the contrary, De Young will be in the Senatorial fight once more. Whether he will or not is now declared to be dependent upon the outcome of his attempt to be appointed First Assistant Commissioner to the Paris Exposition. Should he get this place he will be satisfied, but if not it is understood that he will make one of his old-time hurricane fights for the Senatorial toga.

Since his return from the East he has been reviewing the situation and has held several conferences at his office in the Chronicle building, the result being that he believes the conditions are more favorable to his Senatorial aspirations than they have ever been before. This is argued out as follows: When he has been a candidate in the past he has had to encounter a rival aspirant of pronounced popularity. For instance, the last time he had to fight it out was with Perkins, and he also had in that connection to tackle a red-hot anti-election campaign, for Perkins canvassed the State very thoroughly from end to end and took a hand in the fight of every Assemblyman who would agree to vote for him when the eventful hour came at Sacramento.

This time, though, De Young does not figure that he would have to offset such a proposition. Outside of Bulla and Grant no work has been done in behalf of any candidate and as for those two, he does not figure that they could accomplish anything he could not undo. Grant's chances are, he regards, absolutely as nothing and as for Bulla, though the Senator is popular enough in his own immediate section, De Young does not consider that he is well enough known or strong enough throughout the State at large to be able to carry off the richest prize California is to give to her politicians this year.

In the event, though, that De Young goes into the fight he has determined to make no effort to return Assemblymen pledged to him, but will let them paddle their own canoes until election day has passed. If then on scanning the list and sizing up his strength he thinks he has a good fighting chance he will jump in and do what he can but if he regards the situation as in any way hopeless he will stay out altogether, as he does not want to be associated with another losing Senatorial fight.

* * *

And now as to the Democrats. The plots and plans of the Republicans are nothing as compared to the various political intrigues with which they are associated, for as the hour of action approaches the last expiring efforts of those who are endeavoring to destroy the programme arranged by the leaders are making matters remarkably lively. Maguire is expected to arrive here from the East on Thursday next and from that time on redoubled energy is to be thrown into the fight that is being made for him.

The week just closing has undoubtedly been a Maguire one in every way, for his endorsement by the Committee of One Hundred practically gives him the nomination without a struggle. With the metropolis at his back and the strength that is pouring in on him from the country, there is little hope for the other candidates, and although Seawell, Jeter, La Rue and English are still searching the wall for some handwriting that will bid them have courage, there is no question that in their innermost hearts they realize that they are not in it.

The mere fact, though, that the way has been smoothly paved—perhaps with gold bricks—for Maguire by no means indicates that the Democratic troubles are over. There is a rumbling and a muttering in connection with this Democratic Committee of One Hundred that portends an eruption at any time, and that there will be an outbreak of some description is about certain. "Way down low" I hear that bold and unblushing as the members of this committee of One Hundred were in proclaiming a political dictatorship over San Francisco they have another card to play that is even more cold-blooded. The proposition, as I get it, is that instead of having a local convention at all, the committee shall name the delegates to the municipal convention outright.

On the face of it this is one of the most undemocratic moves ever suggest but, after all, supposing a local convention is held, the result would be exactly the same. It is easy to figure out why this is so. With a convention each member of the committee will, under the rules be entitled to an equal representation. It is of course certain that the delegates each man will appoint will vote absolutely under instruction so what would be gained by having such a convention in which each member of the Committee would be represented in say five pieces, instead of letting them do the work themselves.

While the plan to thus absorb all the party rights of the metropolis by this handful of state committee appointees is being urged by McNab and others of the Phelanites, there is considerable opposition on the ground that such a procedure would leave them open to scathing attacks by the Republicans and also might create much dissension in the ranks of their own party. For the sake of appearances therefore the plan will in all probability be tabled if indeed it ever comes up in a formal way before the committee.

* * *

A couple of weeks ago I mentioned that in order to prevent a split in the Democratic local forces there was a project afoot to extend an olive branch to the Harneyites by giving them representation on the Committee of One Hundred. The matter has been thoroughly discussed in caucus by the committee and the programme arrived at is as follows: Harney will not be given any places on the committee before the State convention is held. When, however, that event occurs the Harneyites will be recognized there, and afterwards, before the time of the municipal convention, the committee will be enlarged by say fifty members and Harney will be given a full representation with the other factions.

This programme is understood to have been submitted to Harney and to have been declared satisfactory to him, so as far as he and his followers are concerned, there need be no fears of any bolting or knifing of the municipal ticket. There are to be no efforts made to placate Rainey, though, and the members of the committee express themselves as willing to have him go ahead and fight them if he wants to, for they say that his influence this campaign will be so small that there is no occasion to bother themselves trying to offset it. One of the best proofs of the contradictions of politics is given in the way the various factions are lined up now, for those who four years ago were fighting Buckley tooth and nail are now gladly hailing him as an ally, and although he remains under cover there is no doubt that he is to receive substantial rewards of some description if the programme goes through all right.

As to whether or not there will be two Democratic municipal tickets in the field is doubtful. There most certainly would have been had not the arrangement been made with Harney, but as things are now, it does not seem likely that Rainey will be able alone to get up an opposition ticket. He will probably, therefore, satisfy himself with standing outside the fence and tearing down every weak spot he can find in it rather than attempting to have any direct opposition in sight.

That Mayor Phelan will be renominated to serve another term is a foregone conclusion, and it also looks fairly certain that in addition to the Democratic endorsement he will be at the head of the ticket the Non-Partisans intend to place before the public. There may, however, be a little hitch in this regard. Judge Slack will, it is asserted, be the Republican nominee for Mayor, and in such an event the Non-Partisans will probably be considerably divided between the two men. They will not hold their convention until both the Republican and Democratic tickets are in the field, and then if they have to choose between Phelan and Slack there may be quite a contest, with Phelan, however, the favorite in the betting, for the Non-Partisan ranks contain more Democrats than Republicans.

That Slack will make a formidable opponent for Phelan needs no argument. They will both appeal to practically the same elements, and the vote will be more on strict party lines than any that has been given for the Mayoralty of San Francisco for many years. The fight should be a rattling one of that nature that is said not to be decided "until the sun goes down on election day."

* * *

The Non-Partisan endorsement is being sought very arduously over here this year, for it will cut a very important factor as regards tickets that are to be so well matched. The members of the committee of 100 say that they intend to give to the voters a ticket that will effectually dispose of all the talk about it being an outrage to permit a few men to assert the right to handle the political affairs of San Francisco, and the Republicans say that they also will present an unusually strong list of names.

Why, therefore, is there any necessity for a Non-Partisan ticket this year? The movement was originated solely for the purposes of giving to the people an opportunity to vote for candidates not dominated by bosses, and so as to purify the issues in general. If, however, both the Democratic and Republican tickets this year are to be above reproach, there certainly is no occasion for any non-partisanship, and the issues can be fought out on the broad grounds of party and personality. Such a campaign would be unprecedented in San Francisco, but then some people believe that the millenium is not far away.

* * *

Jud. Brusie has been in town during the week. He says he has decided not to run for the Assembly again, but will devote his time to his business. He is understood to be putting the finishing touches on a new play that is said to be extra fine.

In all probability Grove L. Johnson will be a member of the next Legislature. His friends in Sacramento are urging him to run for the Assembly, and he is said to be not averse to the proposition. He resides in a strongly Republican district, and his return is believed to be only a question of getting the nomination.

Jim Rea is among the Republican clans who have been flocking to town during the past couple of days in preparation for today's meeting. He has disguised himself to the extent of shaving off his moustache.

Ex-State Librarian Ed McCabe is slowly recovering from his three months' siege of sickness. He is now recuperating at Santa Cruz, and expects to be in harness again in the course of a couple of weeks.

Ed Fueschel, ex-Receiver of the Visalia Land Office, has decided to start up his paper again at Bakersfield on the 12th of next month. Although it is to be called the Independent, he intends to make a red hot fight with it for Maguire.

Major McLaughlin will undoubtedly succeed himself as chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. No other name is heard for the place, as every one is more than satisfied with the way he has conducted the affairs during the past four years.

Assistant United States District Attorney Bert Schlesinger is working very hard on his Superior Judge fight. He and Rhodes Borden will probably have a tug-of-war for one of the nominations.

The endeavor to get County Clerk Curry into the fight for Secretary of State is not meeting with great success. He has set his cap at going to Congress from the Fifth, but, owing to the number of candidates for that nomination, he may have to pull out. Besides Loud, who is anxious to go back to Washington, the bidders for the place are Assemblyman Dibble, Julius Kahn, Philo Hennessey, Senator Wolfe and Curry. The district is so thoroughly Republican that no Democrat has yet put in an appearance for the empty honor of having his name on the ticket.

J. J. Kirk of Fresno is taking no chances as regards his desire to get the Republican nomination for State Superintendent of Public Instruction. He is putting in his spare time going through the State seeking strength, and as he is Superintendent of Schools for Fresno county, the long vacation has given him opportunities to do lots of work.

HATTON.

DEADLY FEUDS OF KENTUCKY.

White-Howard-Baker Fight Results in Two More Deaths.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., July 23.—The White-Howard-Baker feud in Clay county, Ky., which was thought to be at an end, has been renewed. Word has been received here that John Baker and Charles Clarke, leaders of the Baker faction, have been shot from ambush and their dead bodies riddled with bullets.

Baker and Clarke went to Manchester, the county seat, where the members of the White-Howard faction live. They had been repeatedly warned by their enemies not to come, but to avoid serious trouble. Regardless of the warning, they entered the town.

They started to return to their country home, but were warned by friends not to go back by the county road, but to make a detour of the woods, as danger was scented. They insisted that they were able to protect themselves, as both were heavily armed, but they had traveled less than a mile when they were ambushed by a volley of bullets, both being instantly killed.

SLAUGHTER OF THE INNOCENTS.

Dead Bodies of Six Infants Found in a Boston Vacant Lot.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BOSTON, July 23.—The dead bodies of six infants, each wrapped in paper, have been found in a vacant lot in the Roxbury district. Medical Examiner Draper, after an autopsy, said the youngest child was one month old and the eldest three months. Some were strangled, while others had been allowed to die of neglect.

Four Whalers Lost.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 23.—Rev. L. O. Stringer, an Anglican missionary engaged among the Esquimo, writes to a friend here stating that of the eleven whaling ships that left the Arctic for the west last fall, only three managed to get out. The others were caught in the ice and had to be abandoned. Four men were lost in trying to reach land.

Eliason now at 1163 Broadway. Large stock of school books, etc.

LIBERAL FRENCH WINE MAKERS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 23.—A firm of wine makers at Rheims, France, has offered the United States Government 1,200 bottles of champagne for the sick and wounded soldiers. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued an order that the wine be admitted free of duty.

THEO. GIER'S COGNAC

is made from the richest grapes, not from the flattest and most insipid grapes as is usually the case, hence it is richer than other brandies in essential oils and purer. On this account it is universally recommended.

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YANKEES DO GOOD WORK ON THE SABBATH.

Big Events of the War All Occur On Sunday.

On That Day the Yellow Flag of Castile Drops From Morro.

SCHLEY INSPECTS THE HARBOR.

Evidences of the Americans' Fine Marksmanship Everywhere Visible.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 17.—The Sabbatarian may not find it as good a reason for thankfulness and congratulation as do the men of the American fleet off Santiago de Cuba, but the singular fact remains that every event of supreme importance that has happened in our naval operations during the war with Spain has fallen on Sunday.

On Sunday, May 1st, Dewey won the great victory at Manila.

On Sunday, May 29th, Schley found the fleet of Cervera in Santiago harbor and said: "They will never go home."

On Sunday, July 3d, a portion of Admiral Sampson's fleet, under Commodore Schley, defeated the attempt of Admiral Cervera to escape and destroyed his squadron, and on Sunday, July 17th (to-day), the Spanish flag on Morro Castle, Santiago, was hauled down forever, beginning the finale of Spanish control in the western hemisphere.

This Sunday morning was beautiful, among the most beautiful that have fallen to the lot of our ships before Santiago. The blockade was depleted, the two flagships, the New York, with Admiral Sampson's flag flying, and the Brooklyn, known to the Spaniards as the "three horned devil," flying Commodore Schley's broad pennant, being the only warships in sight. The little Vixen, Captain Sharpe, omnipresent, and the Gloucester, Captain Wainwright, filled out a quota of our ships. Sunrise developed the fact that the flag of Spain still floated over Morro Castle and that the Spanish soldiers were still in the forts. At precisely 9 o'clock, however, watchful officers on deck saw the flag slowly come down. There was a salute of some kind fired inside, for guns were heard. As soon as the flag had been lowered, the New York moved in toward the entrance of the harbor, followed by the Brooklyn. Soon both these great cruisers lay close under the batteries that for weeks had menaced them, and swung lazily at anchor, while steam launches were lowered to take ashore officers who desired to see the harbor and fortifications. At the same time the church pennant went upon the New York, and in the very mouth of the harbor began a service of thanksgiving to the Creator.

On one launch went Commodore Schley and party, including a correspondent of the Associated Press. The trip was full of interest. Entering the narrow neck of the harbor, the eye met with a great expanse of water, a beautiful sheet, a harbor offering a splendid protection and all the great requisites for a naval station. All along both banks were the earthworks and batteries and these were mounted with rapid-fire guns and revolving cannon. Looking up at Morro, one saw the crumbling old ruin in the same condition in which it has been for half a century, except that it had received on one corner a large shell that had partially demolished a tower and flag support.

Punta Gorda, just inside the Morro, on a hill, had three guns, evidently ship guns, pointing directly down at the entrance. To the west were two emplacements on the side hill, both with four-inch rapid-fire guns and six-pounders. To the east of Morro the earthwork battery displayed three modern guns with shields and three muzzle-loaders.

Turning well into the mouth of the harbor, the Reina Mercedes was seen lying over on her side, and about two-thirds submerged. All her boats had been taken off and her heavy port guns. On the starboard, however, were two heavy guns. All her rapid-fire guns were in position so that they could be used for harbor defense. Around the rail on the quarterdeck hung the crew's hammocks as though for an airing; and blankets and other paraphernalia showed a hurried desertion. She does not lie in the channel, but ashore in the eastern shallows. The cause of her hurried abandonment was soon discovered in the big shell holes in her side, two or three being visible where the Massachusetts and Texas had poured in a hot fire. On her starboard side is seen the effect of one of the shells that fell on her during the second bombardment on July 6th. The whole side of the deck is torn away and the steel lies curled up in big heaps. On her bow gleamed in white and gold and yellow the crown of Spain with the royal coat of arms beneath.

Five hundred yards up the harbor's narrow neck lies the wreck of the collier Merrimac, not by any means an obstruction to the channel, but much further up than was necessary, her position, while demonstrating Hobson's wonderful bravery, showing also that he lost his bearings in the dark. Only the tops of her single smokestack and her two masts are visible. A tug, the Colon, and a lighter were lying just near her, and Commodore Schley stopped to examine the Captain. Schley talks Spanish well, and easily engaged the man in conversation. The latter said he had been employed in taking troops from the batteries at Morro. He did not know how many sailors had returned or escaped from Admiral Cervera's squadron, but he believed there were only a few. He then directed Commodore Schley to a wooden house on the hillside, where lay, he said, the electric plant for setting off the harbor mines.

Our launch running alongside a small wooden pier on the west of the harbor, found a launch from the Reina Mercedes with a number of Spanish sailors and a marine officer in charge. The latter conducted Commodore Schley and the party by a line of filthy houses to a rough wooden shanty, thatched with palm leaves. In this place was a beautiful apparatus, with electrical batteries to set off the mines. The officer explained that two were exploded, having been set off the night the Merrimac entered. The keyboard shows about six rows of mines, and Commodore Schley thought it would be wise to set them off, but refrained from taking action in the absence of Admiral Sampson.

It was intended to make the trip to the hill battery, but the plan was deferred at the request of the Spanish official, who urged, for some reason, that the party should not go up there.

Just as the party was leaving, Lieutenant Sears stumbled over a five-inch shell of American manufacture that had not been exploded. The Brooklyn is the only ship that uses five-inch shells, and this was one that had come over the hill.

A little exploration further up the bay showed Cayo Smith, with its numerous pleasure houses and residences, almost deserted. Close to the city lay five or six merchantmen, and a little later prize crews from the American ships took charge of them.

Returning toward the Brooklyn, Commodore Schley sent the launch alongside of the State of Texas, the Red Cross Society's ship, and made a call on Miss Clara Barton, whom he congratulated warmly upon her splendid services.

HEADQUARTERS AT THE AUDITORIUM.

Commissioner-General Peck Talks of Great Paris Exposition.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 23.—Ferdinand W. Peck said today that the headquarters of the Commission General to the Paris Exposition will be at once established at the Auditorium Building, Chicago. Offices will also be promptly opened in New York and Paris. The Assistant Commissioner General will probably have charge of the New York office.

"The delay in enacting the necessary legislation will impair the selection of the United States exhibits, as many intending exhibitors have already withdrawn, owing to insufficient time to manufacture certain things contemplated. This is especially true of the electricity department. Other nations have been at work for more than a year. Under the rule of the Paris Exposition the exhibits must be listed and approved before the exposition opens.

"We will, however, endeavor to meet the situation, and hope to be able to reflect credit upon our nation."

Needham's Close Shave.

Danny Needham, the pugilist, has written a letter from Dutch Harbor to Thomas Sexton of this city. Needham, who left for the Klondike on the steamer Rideout several weeks ago, gives a vivid description of the tempestuous voyage to the land of gold and recounts his narrow escape from drowning. When the vessel had been on its way a few days he tied a rope around his waist and jumped overboard to have a swim. The steamer was going so fast that he was thrown against the vessel and rendered unconscious by a blow on the head. It was some time before he was rescued.

The Red Cross.

With Mrs. Eleanor Martin's kindly features smiling from a Red Cross frame, Town Talk comes out this week with a special devoted to this noble society and its members in California. Portraits of the more prominent workers are given, and an outline of the society's scope and aims. There is a storiette and a Red Cross heroine and "A War Time Wedding" is also apropos. The departments, editorials and Saunterer paragraphs are readable and interesting, and the whole number should not fail to be read by every Oaklander.

COMMODORE SCHLEY LOST HIS TEMPER.

Some Plain Speaking to One of Cervera's Captains.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

GUANTANAMO BAY, July 11.—When Admiral Cervera and the other officers of the fleet of Spain were about to sail on the St. Louis as prisoners of war, it was discovered by Flag Lieutenant James H. Sears that the officers of the Cristobal Colon had their logbooks with them. He reported the fact to Commodore Schley, who at once ordered them seized.

The second in command, Adolphus Contreros, Captain de Frigate, came aboard the Brooklyn and asked that they be returned, as they were the only records saved. Commodore Schley said: "I will turn them over to my Government for information."

Contreros stormed and pleaded, and finally Commodore Schley lost his temper, as much as he ever does—and that is little—and said: "I do not see that you are entitled to any consideration at all. You sunk your ships after you had surrendered. You ruined your guns and did everything that a dishonorable enemy could think of. I shall hold your log."

The story told by the logbook is an interesting one. The minute details, as translated by Lieutenant Benjamin Wells, Jr., from the daily record, constitutes a complete story of the movements of Admiral Cervera's fleet from the time they left Spain to the memorable day of destruction.

THE BROOKLYN LANDED THE MOST SHELLS

What an Examination of Cervera's Ships Discloses.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 17.—There has been so much discussion over the parts taken by the American ships in the battle that destroyed Admiral Cervera's squadron and there have been so many different accounts by eye witnesses, giving the credit to one or two ships, that some figures taken from tables and charts prepared by an examining board will be of interest.

An examination of the hulks of the Spanish vessels above the present submerged water line shows the following:

Four-inch shells (fired only by the Iowa)—Infanta Maria Teresa, 1; Almirante Oquendo, 5; Vizcaya, 2.

Five-inch shells (fired only by the Brooklyn)—Infanta; Maria Teresa, 5 Vizcaya, 6; Oquendo, 5, one of which exploded a torpedo; Cristobal Colon, 4.

Eight-inch shells (fired by Brooklyn, Iowa, Oregon, and Indiana)—Teresa 3; Oquendo, 3; Vizcaya, 4.

As the Indiana did not follow the chase, she had nothing to do with the hits in the Vizcaya.

Twelve or thirteen-inch shells, only two on the Teresa, must be credited to the battleships Oregon, Indiana, Texas and Iowa, although it is quite certain that the Texas fired.

All the Spanish ships were riddled with the rapid fire of the one and six pounders carried by all the American ships.

It will be seen from this table that the greatest proportion of large shells effectively landed came from Commodore Schley's flagship, the Brooklyn, and that she placed twenty five-inch shells in the vitals of the different vessels of the enemy, pretty equally divided, except that the Vizcaya caught one extra. This demonstrated that the Brooklyn fought every ship of the Spanish squadron in turn, and landed nearly twice as many five-inch shells as all of the other vessels did eight-inch ones, and as many as all other kinds combined.

The Iowa comes next with eight four-inch shells, five of which were planted in the last vessel out of the harbor, the Almirante Oquendo.

The ten-inch shells must be divided among the four vessels firing them, although two placed in the Vizcaya undoubtedly belong to the Brooklyn's list of hits.

ARMS SUPPLIED TO THE EIGHTH.

Target Practice Soon to Begin at the Range on High Street.

The new rifles of the Eighth Regiment of volunteers arrived in camp yesterday, and now every member of the command has a gun of his own. The arms are of the Springfield pattern of the design of 1884. In a few days rifle practice will be begun at the High street range.

The issue of hardware has just been made by the regimental quartermaster and among the items are the following: 268 axes, 360 axe handles, 100 corn brooms, 30 scrubbing brooms; 462 mess pans, 170 pick axes, 1,117 shovels, 68 spades, and 6,595 tins of various descriptions. In addition the soldiers are each given a shelter tent, 1 hat, 1 pair shoes, 2 suits underclothing, 1 blouse, 1 pair trousers, and a small piece, (about three yards) of mosquito netting. The summer outfit has not been issued as yet.

CLEARING THE FUSE WORKS WRECK.

A Watch Still Being Kept For the Fragments of Remains.

A force of Chinese is engaged in clearing up the debris on the site of the wreck of the fuse works at Melrose where the explosion took place on Tuesday last. This work is being done under the supervision of William Moffitt who is at the same time, keeping a sharp lookout for any more remnants of the bodies of the unfortunates who were sacrificed in that unfortunate occurrence.

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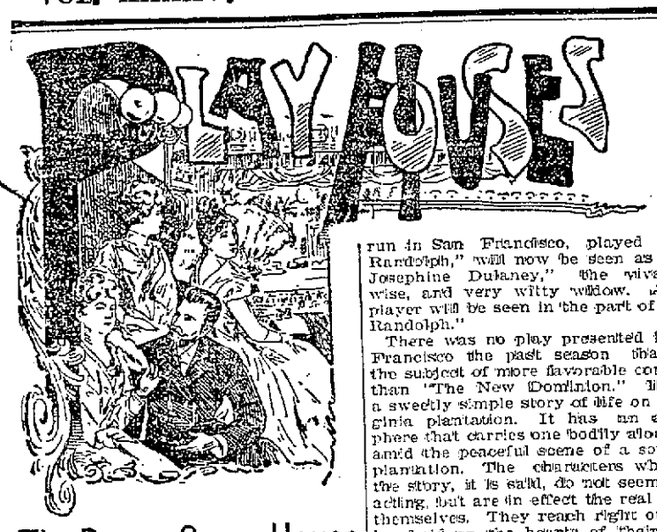

The Dewey Opera House Opens This Evening.

A Fine Play and Prospect of a Most Popular Management.

NEXT MACDONOUGH ATTRACTION

An Array of Most Interesting Bills at the Houses in San Francisco.

The Oakland Theater's career has come to a close and, in its stead, the Dewey Opera House, to-night, for the first time, appeals to the appreciation of the theater-goers of both this city and vicinity.

It is practically a new place of amusement, under a new name, a new management, with a new play appealing to the public who favor whatever is new in the world of amusement as well as in everything else.

As has been stated in these columns several times, the identity of the old place of the drama has been lost in the newly-painted and decorated interior. The old, threadbare scenery of a generation ago has been sent to the furnace, and in its stead, fresh and artistic "wings," "interiors," "exteriors," and a host of other pieces of stage craft have been supplied so that it is now possible for the management to produce in a most satisfactory manner any piece which the taste of the public demands.

It is the purpose of the management to dress the stage in every instance with new scenery and, in this respect, it proposes to do what is not done even now by the theaters across the bay.

The theater will be under the managerial care and proprietorship of Harry Jackson, whose experience as a manager as well as an actor is such as to make his success assured. He will be supported by a capable company comprising Mrs. Harry Jackson, W. L. Gleason, Mina Gleason, Charles Bates, late of the Alcazar Theater, Margaret Marshall, Fred Fairbanks, M. Manley, and Charles Ham.

The opening play will be "Over the Sea," a most thrilling and sensational piece, which is founded on the story of Charles Reade. "Never Too Late to Mend." The piece will be repeated to-morrow evening and every evening next week.

The orchestra will be under the direction of Louis Homeier, who is not only popular among the theater-goers, but who is also one of the most capable orchestral directors on the coast.

THE MACDONOUGH.

Mr. Clay Clement and his company, who, last June, created such a fine impression in San Francisco by their artistic presentation of Mr. Clement's comedy drama, "The New Dominion," have been enjoying a vacation since the close of the San Francisco run. Their tour will be resumed August 1st, when they will appear at the Macdonough Theater, giving "The New Dominion" with the same cast and production seen in San Francisco, except that Miss Lucille De Verne, who, during the run in San Francisco, played "Mrs. Randolph," will now be seen as "Mrs. Josephine Dulaney," the vivacious, wise, and very witty widow. A new player will be seen in the part of "Mrs. Randolph."

There was no play presented in San Francisco the past season that was the subject of more favorable comment than "The New Dominion." It tells a sweetly simple story of life on a Virginia plantation. It has an atmosphere that carries one bodily along and amid the peaceful scene of a southern plantation. The characters who tell the story, it is said, do not seem to be acting, but are in effect the real people themselves. They reach right out and lay hold on the hearts of their audience to the extent that their sorrows are the sorrows of the audience, and one laughs with them and at them as well as shares in their sadness.

Of the artistic work of Mr. Clement's own presentation of the sweetly sympathetic and quaintly funny German nobleman, "Baron Von Hohenstauffen," columns have been written, and it has been universally commended as one of the most artistic and interesting stage creations of the time.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Next week, the attraction at Morosco's Grand Opera House will be "The Two Orphans," which Mr. Morosco intends to revive in a most elaborate manner. This piece is one of the most thrilling plays of the present generation. It has been played in this country thousands and thousands of times, and still it has not lost its hold upon the popular heart. The play will be finely mounted and cast to the full strength of the stock company at this theater.

THE TIVOLI.

This favorite place of amusement is having another revival of fines operas and next week the piece outlined for production will be Milloecker's melodious work, "The Beggar Student." The piece has been cast in excellent manner.

THE ORPHEUM.

At the Orpheum there will be another bill of comedy and novelties next week including Valmore, the "Instrumental Man"; Joseph Hart and Carrie De Mar in the "Quiet Mr. Gay"; Gilbert and Goldie, native comedians; Lorenz and Allen, eccentric dancers; Bert Coote and Julie Kingsley, in a "Supper for Two."

THE ALCAZAR.

Next week, at the Alcazar, the play which has caused more tears to flow than any play on the boards at the present time, "East Lynne," will be revived with a fine cast. Lewis Morrison will be in one of the leading male roles.

THE COLUMBIA.

A new war drama has made its appearance. It is styled "A Gallant Surrender," and it will be the next attraction at the Columbia Theater, the Frawley Company appearing in the various roles. A great deal of interest has been manifested in the piece and there is no doubt that the performance will attract large audiences.

WITH THE WITS.

An Explanation—Lionel Brough tells a story of an old country sexton who, in showing visitors round the churchyard, used to stop at one particular tombstone and say: "This ere is the tomb of Tummas 'Ooper an' 'is eleven wolves."

On one occasion a lady said: "Eleven? Dear me! that's rather a lot, isn't it?"

The old man looked at her gravely, and then replied: "Well, mum, yer see, it war an 'obby of 'is'n."—London Tit-Bits.

Terms—Bond—Don't you realize that marriage broadens a man?

Benedict—Oh, yes; I suppose it can be put that way, but "fattens" is the word I've always used.—Boston Traveler.

Modernized—

"Where are you going, my pretty maid?"
"I'm going a-berrying, sir," she said.
"Who's to be buried, my pretty maid?"
"It's none of your funeral, sir," she said.

—Indianapolis Journal.

The Weight of Authority—An excellent story was told at a charity dinner. One day a man was brought into the accident hospital who was thought to be dead. His wife was with him. One of the doctors said: "He is dead," but the man raised his head and said: "No, I'm not dead yet;" whereupon his wife admonished him, saying: "Be quiet; the doctor ought to know best."—Pearson's Weekly.

His Idea of the Game—Friend—Say, ain't that pretty hard work?

Caddie—Well, it's pretty tough; but gee! it's er cinch compared ter what de feller I follows up has ter do.—Harper's Bazaar.

TO BE BRIEF—

Good imitations are sometimes superior to poor originals.

Every time that a man plays at the game of love he tries to cheat.

The want of money makes the mare go—in exchange for a wheel.

Sense of touch consists in knowing just whom to strike for a loan.

Some men can't screw their courage up without the aid of a corkscrew.

Strange as it may appear, nations always go to war for the sake of peace.

While there are but few female orators, all women are extemporaneous speakers.

The French chef broils the Spanish mackerel, but the Spanish humorist roasts it.

Some men are so versatile that they don't stick at one thing long enough to make a success of it.

Every singer in a quartette can point out three good reasons why the organization isn't absolutely perfect.

It may be more blessed to give than to receive, but the average man is willing to let the other fellow have the blessing.—Chicago News.

Some girls can sympathize with the rose that is born to blush unseen.

Some men are about as beneficial to their fellow-men as the hole is to a doughnut.

COLUMBIA, COLUMBIA.

(Air—"Maryland, My Maryland.")

The call to arms we hear once more,
Columbia! Columbia!
The North and South as one now are,
Columbia! Columbia!
And now our country needs us all,
To fight for her, to stand or fall,
Oh, comrades! we will heed her call,
Columbia! Columbia!

All thy brave sons you will send forth,
Columbia! Columbia!
To fight for thee and freedom's cause,
Columbia! Columbia!
And North and South will strike the blow
To crush the tyrant on these shores,
And cripple Spain for ever more,
Columbia! Columbia!

We'll free poor Cuba's struggling sons,
Columbia! Columbia!
And make the Spanish butchers run,
Columbia! Columbia!
Oh! cruel Spain! Beware! Beware!
The eagle rises in the air,
And freedom's sons united are,
Columbia! Columbia!

Manila's distant, bleeding shores,
Columbia! Columbia!
Will feel the tread of your brave sons,
Columbia! Columbia!
We'll strike the blow together, boys,
For liberty—that never dies,
And leave no tyrant 'neath the skies,
Columbia! Columbia!

Sweethearts and mothers, we must go,
Columbia! Columbia!
And some must taste most bitter woe,
Columbia! Columbia!
For we must fight, perchance must die,
But this we'll do without a sigh;
"The Maine!" it is the battle cry,
Columbia! Columbia!

AN OAKLAND GIRL.

FAIR HAWAII AN ENCHANTED REALM

Atmospheric Displays Which Rival the Splendors of the Aurora Borealis

Cloud-Capped Towers and Gorgeous Palaces of Prospero's Vision "Bathed in the Beauty of Flame."

The Muezzin's Call to Prayer Outdone By a Pious Jackass Who Warbles His Native Wood Notes Wild to Summon the Faithful to Church.

George Schelble, a printer well known on the coast, who went to Hawaii some months ago to try his fortunes as a coffee grower, has written a letter to a friend in Oakland. The following extracts from Mr. Schelble's description of life in our new possessions may be of interest to readers of the Tribune. Writing from the Pahoa Puna district of the largest island of the group, Hawaii, he says:

"There is no royal road to wealth in coffee growing. It means a lot of hard work and a long wait before one can expect to enjoy an income from the fragrant berry. But despite the difficulties of pioneering in a tropical jungle of huge ferns, as big as trees, I am more than ever in love with this country. The climate is matchless. Though the islands lie in the torrid zone and the sun is now several degrees north, there has not yet been an uncomfortably warm day. The nights are cool, blankets being required some nights, especially toward morning. While the sun is directly overhead and one at times feels its potency, its rays are tempered by the northeast trade winds, and the heat does not affect one in the least.

"This is a land for the poet and artist. Nowhere are such gorgeous colors displayed in such endless profusion. Seen through an atmosphere of crystaline clarity, the blue of the ocean and the dark green of the forests present pictures wonderously vivid and beautiful. White, fleecy clouds, blown inland from the ocean, at a certain elevation change into dank rain clouds, a shower falls, the heaven is spanned by rainbows of dazzling brilliancy, and the forces that turn nature's kaleidoscope cease only at nightfall, when a final display, more gorgeous than the rest, is flashed on the clouds that overhang the mountains.

A DOG FANCIER'S PARADISE.

"Pahoa dogs, like Kaitisha's elbow, are worth coming miles to see—at a distance. It is not often that they do the promenade or dakewalk act, for that would entail the retribution that overtakes the howling Thomas cat at midnight. They know this, and avoid human sight. When the butcher does his weekly slaughtering they come from the jungle to assist or rather harrass him, and it is then that they may be seen in all their hideousness. The butcher does his work out on the lava, and such a hungry, snapping, snarling lot of canines, as the offal is tossed to them, is not within the bounds of my capacity to describe. You watch them and wonder how the butcher manages to save any of the beef or even his life.

"Their hair is scant and looks dry and crisp and ill-nourished, like grass on arid wastes, while on their bodies shine luminous wheiks and embossed sores, and pendent tumors hang like orioles' nests.

A NAIAD POOL.

"Situated in the center of Pahoa is another striking attraction—the wash hole. About four to five feet deep and thirty feet in diameter, it has been used by the Kanakas for washing clothes since the world was young. There is no outlet or drainage. Rainfall and evaporation keep the water at a certain height, the solids of course remaining. When I first saw it the rim reminded me of an alkali lake, but closer inspection showed it was simply dried soapsuds. I call it the Sargosso Sea, from the derelict Mother Hubbards and fragments of every known garment that float on its surface and refuse to sink in the dense waters. You may wonder if people still wash clothes in this place. Of course they do. The other Sunday a Japanese maiden was shampooing her dark tresses in the maladorous liquid, and a Jap had a mustang pony nearly submerged in the pool, using it as a sheep dip.

SPEED THE PARTING GUEST.

"There is a peculiar mode of interment practiced by the natives and, so far as I am aware, confined to them. I call it the toboggan slide, and it may become popular in the States when better known. It is difficult to dig a grave here, the volcanic rock or lava necessitating blasting and heavy expense. Nature, however, has anticipated the wants of man, and long ago fashioned subterranean caves and chambers with smooth, easy declensions leading to them from the surface. Formerly the corpse was strapped to pieces of wood mounted on wooden rollers, and pushed or given a start down the decline, but this primitive mode has been superseded by the regular burial casket on iron rollers. It is maintained by some that the new method is an improvement on the old in that it is speedier.

A DEVOUT JACKASS.

"I just want to tell you about a Christian jackass that the missionaries converted. He is a resident of Pahoa. Every Sunday morning a Kanaka blows a blast on a trumpet made of bamboo. This is the cue for the jackass. Immediately the Olila forest is reverberating with a resonant hee-haw, the rich baritone notes charming the enraptured ear for at least ten minutes and calling the faithful to services. He is given the freedom of the church inclosure, and is considered as much a fixture as the edifice itself. The natives hold him in veneration as a sacred beast and the repository of profound wisdom. He sometimes utters a guttural sound during the sermon. It is difficult to tell whether this is done in approval or disapproval of a doctrinal point, but the Kanakas say he understands. You turn your eyes on the jack, and he is blinking placidly, inscrutiable as the sphinx."

News and Notes of Single Tax.

EDITED BY EDGAR POMEROY.

REMEMBER HENRY GEORGE.

(2 Pet. 2-8; Lev. 25-23.)

"He speaks not well who doth his time deplore,
Naming it new and little and obscure,
Ignoble and unfit for lofty deeds.
All times were modern in the time of them,
And this no more than others. Do they part
Here in the living day, as did the great
Who made old days immortal! So shall men,
Gazing back to this far-looming hour,
Say: 'Then the time when men were truly men;
Though wars grew less, their spirits met the test
Of new conditions; conquering civic wrong;
Saving the State anew by virtuous lives;
Guarding the country's honor as their own,
And their own as their country's and their sons';
Defying leagued fraud with single truth;
Not fearing loss; and daring to be pure.
When error through the land raged like a pest,
They calmed the madness caught from mind to mind
By wisdom drawn from old, and counsel sane;
And as the martyrs of the ancient world
Gave death for man, so nobly gave they life:
Those the great days, and that the heroic age.'"

—Ricard Watson Gilder.

"Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."

We presume that the improvements in the conditions in and around Lake Merritt, suggested by Messrs. A. Schilling et al., will be paid for out of the enhanced value of the land benefited. Otherwise the citizens will present the owners of such property with a nice little (unearned) rise in value.—E. P.

Thus the men of science of our time think and speak and the crowd follows them, while at the same time there was never a period or a people among whom science in its complete significance stood on so low a level as our science today. One part of it, that which should study what makes the life of man good and happy, is occupied in justifying the existing evil conditions of life, while another part spends its time solving questions of idle curiosity. —Aetna—Count Leo H. Tolstoy.

RAISING THE RENT.

"I'll be wanting another hundred rent from you for the dairy farm this coming year."

"What's that for?"

"Well, you see, the Westchester assessors have raised the taxes on my land, and I must get it back in the rent."

"I am paying all I can now; and I can get another place just as good at the same figure."

"You can, eh? Well, I don't know of any other pasture land like that to let around here."

"There is some all the same. Rockefeller is going to rent out some of his, because his taxes are so high that he wants to get part of them back."

"Yes, but you won't want to lose the good will of your business by changing your location."

"Well, I might as well lose it by going away from it; as by paying all the profits over to you."

"Times are hard and I must get the tax back somewhere."

"I am sorry that your tax has increased, just as I am that you got on the wrong side of the wheat market, but I will only pay what the hire of the land is worth, and I am paying that now."

"But they are going to tax the buildings up to their full value, too. I got that part put in myself."

"Ah, says the tenant, "then I'm afraid, sir, that the new company won't build the cottages they talked of."

"No; the houses are needed badly enough, but they say it is too risky to set out bait for assessors; so the buildings scheme has fallen through. And that puts me in mind the lease of your house runs out, too, next May. You will have to pay me more rent for that anyhow, for there won't be so many houses offered since the company has quit building."

The tenant went away pondering on what a curious thing taxes are. The tax on the land seemed to make land cheaper, but the tax on the houses seemed to make houses dearer.—Bolton Hall—The American Fabian.

SPLENDID OPENINGS.

A Los Angeles paper of recent date contained an editorial under the title "Openings for Americans," predicting that after the settlemen of the Cuban question fully one million Americans will be added to the population of that fertile island, thereby "relieving the crowded condition of the United States and materially increasing its sources of wealth and prosperity."

It will strike most people who read the statement that the idea of the United States being in a "crowded condition," as to population, is too absurd for serious thought. In our more than four million square miles of territory there is room enough for the entire population of the world to live comfortably and happily, under free conditions. Yet our present population is sufficient to place only about fourteen persons on each square mile of land. The conditions are crowded only in a few cities, and there only through the curse of landlordism. Destroy that octopus and there would be no serious crowding anywhere within our extensive domain. But so long as natural resources are monopolized under the sanction of law there will surely be not only crowding, but unrest, poverty, misery and crime on all sides.

If Cuba should ever be freed from Spanish rule, doubtless many Americans will rush in there and settle. If natural resources on that island were kept free for the use of all alike, and land grabbing positively prohibited, the settlers could easily live and prosper. But if there shall be in Cuba a system of land tenure, rent-grabbing, and industry-burdening, such as prevails in the United States, the condition there, as here, will be simply that of industrial slavery, with increasing intensity and multiplying social evils, as population becomes more dense, land more valuable and the struggle for existence more fierce.

As for the Cuban settlers "increasing the sources of wealth and prosperity" on the island, that is impossible, as the optimistic Los Angeles editor ought to know. Such sources are those natural elements comprised in the general term, land. Those resources can neither be increased nor diminished by anything which man can do. All human beings equally have a natural right of access to them. The single tax would enable every one to exercise that God-given right without interference by man-made laws or customs.—Ralph Hoyt.

JUST SO!

A sofa is often used as a spoon-holder.

Nothing pleases a loafer better than to annoy a busy man.

No woman who carries a watch is sure that it's correct.

When a man gets beaten at any game he always says he's out of practice.

Only a small per cent of the money saved up for rainy days is invested in umbrellas.

Whenever a man is elected to an office he looks around for an assistant to do the work.

A man's wife is apt to figure in the things he attributes to circumstances over which he has no control.

Chinese Contradictions

The Chinese compass points to the south instead of the north.

Men wear their hair long, women wear it short.

Men carry on dressmaking, women carry burdens.

The spoken language is not written, and the written language is not spoken.

Books are read backwards. Footnotes are inserted at the top of the page.

The Chinese dress in white at funerals, and in mourning at weddings, while old women always serve as bridesmaids.

The Chinese launch their vessels sideways, and mount their horses from the off side.

The Chinese begin their dinner with dessert and end with soup and fish.

In China the hands of the clocks are immovable; it is the dial that revolves. —From the Richmond Christian Advocate.

A first lieutenant in the regular army was bidding goodby to some friends recently on his departure for Tampa to join his regiment, and was to stop off in Washington. "But you are not in uniform," said a friend. "Not much," replied the West Pointer. "Do you suppose I'm going to show my gray head for a lot of boy colonels in Washington to laugh at—with only a lieutenant's patch on my shoulders."

"Sagie," said the Queen with cunning cajolery, "there is no rainy season in the Canaries, is there?" "No, Your majesty," replied the premier with a solemn salaam. "I was thinking, Sagie," suggested the Queen, "that we might ask Mr. Rothschild if we could soak them for awhile."

"Ever notice how a man may try to be so truthful that no one will believe him?" "Many a time. There is Ballou, for instance. He, instead of saying that his new baby weighed ten pounds went about the streets telling that it weighed nine pounds and fifteen ounces."

The ambi-dexterity with which Lillian Russell puts on and off martialties has led an admirer of the brevity of Sectionhand Finnegan's report to say:

Off again,
On again,
Gay again,
—Lillian.

Oakland Singers Win Praise in Distant Cities.

San Jose Prize For Singing Has Been Brought Here.

GOSSIP HEARD IN LOCAL STUDIOS

Mrs. Fred Clark of Berkeley is the New Soloist at the First Baptist Church.

Oakland's reputation as a musical center received most emphatic endorsement a few days ago in San Jose, in a manner which extended her fair fame in a most demonstrative manner throughout the State.

The merited honor was bestowed on the recent turnfest which was held in the Santa Clara metropolis.

While in a turnfest the principle feature is the display of agility and physical strength, there is also another feature, namely, music, to which each of the competing turn vereins gives more or less attention, each verein having, as a general thing, a singing section which is always under the charge of a competent instructor and director. These singing section are composed of the best voices of the turn vereins to which they are attached. The members are men who appreciate music for music's sake, have a musical ear as well as a musical voice, and are disposed to devote no inconsiderable part of their time in becoming proficient, both as individuals and members in the rendition of the pretty love songs and glees which have fallen with so much inspiration from the pens of the German composers.

At the fest in question there came together the saenger as will as the turn vereins, and the emulous rivalry was not less intense between those who strove for the ascendency in the musical than it was between those who sought for mastery on the horizontal bars.

And such a gathering, too, as there was of those round-bodied, deep-chested, knotty-muscled warblers. They came from all the larger cities of California. They came with records, in some instances to make; in others to maintain. They came in the self-consciousness of perfection, and their confident directors prevailed on most of the members to pay court to the Muse, with a view to earning her gracious favor, to the exclusion of libations poured at the shrine of Gambrinus, at least until after the ownership of the wreath of laurel should be decided upon.

There were linnets from the Arion, throstles from the Schwaben Verein, and larks from the Mission Turners in San Francisco; nightingales from San Jose; bobolinks from Los Angeles; humming birds from Sacramento; mocking birds from Stockton; whip-poor-wills from Alameda, and a whole cage full of golden-hued sweet-voiced canaries from Oakland.

And, of course, the canaries sang as canaries can sing and do sing. They sang so that all the other warblers from far away Los Angeles to the old, tried, true, capable and confident carollers from the San Francisco leafy bowers, acknowledged their superiority, and in unison made the air reverberate with a roundelay in honor of the modest and proficient songsters from the Athens of the Pacific.

If there had been a close competition between the home singers and those from abroad, there would have been little to felicitate over, despite the fact that victory at any cost would have been appreciated by some of the vereins. But the margin was so great between the Oakland men and their competitors that others were almost left out of consideration.

When one considers the advantage which the San Francisco vereins have the greater opportunity which is afforded them of more careful and more extensive study, the victory which the Oakland singers achieved is one of which they may be deservedly proud.

This victory was succeeded by the best of good fellowship, for which the way had been paved by another fortunate circumstance which from the outset of the meeting brought the Oakland contingent into prominence. This was the popularity of the refrain, which, like a thread of melody in a composition, ran through the fest. It was a refrain which was hummed from morning till night. The air was catchy, the movement lively and the theme inspiring and patriotic. This was the refrain which originated with the Oakland men. It consisted simply of the word "Dewey" wedded to music which filled every ear. It is customary when these societies come together for each to bring with it an original composition. This was done in this instance, but none of the other vereins had received the inspiration of the Muse as had the Oakland composer. For all of which the turners and singers and their many friends here are pleased indeed.

By way of commemorating the event on Wednesday night of this week the verein and singing section held a commers and talked the battle over and shared the battle's spoil.

The singing section of the Oakland Turn Verein is under the direction of Prof. Albrecht and the following are the members who won for it its glory.

First tenor—William Ringk, A. Koester, G. Stall.

Second tenor—Clement Kayser, Ernst Rehor.

First bass—H. W. Kleinenbroitch, E. Kienworth, J. Korn, H. Loeffler.

Second bass—E. Mueller, H. Feldmann, Frank Deslow, Julius Baumgarten and Adolph Schubert.

Mrs. Fred L. Clark, the well known contralto singer of Berkeley, has accepted a flattering engagement with the First Baptist Church of Oakland. Mrs. Clark, who is a pupil of Miss Anna Miller Wood and Madame Roswald, will give a concert in Berkeley in the near future. She will be assisted by Oakland talent.

Miss Anna Miller Wood, contralto of the First Unitarian Church of Boston, arrived in San Francisco on Monday evening and will visit her mother at her home, 2817 Clay street, until November, when Miss Wood returns to Boston for the winter.

THE TENOR.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

One newspaper describes it as an appetite for islands.

Mr. Richard Mansfield has added himself to our foreign troubles.

Some men were born patriots, some subscribe for bonds and some drink beer.

The war bulletins will have to spruce up if they want to hold their own with the new circus posters.

The war punsters are in a deplorable plight. They haven't been able to do anything with Shafter's name.

There is no record that Lieutenant Hobson stopped to enquire whether it was a war of conquest or of liberation.

This tax on tea is altogether a different thing from the one we refused to pay a hundred and twenty-odd years back.

The commencement orator may have his faults, but he doesn't ask the administration for a commission before going in and saving the country.

The boy stood on the burning deck,
Whence all but him had flew.
Until the baseball game was called,
And then he, too, withdrew.

"I'm sorry America did not buy the O'Higgins," said the captain of the Temararic, tentatively. "I would like to have had a shot at that Chili old mark."

Cevera loved a Yankee girl:
His Spanish heart was in a whirl.
She would not love him, when or how,
I wonder loves he Yankee now?

The movement for free baths in St. Louis would be better appreciated by the rest of the country were it known whether the St. Louis water is to be distilled for the bathers.

A war correspondent's obituary:
Died for his country in his youth;
No more his pencil flies.
Reader, at last you have the truth:
Beneath this stone he lies.

"You don't seem to take any interest in this discussion on the pronounciation of Spanish names." "What's the use. The chances are that there won't be any Spanish names in a month or two."

The horrors of this war will notbe fully realized until the colonels and majors and generals get back home and begin to announce themselves "In response to the urgent solicitation of many citizens."

A man who was recently put off a Rochester street car for carrying, though not smoking, a lighted cigar, sued the company for damages. But the judge promptly threw the case out of court.

Miss Christine Bradley is the name of the young woman who christened the battleship Kentucky. She christened it with water, which proves that Kentucky will take anything from a lady—even water.

A London dispatch says that the Queen Regent may secure a small loan from her uncle in Austria, although it is generally believed that everything but the Queen's shirt waist buttons were pawned already.

"If we were not alone on the water in this little cockleshell of a launch I should try to kiss you," said the very young ensign to an Annapolis widow. "Sir," said the lady, with proper spirit, "take me to shore instantly!"

"Maw, what is a 'heritage'?" asked the anxious angel. "It says here, 'the glorious heritage of liberty.'" "'Heritage' is what you receive from your father and me, Bobby." "Then when liberty was young he was gloriously spanked, too, eh?"

"That was a foul tip but the umpire couldn't hear it if he wanted to," said the unofficial announcer at the ball game. "He caught a foul tip in the ear once an' is a bit deaf," explained the blue-bearded man, "an' he's been wearin' earmuffs ever since."

The laws of Mexico provide that a Mormon who wishes to take a second wife must present a certificate signed by his first helpmeet to the effect that she is willing; and he must also have the expressed consent of the second wife and her parents.

"Can you write dramatic criticisms?" asked the managing editor. "Can I?" replied applicant for a job. "When I was on the Bugle, in Plunkville, the population used to go to the theater in droves the second night to find out what I had been talking about."

Tribune Classified

Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.

Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.

One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month........................50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

½c per word for 1 insertion.
1c per word for 3 insertions.
2c per word for 6 insertions.

For discounts on term contracts, address
ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 421 Tenth st.

CASTRO'S TAMALES are first class; furnished banquets and lodges. 617 San Pablo ave.

FURNITURE WANTED—We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1511-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers. Tel. red-423.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

THE BEST furnished and cheapest rooms in town; scrupulously clean; baths; elevator. Brunswick Hotel.

ONE FURNISHED and one unfurnished room in the new, sunny building at 405 Thirteenth, cor. Franklin st.

FOR RENT—Funished; nice, pleasant, sunny room for gentleman; private family. 555 Twenty-fifth st.

SUNNY front rooms; can be arranged for housekeeping; single rooms $1 up. 863 Washington st.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM with dressing room; good board; first class location; for one or two persons; special rates for two persons. 1356 Harrison st.

TWO NICE front rooms for light housekeeping; from $10 up. Brunswick Hotel.

FURNISHED ROOMS—One or more for housekeeping. 1119 Jefferson, opposite Metropole.

ROOMS AND OFFICES—Bath; no transients. 1055 Washington st.

FOR RENT—Large, sunny furnished room in private family. Apply at 956 West st., two blocks from Market st. station. No children.

ONE NICE large front suite; suitable for two gentlemen; very reasonable. Brunswick Hotel.

TO LET—Neatly furnished rooms at $1, $1.25 and $1.50 a week. Apply 409 9th st.

HANDSOME furnished rooms for offices; also rooms for housekeeping, with gas stoves. 1010½ Washington st. No children.

TWO large corner rooms; light housekeeping permitted. 658 Eighth st., cor. Grove.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

COTTAGES CHEAPER THAN SINGLE ROOM RENT—A chance to make a selection from our list of 3, 4 and 5 room cottages, large yards, with or without stables; only ten minutes' ride on cars from 11th street; good neighborhood; high, healthy location; rent $5.50 to $10; city water included; don't fail to see them because they are cheap. R. J. MONTGOMERY, 1112 Broadway.

FOR RENT—Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. 1518 Seventh ave., one block from electric cars.

FOR RENT—Suburban residence; house nine rooms; modern conveniences; bath; laundry; good well; engine for pumping; gas machine; barn; chicken houses, etc.; four acres of ground; $40 per month. Apply to E. P. Vandercook & Co., 453 Ninth st.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED

WIDOW LADY would like two or more children to board in a good home; terms reasonable. Address 718 Eighth st., Oakland.

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—Furnished house of about six rooms, east of Broadway and south of Eighteenth. Address S., box 8, this office.

WANTED—Modern cottage and lot; of five or six rooms; central location; state lowest cash price. Address P. O. box 495.

TWO ADULTS would rent a neatly furnished house or flat within one mile of narrow gauge depot, until January 1, 1899. Address H. C., 724 Turk st., San Francisco.

FLATS TO RENT.

LOWER FLOOR—Three clean, sunny rooms; separate entrance; nice grounds; central. 615 Fifteenth st.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED—Upper floor; three rooms; bath; no children; rent reasonable. 569 Castro st.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x115 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $750 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland.

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—Oakland Towel Co., account sickness. Apply 410 Thirteenth st., Oakland.

AN EXCELLENT opportunity to purchase an established cycle business, including the agency for a high grade wheel, bicycle material, full rental line, and repair stock, tools, etc.; in the city of Oakland; prominent location. Address A. P., box 8, this office.

FOR SALE—Half interest in undertaking and furniture business, on account of going East. Apply Robert Bleakley, 2122 Center, Berkeley.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

LADIES' NURSE—Would go in all cases of sickness. Bourn, 816 Alice.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality. Tel. 578 black—6 bells.

RELIABLE male and female help for all kinds of work, of all nationalities, furnished promptly by leaving orders with J. P. Johnston & Co., 872 Broadway, Okd.

SEAMSTRESS, fine sewer, $1 a day. 1312 Grove st.

A COMPETENT WOMAN wishes a position to work by day, and to do washing and ironing and house cleaning. Address 956 Third st.

A GERMAN GIRL wants a place for general housework and cooking; wages $20. 826 Lydia near West, bet. Twenty-first and Twenty-second sts.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 525 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 2291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; large family; no washing; wages $20. 945 Chestnut st., near Tenth.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in Golden Gate; wages $15. Call at No. 1054 First ave.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A position as electric apprentice; wages no object. Address W. W. B., box 8, this office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

DETECTIVE—Shrewd, reliable man wanted in every locality for profitable secret service; experience unnecessary. Write, American Detective Association, Indianapolis, Ind.

AGENTS WANTED.

WAR BOOM—There never was a better time to make money from conservative investments in wheat, stocks and cotton than now; only small capital required; open correspondence with us; we will not flood you with worthless literature, but tell you how to succeed in the speculative markets. SPECIAL ADVICE sent free to correspondents. Our special advice last week made money for all who acted upon it. "THE G. W. WYLIE CO.," 11 Wall st., New York.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

MARTIN & ROBINSON—Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 15 and 16, 921 Broadway.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law, Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public. 1003½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 906 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 48-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 88.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 3, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 861 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 1054½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 857 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 59 McAllister st., corner McAllister st.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

DR. E. J. ELAIR, physician and surgeon; residence and office 567 Fourteenth st.; hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 7:30 to 9 P. M.; telephone main 155.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

CLAIRVOYANTS

JUST ARRIVED—Madame Simmons of New York, acknowledged by press and public the greatest clairvoyant and magnetic healer in the United States; past, present and future revealed; great on love and business; all who are in trouble should consult with me and I will show you a way out of your difficulty; so don't fail to see me. 905 Washington st., Denver House, rooms 1 and 2.

MRS. WEST, Trance Medium, consults on all business affairs; spiritual magnetic healer; card readings, 25c; short time only. 462 Ninth st., Henry House, room 9.

FOR EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—A first class surrey, good as new, for a first class phaeton buggy. Address C. W., box 2.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

Gilt Edge Investment.—Pays 6 per cent net on the capital invested; absolutely safe; secured by first mortgage. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

GENUINE BARGAINS.

$1,500—Cottage and lot on Brush st.; six rooms and bath; high basement; cost present owner $2,500; easy terms if desired; street work all done; house in excellent condition. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$500—Fifty feet front on Twenty-second st. bet. San Pablo ave. and Market st.; street work all done; cement walks laid; easily worth $1,000; to see it is to buy it. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$180—On a macadamized street in Oakland; choice building lots for $6 per front foot; two lines of electric cars and not far from local trains; fine neighborhood; unquestionably cheapest lots in city. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$2,000—Cottage on Brush st. near Fourteenth; lot 25 feet front; house of six rooms and bath; all in good repair; east front; a bargain. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

WANTED—A piece of business property, centrally located, worth from $8,000 to $12,000, mortgaged; the owner can exchange his equity for a fine piece of residence property, clear of incumbrance. What have you to offer?

WILLIAM J. DINGEE.
WILLIAM J. DINGEE.

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

BARGAINS.
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BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.

$3,150—Modern flats; well located; rented $32 per month; convenient and desirable.

$850—Neat four room cottage; Peralta st., near Fourteenth st.; in first class order.

$2,500—Two story house, eight rooms; good order; rents $22.50; central location; Tenth and Grove sts.

$5,500—Cost owner $8,500; Broadway business corner; fair building; rents $25 per month; bank mortgage $3,000; on account of going East owner will exchange equity for clear real estate.

$1,100 each—Two cottages, six rooms and bath each; lot 25x100; rents $10; location south of Seventh near Grove st.

$1,400—A bargain on easy terms; $150 cash, $15 month; fine seven room cottage at Twenty-third ave. (would cost more to build); lot 37x140; being sold for the bank rather than rent it; see this.

$3,000—West st.; a modern cottage home, six rooms below and two above; well built; lot 35x100; make an offer.

$1,000—Two story seven room house and stable; lot 25x133; near Thirty-second and San Pablo ave.

$4,500—Foreclosure compels a sacrifice; corner 60x75; seven room cottage; choicest and central location; four blocks of Eleventh and Broadway; any offer considered.

$2,750—Only $750 cash, balance to bank, at 8 per cent; cost owner $4,500; fine modern bay window cottage, five rooms, barn; corner lot 100x125; fronts Piedmont car line; a special bargain.

CHEAP LOTS—
$650—45x104, near Twenty-ninth and Telegraph; sacrifice.
$140—25x100; Temescal, near two car lines.
$1,000—40x100, Twenty-first near Telegraph.
$650—50x140, Thirty-second near West.
$375 each—One or two acres at Elmhurst.
$1,500—45x100, on Telegraph near Twenty-ninth st.

LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
Office and Salesrooms,
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.

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DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES—Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, sewing machine, chickens, etc.; owner going East. Inquire 1615 Fruitvale ave.

FOR SALE—Fine Fischer Square Piano, $85; installments $2.50 per month. 934 Filbert st., near Tenth.

FOR SALE—Two small horses, harness and light spring wagon; cheap. Apply 570 San Pablo ave., Oakland.

FOR SALE CHEAP—First class Columbus buggy, nearly new. No. 10 Portland ave., East Oakland, junction Fourth and Fifth aves.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

$1,750—COLONIAL COTTAGE; five rooms and bath; lot 37½x100; a bargain. Address O. W. E., box 2, this office.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x141 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE.

BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.

$1,200—A neat cottage of seven rooms and bath, with lot 50x100, situate on Twenty-fifth ave., East Oakland.

$4,500—A beautiful corner home on Eighth st., nine rooms and bath; lot 44x150; reduced from $5,650; owner would accept a good cottage home in part payment.

$2,800—New modern residence in Peralta Heights; eight rooms and bath; lot 50 x125.

$2,650—Will buy a nice modern six room cottage with lot 42x120; situate near Telegraph ave.

$2,600—Splendid investment; a cottage of seven rooms and bath; near corner of San Pablo ave. and Twentieth st.

$1,200—Beautiful building lot on Chestnut st., 40x100; choice surroundings; five feet above street grade; worth $1,600.

BELDEN & COOK.
The Leading
REAL ESTATE DEALERS and
INSTALLMENT HOME BUILDERS
1112 BROADWAY Near Thirteenth St.

THE FAMOUS
ADAMS POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering the the first subdivision of the famous "Adams Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 130 to 150 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.
A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

453 NINTH STREET.
453 NINTH STREET.
453 NINTH STREET.

$2,750—Comfortable cottage of six rooms; lot 27½x100; on San Pablo ave. near Twenty-fifth st.; future business property.

One of the most elegant homes in the city will be offered by us for a short time at one-half its cost, account of owner's departure; full particulars at our office.

$12,500—Fifteen acres fine fruit or vegetable land; very desirable for subdivision into residence lots or for suburban residence; situate close to elegant homes in Seminary Park; comfortable house, barn, fruit trees, etc.

$250—Lot 34x184, in Teachers' tract, Berkeley; cheap.

$750—Choice corner lot in East Oakland Heights; fine elevation; good view.
$2,200—Lot 60x100 on Telegraph ave.

Property of all kinds, business, residence, inside and outside, at the lowest prices.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

453 NINTH STREET.
453 NINTH STREET.

AT PRIVATE SALE.
CHOICE BUILDING LOTS IN THE SANFORD TRACT,
CORNER SEMINARY AVENUE AND SAN LEANDRO ROAD, NEAR —FRUITVALE.—
ON THE LINE OF THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
One-fourth——CASH——One-fourth
BALANCE IN 6, 12 AND 18 MONTHS,
INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT PER ANNUM, PAYABLE QUARTERLY.
POSITIVELY THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITY EVER OFFERED TO PURCHASERS OF CHEAP LOTS ON THE LINE OF THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
ONLY ONE-FOURTH CASH.
BALANCE IN 6, 12 AND 18 MONTHS.
ONLY 8 PER CENT INTEREST.
200—BEAUTIFUL LOTS—200
FROM $100 UP.
TO REACH THE PROPERTY GET OFF AT SEMINARY PARK STATION.
THE SEMINARY PARK STATION OF THE LOCAL ROAD IS WITHIN EASY REACH. MANY OF THE LOTS FRONT ON SEMINARY AVENUE AND SAN LEANDRO ROAD.
THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY PASS THE PROPERTY EVERY FEW MINUTES.
TITLE PERFECT.
REMEMBER THE TERMS.
SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT PER ANNUM, PAYABLE QUARTERLY.
FOR MAPS AND FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO
——S. S. AUSTIN,——
1101 TWENTY-THIRD AVENUE, EAST OAKLAND.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Card case containing pass No. 82 on Piedmont division of the Syndicate Railways. Return to Heron & Holcomb, 1050 Broadway, and receive reward.

LOST—Black purse containing small gold and silver, on Thirteenth st. bet. Jackson and Harrison. Return to S. W. cor. of Jackson and Thirteenth and receive reward.

LOST—Bull terrier; all white; one eye looks like glass. Reward by returning to 964 Thirty-fourth st.

HYPNOTISM.

HYPNOTISM—Sick subject wanted; fare paid; Thursdays. 2267 Clinton ave., cor. Oak, Alameda.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED. D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 Ninth st.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, jewelry, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc., by private party. King's, 457 Ninth st.

EDUCATIONAL.

SPANISH LESSONS by native and experienced teacher. 1119 Jefferson, cor. Thirteenth.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 478½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 513.

DRESSMAKERS.

DRESSMAKING and millinery parlors, 516 Eleventh st., rooms 1 and 2; stylish suits, $5; country orders solicited.

OFFICIAL RECORDS.

FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898.

DEEDS.

July 22, 1898—Action No. 14,784, Caroline Madsen vs. Ole Madsen by F. C. Jordan County Clerk to Caroline Madsen wf Ole, Okd, All int N 18th st 50 E Market st E 60 N 50 W to a pt 48 E from E Market st th S 14-6 E 2 S 36 to beg, Grant.

July 12, 1898—John Q. & Howard W. Adams to Chas. S. Neal, E Okd, SE E-14th st and 17th av SE 150 x SW 140; NE 17th av and E-12th st SE 150 x NE 140 blk 12; deed and assignment—being all int as heirs at law of Nellie A. Adams dec'd, as to above, $2000.

July 22, 1898—Jas. J. & Kate Carroll to Pacific Coast Loan Assn, Okd Anx, NW Shasta and Grove sts W 120 x N 135, being ptn blk T, Alpine tct, $1500.

July 22, 1898—Sarah A. McKee to Chas. H. Kruger, Okd Anx, N Stanley st 234.91 E Grove st N 129.50 E 108.14 S 131.84 W 108.14 to beg, being lots 9, 10, and E 8.06 ft lot 8 blk H, McKee tct, $850.

July 20, 1898—Geo. Chalmers to Mary S. Chalmers, Bkly, S Durant av 100 W Audubon st 50 x S 130 blk 9, Ppty College Hd Assn, Gift.

July 8, 1898—Phi Delta Theta of Bkly (cptn) to Frank S. Oliver, Bkly, SE Durant av and Choate st E 110 x S 90 blk 10, College Hd, QCD, $2700.

July 13, 1898—Stephen G. Nye extr Estate Stephen L. Peasley to Emily A. V. Brownell, Bkly, W Spaulding av 605.2 S Addison st N 145 W 129.25 S 145 E 129.25 to beg, being ptn blk 2, Spaulding tct, $790.

May 6, 1898—Christine Spreckels tr Diedrich, Anna J., Louis, Agnes F. A., & Henry P. Spreckels to Kate Lewis wf Jos., Bklyn Tp, 4.97 acres, being lot 6, O'Rourke tct, QCD, $5.

May 6, 1898—Henry P. Spreckels to Same, Bklyn Tp, Same, QCD, $5.

July 2, 1898—Juan J. Comargo to Mrs. S. I. Graham, Mur'y Tp, The W ½ of a certain 2-acre tct in fractl N ½ of Sec 8 Tp 3 S R 2 E, being the same 2 acre tct that was conveyed to E Bernal Oct. 4, 1869, $175.

July 20, 1898—** Jos. Blondine et al by comr to Anspacher Bros. (a optn), Mur'y Tp, The W ½ of NW ¼ Sec 27 contg 80 acres; The S ¼ of W ½ of SW ¼ Sec 27, contg 20 acres; The E ½ of NE ¼ of Sec 28, contg 80 acres; The E ½ of SE ¼ Sec 28, contg 80 acres; also the NW ¼ and N ½ of SW ¼ Sec 34, contg 240 acres, All in Tp 2 S R 2 E, $12,125.

July 22, 1898—Oakland Loan & Invest. Co. to Chas. N. Wood, Okd, N Simpson av 150 W Telegraph av W 50 N 111.97 E 50 S 111.92 to beg, lot 38, Simpson tct, $3771.

July 22, 1898—Kenneth & Marion L. Mackenzie to W. F. Rudolph, Okd, W San Pablo av 200 N Curve st N 25 W 90.75 W 51.23 S 25 E 60.58 E 100 to beg, lot 5 blk A, Grove tct, $10.

July 21, 1898—Wm. F. & Nevada L. Rudolph to Marion L. Mackenzie wf K., Okd, W Market 276 N 22d N 26 x W 125 blk 636, $10.

June 14, 1898—F. J. & Dell C. Woodward, S. C. & H. J. Martin et al by comr to Mary K. Commins, E Okd, SW E-17th st 200 SE 13th av SE 71.5 SW 100 NW 71.5 NE 100 to beg blk —, Clinton, $345.

July 22, 98—John P Beckett to Melville Auerbach, Okd Anx, N 37th 375 E Market E 37.50 x N 148, ptn lots 4, 5 Becketts 2d Addn to Okd, $468.

July 22, 98—Same to Hiram M Fetterhoff, Okd Anx, N 37th st 450 E Market st W 37.50 S 148 to beg being the E 37.50 ft lot 5 of Becketts 2d Addn to Okd, $468.

July 20, 98—Chas McCarthy to Ada P Roberts, wf J S, Okd Anx, und ¾ int lot 5 blk L, Golden Gate tract. To correct former deed, $10.

May 5, 98—Geo T and Adelia S Hawley to Domenico Paroni, Bkly, N Woolsey st 175 W Deakin st W 50 x N 135, $10.

July 21, 98—Annie E and J G F Ollerich to Geo M Sheldon, Bkly, NE Woolsey and Hooper sts N 100 x E 50 being lot 8 blk 5, Central Park tract subj to a mtge for $800, $10.

July 20, 98—Martha G Bailey to Same, Bkly, S Prince st 60 W Grove st S 135.5 E 60 135.5 th 60 to beg being lot 1 blk 5, Central Park tract, $500.

July 16, 98—North Alameda Land Co to E D Collins wf Wm R, Bklyn Tp, lots 2 and 3 blk 2, North Alameda tract, $700.

** Jos Blondine, Daniel A Smith, Mary E Geary, Edine C Jones, Hans R Anderson, Maurice Casey, B Pearce, Anspacher Bros and Bank of Livermore by comr.

PROBATE.

11,377 S F—June 28, 98—Est Lorenzo Sawyer, Decree distribution to John Quincy Adams as admr Est Nellie A Adams, SE E-14th st and 17th av SE 150 x SW 140, ptn blk 12, E Okd.

NE 17th av and E-12th st SE 150 x NE 140, E Okd.

To Timothy Hopkins as trustee for Sherwood Hopkins Adams (a minor) Southern Pacific Railroad of Arizona, bonds etc.

To Prescott Sawyer, Stocks, bonds etc.

To Houghton Sawyer, ppty in S F and Santa Barbara Counties and personal ppty.

To Prescott and Houghton Sawyer (share and share alike) any real or personal ppty not now known or discovered.

MORTGAGES.

July 22, 98—Manuel G de Rosa to E H Gansberger, Eden Tp, 6 acres beg at a stake set NE 62 lks distant from NE cor 7 acre tract of Jacinto Lorenzo and on S line road from Watkins st to Wicks Ldg th NE 3.89 chs SE 15.42 chs to beg, 1 year, 8 per cent, $1,065.

July 21, 98—Frank S Oliver to Pacific Coast Loan Assn, Bkly, SE Durant av and Choate st E 110 x S 90 blk 10, College Hd, 6 years, 8 per cent, $2,000.

July 8, 98—Phi Delta Theta of Bkly (cpn) to Lena C Young, Bkly, NE Durant av and Dana st N 130 x E 50 blk 1, Beaver tract, 2 years, 8 per cent, $3,250.

July 21, 98—Martin B and Delia Smith to Albert S Woodbridge, Okd Tp, S Park av 2,548 W San Pablo av S 125 E 106.6 N 125 W 106.6 to beg being ptn blk blk 24, in Plot 6 Ro V and D Peralta, 1 year, 8 per cent, $2,000.

July 11, 98—J S and Ada P Roberts to S F and Okd Mut Loan Assn, Okd Anx, N Grace av 120 E Lovell st N 95.91 E to E line Plot 43 Ro V and D Peralta, S 43 W to beg being ptn Golden Gate tract, 1 year, 8 per cent, $300.

July 15, 98—Euladia and Wm R. Collins to Continental B & L Assn, Bklyn Tp, S Boehmer st 47.15 W Fruitvale av W 50 x S 100 blk 2, North Alameda tct, 7 years, 6 per cent, $1,000.

DEEDS OF TRUST.

July 21, 1898—C. H. & Ernestine A. Kruger to R. J. McMullen and W. D. Moody trs Oakland Loan & Inv. Co., N Stanley st 234.91 E Grove st N 129.50 N 108.14 S 131.84 W 108.14 to beg blk 4, McKee tract, Okd Annex; $1,225.

July 20, 1898—Jos. Freitas to Isaac L. Requa and W. W. Garthwaite, trustees Okd Bank of Savings, E Harlan st 80-1 N from NW Peralta st N 75 x E 135 blk 803, Watts tract map 2, Okd; $425.

June 8, 1898—Mary H. K. Pelton to same, W Filbert st 237.69 NW 14th st N 50 x W 125 blk 590, Galindo tract, Okd; $2,200.

July 20, 1898—Patrick Flynn to J. West Martin and Wm. G. Henshaw, trustees Union Savings Bank, S Railroad av 75 W Center st W 50 x S 109 blk 494, Okd; $2,500.

July 20, 1898—Chas. N. Wood to same, N Jones st 109.37 E Grove st E 25 N 105-8 W 25 S 106 to beg; N 30th st 82 W Linden st W 25 x N 100 blk 663, Glascock tract; N 32d st 100 E Grove st E 50 x N 150 blk 2043, Rowland tract; N Simpson av 150 W Telegraph av W 50 N 111.97 E 50 S 111.92 to beg being ptn Simpson tract, Okd; $4,500.

RELEASES.

June 18, 1898—Mary R. Young to Maurice S. Woodhams, 534 m 297, SE Durant av and Choate st E 110 x S 90 blk 10, College Hd, Bkly; $1,200.

Marginal—Albert S. Woodbridge to M. B. and Delia Smith, 367 m 265, S Para av 2548 W San Pablo av S 125 E 106-6 N 125 W 106-6 to beg plot 6 Ro V and D Peralta, Okd Tp; $2,700.

Marginal—E. H. Gansberger to Manuel G. de Rosa, 447 m 105, 6 acres as in mtge, Eden Tp; $1,000.

July 2, 1898—A. W. Feldler and S. I. Graham to J. J. Comargo, 482 m 214, as in deed to Mrs. S. I. Graham, Murray Tp; $89.

July 22, 1898—Pacific Coast Loan Assn to J. J. and Kate Carroll, 517 m 224, NW Shasta and Grove sts W 120 x N 135 blk T, Alpine tract, Okd Annex; $1,400.

April 15, 1898—German S. & L. Society to Geo. F. Von S. and Helen Von S. Rattonitz, 567 m 333, lots 14, 16, 18 and 20 and subs 1 and 2 of lot 21 and sub 3 of lot 22 in blk 15, Daley's Scenic Park tract, Bkly; $2,250.

July 21, 1898—Ildegonda Beretta to Franklin Bangs, 478 m 55, lot 18 blk 2043, Rowland tract, Okd; $600.

July 20, 1898—Hibernia S. & L. Society to W. G. Taylor, Sr., 344 m 327, NE Cypress and 20th sts N 263-6 x E 339-6, Okd; $729.

July 21, 1898—Jessie P. Pond to Fredk and Anna C. Bammann, 574 m 317, S Pacific av 210 W Walnut st W 40 x S 150-2 blk 24, lands adjct to Encinal, Ala; $1,600.

April 29, 1898—Italian-Swiss M. L. Assn to Domenico Paroni, 384 m 321, N Woolsey st 225 W Deakin st W 50 x N 135, Bkly; $2,000.

July 21, 1898—S. F. and Oakland Mutual Loan Assn to E. Boes and Niels Rasmussen, 408 m 461, lot 5 blk L, Golden Gate tract, Okd Annex; $1,400.

HOMESTEADS.

July 22, 1898—F. L. Cleaver, declaration, lot 21, map of Bell property, Bkly; $4,000.

ABSTRACTS OF JUDGMENT.

6,119—July 21, 1898—J. M. Kane vs. E. E. Anthony, for plaintiff from justices Court, Bklyn Tp; $60.

POWER OF ATTORNEY.

July 21, 1898—George Chalmers to Mary S. Chalmers, general.

LIS PENDENS.

July —, 1898—Philip Kolb vs. Henry H. and Annie Strang, to foreclose — m—, S Rhy 200 E Main st E 122 x S 183, town of Pleasanton, Murray Tp.

AFFIDAVIT.

July 20, 1898—Richard B. Ayer deposes and says that he is the same person named as grantee in deed made by Franklin and Irene V. D. Bangs to Richard B. Ayer, dated Dec. 4, 1891, and recorded in 559 d 173 and that he was an unmarried man at that time.

CERTIFICATE OF SALE.

Feb 27, 1891—The Hibernia S. and L. Society by Tax Collector, to D. J. Buckley, lots 1 to 5, 11 to 15 blk 1-625, northern extension to Oakland, Okd; $17. Assigned by D. J. Buckley to J. F. Dingwell July 20, 1898. Value received.

Feb. 26, 1891—Same by same to same, lots 11 to 15 blk 625, same; $58. Assigned by same to same July 20, 1898. Value received.

Feb. 26, 1891—Same by same to same, lots 1 to 5 blk 625, same; $8. Assigned by same to same July 20, 1898. Value received.

SUPERIOR COURT ACTIONS.

15,348 D 3—Attachment.

15,349 D 3—Parepa R. Hennessy vs. Michael J. Hennessy, divorce; L. S. Clark.

15,350 D 1—Jane K. Sather vs. Jos. F. Evans, for recovery of possession of parcel of papers or $25,000, the value thereof. A. A. Moore and J. Yanborn.

COMISSIONERS SALES.

July 25, 1898—Cal. Safe Deposit & Trust Co. as trustee of the trusts created by the mortgage of the Highland Park and Fruitvale R. R., bearing date of April 15, 1893, vs. Highland Park & Fruitvale R. R., lots 5, 6, 7, blk 39, town of Clinton. E. Okd; SW E-12th st 216.50 NW Commerce st SW 100 SW to intersection with N. line C. P. R. R. Co.'s right of way, th NW to the intersection with NE E-11th st NW to a point distant 175 E from SE 13th av, NE 25, th on a curve to left with radius of 66.20 ft 69.20 ft. th NE on a tangent parallel with 13th av 222 to SW E-12th st, th SE 31.03 to beg blk 39, Clinton, E Okd; NE E-12h st 225 SE 13th av SE 37 x NE 375, blk B, Clinton, Okd; N E-14th st 271-6 E 13th av N to SE-22d st E 25 S to N E-14th st W to beg, sub to rights of way, etc., E Okd; E cor E-22d st and 13th av NE 75 E 100 NE 50 SE 50 NE 175 SE 190-10 SW 314-4 NW 152-8 to beg blk 140, Clinton, E Okd; all int in strip land 15 ft wide described in deed J. V. Webster et al to Bklyn and Fruitvale R. R. Co. and recorded in 113 d 206; SE Montgomery and Union sts E 101-11½ SW to intersection with E Union st, th N 200 to beg blk N, new town of Lynn, E Okd; beg at NE cor Beulah Park ppty in S line Hopkins st at NW cor lands of Contra Costa Water Co., th SW 32 ft NW 316 ft with a radius of 520 ft curving to the left 120, th E on a curved line 205 SE 242 to beg, E Okd; S Hopkins st at NW cor lands of Redding, th on a curved line to the right with a radius of 213.72 ft 179.29 ft, th reversing said curved line with a radius of 260 ft SE 342.58 SW 35 N 639 ft, E Okd; beg at SW cor Webster Hts tract, th SE 657 ft, th W on a curved line with a radius of 217.5 ft 127 ft, th NW 535 NE 85 ft to beg, Bklyn Tp; .66 of an acre beg at a point in div line bet the lands of Dawley and Webster, distant SE 125 from SE Hopkins st, th SW 440 NW 269, th on a line curving to the left with a radius of 190 ft 300 ft, th on a tangent 245 ft SE 35 to beg, Bklyn Tp; SE Hopkins st at SW cor lands of E. C. Sessions, th SE 125, th on a curved line to the right with a radius of 190 ft 250 ft to a point in S line Hopkins st, th W 700 to beg, Bklyn Tp; S Hopkins st 34 E Fruitvale av S 108 E 116 N 65 NW to a point W to beg, with exception, Bklyn Tp; also all street railroads, franchises, etc. At 2 P. M. in front of Broadway entrance to Court House.

CONSTABLE SALES.

July 25, 1898—J. S. Kimball vs. Linda M. Knowles (Adams), E cor 21st av and E-21st st NE 117-6 x SE 100 blk 67, map of lots in Bklyn, E Okd. At 10 A. M. in front of Court House.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $4.65@4.75; bakers' extras, $4.40@4.50 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $7; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4.25; oat groats, $4.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@4.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.50; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.50@6.20; in sacks, $5.60@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

MIDDLINGS—$20@22 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS—Rolled barley, $26; oilcake at the mill, $31@31.50; jobbing, $32@32.50; cocoanut cake, $24@25; cottonseed meal, $25@30 per ton; cornmeal, $23@23.50; cracked corn, $24@24.50.

BRAN—$16@16.50 per ton.

HAY—Wheat and oat, $16.50@18.50; oat, $16@18.50; barley, —; compressed wheat, $21@24; compressed oat, $16@18; alfalfa, $12.50@13; clover, $13@14.50.

NEW HAY—Wheat, $18@18.50; island barley, $13@14.50.

STRAW—60@85c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.90@2.95; small whites, $1.80@1.90; large whites, $1.75@1.85; pinks, $2.60@2.70; redfils, $2.75@2.85; blackeye, $3@3.25; butters, $1.60@2; limas, $2.80@2.90; pea, $1.60@2; red kidneys, $2.50@2.75 per ctl.

SEEDS—Brown mustard, $4@5 per ctl; yellow mustard, $4.25; flax, $2@2.05; canary seed, 2¼@2½c per lb; alfalfa, 5@6c; rape, 2¼@2½c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5½c.

DRIED PEAS—Niles, $1.75@2; green, $2@2.10 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Salinas burbanks, 75@85c; new potatoes, 50@60c for early rose and 50@65c for burbanks in sacks.

ONIONS—New, 35@50c per sack for red and 85c for yellow.

VEGETABLES—Green peas, 2½c per lb; string beans, 2½@4c; bay squash 35@75c box; dried pepers, 5@8c lb; dried okra, 12½c; cabbage, 50c per ctl; carrots, 35@50c per sack; garlic, 2½@3c lb; cucumbers, 50@85c per box; Vacaville tomatoes, 50@75c per box.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES—Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 16@18c; granulated raw, 13c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 15c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY—Live turkeys, 13@15c for gobblers and 12@13c for hens; geese, per pair, 75c@$1; goslings, 75c@$1; ducks, $2.75@3 for old, $3@5 for young; hens, $3.50@5; roosters, young, $6@7; roosters, old, $3.50@5; fryers, $5@5.50; broilers, $3.50@4 for large and $2@3 for small; pigeons, $1.25@1.75 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 20c; seconds, 18@19c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 17@18c; second grades, 15c.

Eastern Butter—Ladle packed, 14@15c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 8c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 9@9c; Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 8@9½c.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 17@20c per dozen; store eggs, 12@15c; duck eggs, 16c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Strawberries, $3@4.50 per chest for large and $7 for small berries; apples, 40@50c per box for common, 75c@$1 for good to choice and 20@40c basket; Royal Anne, 50@60c box; currants, $2@3.50 chest; blackberries, $3@4 crate; plums, 40@75c per crate and 25@30c per box; apricots, 40@75c per box and 50@65c per crate for royals; peaches, 25@50c per box and 60@75c per basket; gooseberries, 1@2c per lb for common and 3@4c for English.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1.50@2.50; seedlings, 50c@$1; lemons, $1@1.25 for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $3.50@4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $2@4 per dozen.

PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS—Bacon—9c per lb for heavy, 9½c for light medium, 10c for light, 11c for extra light and 12@12½c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10½@11c; California hams, 9½@10c; mess beef, $10.50 per bbl; extra mess beef, $11; family beef, $11@12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $17@17.50; mess, $15; smoked beef, 12c per lb.

LARD—Eastern tierces quoted at 6c per lb for compound and 8c for pure; pail, 5½c; California tierces, 5½c per lb for compound and 7½c for pure; half barrels, 7½c; 10 lb tins, 8¼c; 5 lb tins, 8½c.

COTTOLENE—Tierces, 6¾@7¼c packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 9½c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8⅞c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8⅜c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7⅝c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 8½c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7⅝c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7⅜c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4½@5½c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 4@5c; small, 6@7c per lb.

MUTTON—Wethers, 7½@8c; ewes, 7@7½c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 8@8½c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 4¼@4⅝c for large and 4⅜@5c for medium; stock hogs, 2½@3½c; dressed hogs, 6@7½c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS—Calcutta grain bags, 5@5¼c; wool bags, nominal; San Quentin, $4.85.

COAL—Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; Coos Bay, $5; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $7.60; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $14 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 6½c; dry granulated, 5⅝c; confectioners' A, 5⅝c; magnolia A, 5¼c; extra C, 5⅛c; golden C, 5¼c per lb; half bbls ¼c more than bbls, candy granulated, 6c; California A, 5⅝c; and boxes ½c more.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC.

RAISINS—2@2½c for two crown, 3c for three crown, 3½c for four crown, 4½c for seedless sultanas, 2⅝c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.15 for London layers; dried grapes, 2½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Prunes, carload lots, 4⅝@5c for 40-50's, 4¼@4½c for 50-60's, 3½@4c for 60-70's, 2½@3c for 70-80's; 2½@2¼c for 80-90's, 1¾@2c for 90-100's; peaches, 3@5c; fancy, 5½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@6½c for royals and 7@8c for good to fancy Moorparks; evaporated apples, 7½@8c; sun-dried, 4½@5c; black figs in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 4½@5½c for pitted and 1¼@1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5½c; nectarines, 4@5c for prime to fancy; pears, 2½@4½c for quarters and 3@5½c for halves, according to color, etc.

NUTS—Chestnuts, 8c per lb; walnuts, 8@9c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell and 8½@9c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for hardshell, 4@6c for softshell; pecans, 6½@8c; filberts, 9½@10c; Brazil nuts, 8@9c per lb; cocoanuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4¾@5¼c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS—Heavy salted steers, 10@11c; medium, 9½@10c; light, 15@16c; dry calf, 18@20c; culls, 16@17c; and brands, 13@13½c; dry kip and veal, deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; goatskins, 20@37½c each; kids, 5@10c; medium, 20c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 40@70c each; medium, 60@80c; long wools, 90c@$1.20 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3½@3¾c lb; No. 2, 2@2½c; refined, 4½@4¾c; grease, 2c.

HOPS—1897 crop, 9@12½c per lb.

(Official.)

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Proceedings of Adjourned Regular Meeting of the Board of Supervisors, Monday, July 18, 1898.

The Board of Supervisors met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The roll was called and all members were found to be present.

The minutes of the meetings of July 15th and 16th were read and approved without alteration.

RELIEF TO INDIGENTS.

The following persons made application for relief:

Mrs. N. N. Jenny, 657 Washington street, nativity New York, widow. Referred to Supervisor Church with power.

FREE PEDDLERS' LICENSES.

James W. Henderson made application for free peddler's license in accordance with the provisions of the County Government Act, to run for one year.

Supervisor Mitchell moved that the application be granted.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

L. Asher made application for free peddler's license under the provisions of the county license ordinance.

Supervisor Talcott stated that this applicant and others about to apply desired to peddle merchandise at Camp Barrett, and that there was no objection to their doing so provided they did not obstruct the streets around the camp and interfere with the orderly conduct of the same.

Supervisor Church moved that the License Inspector and Sheriff be instructed to see that Pomona avenue and other streets around Camp Barrett were not obstructed by the peddlers.

Seconded by Supervisor Mitchell and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

REPORTS OF COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Were received as follows:

From Chris P. Miller, Road Foreman Washington Road District, from May 13th to June 25th, 1898.

From F. B. Granger Jr., Road Foreman Alvarado Road District, from June 1st to 30th, 1898.

From A. D. Pryal, Horticultural Commissioner, for month of June.

From Supt. J. P. Garlick, as Secretary of Public School Teachers' Retirement Fund Commissioners.

The reports having been examined and found correct were ordered filed.

THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

Reported favorably upon the application of Geo. C. Fisher, Niles.

Ordered filed.

Thereupon a resolution granting said party permit to obtain a license for the sale of liquors was introduced.

Supervisor Wells moved the adoption of the same.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

ALLOWANCE OF CREDITS.

Samuel Kimble made application for allowance of credits so that his term of imprisonment would expire on July 18th instead of August 17th, 1898.

The recommendation of the Jailor being favorable, Supervisor Mitchell moved that the petition be granted.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

ALLOWANCE OF BILLS.

Supervisor Roeth moved that rule 7 be suspended, and that certain bills on the desk of the Clerk be read and ordered paid.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

The Clerk then read the following bills:

County General Fund—California Bank, assignee H. V. Herbert, $127.75; Cotton Bros. & Co., $304; J. J. White, $70.

Claremont District Road Fund—E. Barnett, assignee J. H. Mokler, $13.75; California Bank, assignee Napoleon Cuff, $33, $29; same, assignee Chris Johnson, $39.50; same, assignee Harvey Kennedy, $27; same, assignee T. O'Connell, $6; James Davis, $45, $6, $36; Wm. Davis, $14, $1.66; First National Bank, assignee Paul Murillo, $30, $29.50; C. L. Maxwell & Son, $29.25; Jno. P. Maxwell, $18.75; James McHale, $56, $14, $10; D. McMullen, $22.60; D. Mingo, $12; J. H. Mokler, $22.25; Henry Murillo, $50, $6, $6.

Palomares District Road Fund—Joseph Habernig, $2; E. R. Jensen, $12, $15; Peter Jensen, $16; Alex Mast, $2; Wm. Trathen, $19.25.

Piedmont District Road Fund — Chris Jessen, $55.50, $74; J. B. Lanktree, trustee, assignee Geo. L. Pardee, $10, $14, $25.50; Angelon Maspera, $7; Jno. P. Maxwell, $25.75; Chas. Mokler, $32; J. H. Mokler, $10.75; H. Mulholland, $14; Fred Rommy, $11; L. Simonsons, $56; Amos Smith $72.

Supervisor Church then moved that the bills as read, the same having been favorably passed upon by a majority of the Auditing and Finance Committee, be paid out of the funds mentioned, to the persons named and in the amounts given.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

WEBSTER STREET BRIDGE.

Supervisor Roeth reported progress in the matter of keeping open the line of traffic between Oakland and Alameda across the estuary, explaining the situation and asking for further time.

Such granted by unanimous vote.

IMPROVEMENT OF FISH RANCH ROAD.

The following resolution was introduced by Supervisor Roeth:

"Whereas, On the 13th day of September, 1897, this Board decided to have the Fish ranch road (in Claremont Road District) graded and improved; and

"Whereas, The County Surveyor, by order of said Board, has prepared plans and specifications for such work, and has submitted his estimate of the cost of same; now therefore be it

"Resolved, That said plans and specifications be accepted and approved and the Clerk of the Board is hereby directed to advertise for bids for the performance of such work in accordance with the provisions of Article XI of Section 2613 of the Political Code as amended March 31, 1897, said notice to be published in the Oakland Enquirer and Berkeley World-Advocate, said bids to be presented to and opened by the Clerk of this Board on August 8th, 1898, at 11 o'clock A. M., each bid to be accompanied by a certified check payable to the order of F. C. Jordan, Clerk of this Board, for an amount equal to 10 per cent of the bid presented.

"And be it further Resolved, That it is the intention of this Board to transfer from the General Road Fund of 1898-1899, to the Claremont Road District, for the same fiscal year, the sum of $1,000 to partially meet the cost of the above work."

Supervisor Roeth moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and lost by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church and Roeth—2.

Noes—Supervisors Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—3.

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR COMPLETION OF CONTRACT BY N. W. ARMSTRONG.

Supervisor Wells moved that N. W. Armstrong be granted two weeks' further time to complete contract for grading of road in Murray township.

Seconded by Supervisor Mitchell, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

RETURN OF FUNDS PAID OUT BY COUNTY FOR SUPPORT OF AGED PERSONS IN INDIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES.

R. A. Hayne, Esq., appeared before the Board in reference to his employment by the county to collect moneys due the county of Alameda for the care and maintenance of aged persons in indigent circumstances.

After a statement, a resolution desired to be passed by the Board was presented by him, which was referred to the Committee of the Whole in conjunction with the District Attorney for further consideration.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS GENERAL ROAD FUND TO MISSION ROAD DISTRICT FUND.

The following resolution was introduced:

"Resolved, That the sum of $200 be and the same is hereby ordered transferred from the General Road Fund to the Mission Road District Fund, and the Clerk of this Board is hereby directed to notify the Auditor and Treasurer to make proper entries of said transfers of said funds in accordance with this resolution in their books."

The roll was called and the resolution adopted by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

RECESS.

Was then declared until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Board reassembled at 2 o'clock.

The roll was called. All present.

MACADAMIZING OF SAN LEANDRO ROAD FROM LANDS OF O'NEIL AND IVEY TO ORCHARD AVENUE.

At 11 o'clock the bids for macadamizing a portion of the main county road leading from Oakland to San Leandro, beginning at or near the line dividing the lands of O'Neil and Ivey and extending in a northwesterly direction to the northwesterly line of Orchard avenue, were considered.

E. B. Stone presented bids for $3,481.91. No other bids were presented.

IMPROVING MAIN COUNTY ROAD FROM SOUTHEASTERLY LINE OF INFIRMARY ROAD TO LAUREL AVENUE.

E. B. Stone presented bid for $4,452.50 for improving main county road leading from San Leandro to Haywards from the southeasterly line of the Infirmary road to the northwesterly line of Laurel avenue.

After consideration by the Board, the following resolution was introduced:

"Whereas, This Board on the 27th day of June ordered the Clerk to advertise for proposals for the improving the main county road leading from San Leandro to Haywards from the southeasterly line of the Infirmary road, otherwise known as county road No. 958, to the northwesterly line of Laurel avenue, as per specifications on file and adopted by this Board.

"Whereas, This day bids were presented for said work; and

"Whereas, The bid of E. B. Stone for $4,452.50 is the lowest and most satisfactory proposal.

"Now therefore be it Resolved, That the contract be and the same is hereby awarded to E. B. Stone.

"Be it further Resolved, That a bond in the sum of $4,000 be required from said E. B. Stone for the performance of said work, and that the District Attorney be and he is hereby directed to prepare the proper contract, and that the Chairman of this Board be and he is hereby authorized to sign said contract for and in behalf of the county of Alameda, upon the presentation and approval of the bond presented by said E. B. Stone for the performance of said contract, said work to be completed within ninety days from date of approval of bond."

Supervisor Talcott moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Noes—Supervisor Roeth—1.

GRAVELING MAIN COUNTY ROAD LEADING FROM ALVARADO TO CENTERVILLE, KNOWN AS COUNTY ROAD 544.

Bids were presented by John Beck for $5,700, and by E. B. Stone for $5,489, wherein they offered to grade and gravel a portion of county road leading from Alvarado to Centerville known as county road No. 544.

The bids were taken into consideration, and the following resolution was afterwards introduced:

"Whereas, This Board on the 27th day of June, 1898, ordered the Clerk to advertise for proposals for the grading and graveling a portion of the county road leading from Alvarado to Centerville and otherwise known as county road No. 544.

"Whereas, This day bids were presented for said work; and

"Whereas, The bid of E. B. Stone for $5,489 is the lowest and most satisfactory proposal.

"Now therefore be it Resolved, That the contract for the above work, and as stipulated in specifications on file, be and the same is hereby awarded to E. B. Stone.

"Be it further Resolved, That a bond in the sum of $5,000 be required from said E. B. Stone for the performance of said work, and that the District Attorney be and he is hereby directed to prepare the proper contract, and that the Chairman of this Board be and he is hereby authorized to sign said contract for and in behalf of the county of Alameda, upon the presentation and approval of the bond presented by said E. B. Stone for the performance of said contract, said work to be completed within ninety days from date of approval of bond."

Supervisor Church moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

GRADING AND MACADAMIZING OF FRUITVALE AVENUE FROM NORTHERLY LINE OF EAST FOURTEENTH STREET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF HOPKINS STREET.

Bids were presented by Easton & Wilson for $9,405, and E. B. Stone for $9219.50, for grading and macadamizing Fruitvale avenue from the northerly line of East Fourteenth street to the southerly line of Hopkins street.

After the Board had considered the bids for improving the main county road from O'Neil's lands to Orchard avenue, Supervisor Talcott stated that, owing to the bids being in excess of the amount of money available for said work, he would have to move that the bids be rejected.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

Also in the matter of grading and macadamizing of Fruitvale avenue from East Fourteenth street to the southerly line of Hopkins street. Supervisor Talcott stated that the bids for the work were in excess of the amount of money available for doing of the work, and that it would be necessary, in order to have any done, to advertise for bids for doing a less amount of work than contemplated by the specifications. He therefore moved that the bids be rejected.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

The Clerk was then directed to return all certified checks to unsuccessful bidders.

REMOVAL OF BRIDGE FROM PERALTA CREEK, SOMETIMES CALLED ADAMS CREEK.

Supervisor Roeth moved a reconsideration of the vote whereby the resolution of July 15th directing Supervisor Talcott to remove bridge from Adams creek was adopted, stating he desired to introduce a corrected resolution.

Motion seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

The following resolution was then introduced:

"Resolved, That Supervisor Talcott, as Road Commissioner of District No. 2, be directed to carefully remove the entire bridge over Peralta creek, sometimes called Adams creek, at Goldman avenue, so called, in Brooklyn township, and pile the materials in the yard used for supplies in Fruitvale Road District."

Supervisor Church moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

PETITION OF T. S. BULLOCK FOR FRANCHISE TO ERECT POLES TO CARRY ELECTRICITY.

The matter of passing of ordinance granting T. S. Bullock the right to erect poles for the purpose of carrying electricity was brought up for further consideration.

After statement by Supervisor Roeth, Chairman of the Road and Bridge Committee, further time was granted.

AFFIDAVIT SHOWING PUBLICATION IN THE HAYWARDS JOURNAL OF NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS FOR THE IMPROVING OF MAIN COUNTY ROAD LEADING FROM SAN LEANDRO TO HAYWARDS.

An affidavit showing due publication in the Haywards Journal of notice to contractors for the improving of main county road leading from San Leandro to Haywards, from Infirmary road to Laurel avenue, and also affidavit showing due publication of notice to contractors in the San Leandro Reporter for grading and macadamizing a portion of main county road beginning at the lands of O'Neil and Ivey and extending 3,354 feet to the northwesterly line of Orchard avenue, were received and ordered filed.

ADJOURNMENT.

There being no further business to transact, the Board adjourned to meet Monday, July 25th, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. R. TALCOTT,

Attest: Frank C. Jordan, Clerk.

(Official.)

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Proceedings of Special Meeting of the Board of Supervisors, Thursday, July 21, 1898.

The Board of Supervisors was called to order at 10:30 A. M.

The roll was called and all were present except Supervisors Roeth and Mitchell, who were unavoidably absent.

The following call was then read by the Clerk:

Rooms of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Alameda, State of California.

"Whereas, It appears to us, the undersigned members of the Board of Supervisors of the county of Alameda, State of California, that it is advisable and appropriate because of the circumstances hereafter mentioned, that a special meeting of said Board be held on this the 21st day of July, 1898.

"Now therefore it is by us ordered, that the said Board of Supervisors do meet and hold a special meeting on this the said 21st day of July, 1898, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., in the rooms of said Board, to then and there consider and take appropriate action concerning the untimely end of faithful public officers who have met their death while engaged in the performance of their official duties, and further to advise concerning the proper steps to take in order to show the respect entertained by this Board and by their brother officers and associates of the county of Alameda, for the deceased.

"Witness our hands this 21st day of July, A. D. 1898.

"J. R. TALCOTT,
"T. D. WELLS,
"W. H. CHURCH."

RESOLUTION OF RESPECT.

Supervisor Church arose and after a few appropriate remarks introduced the following resolution.

The same was read by the Clerk, after which it was unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

"Whereas, Charles M. White, George C. Woodsum, D. C. Cameron, J. J. Lerri and Gus Koch, sworn officers of the law, while in the performance of their official duties, have met with a sudden and awful death through the mad act of an offender against the laws of the State; and

"Whereas, It is meet and proper that in this their hour of affliction an expression indicating the sympathy and sorrow felt for the afflicted, and the shock sustained by the people of this county at the suddenness of this awful event should be given by this Board; now therefore be it

"Resolved, That this Board desires to bear testimony to the respect and esteem in which Charles M. White, George C. Woodsum, D. C. Cameron, Joseph J. Lerri, Deputy Sheriffs, and Gus Koch, Constable of Oakland township, in this county, were held by the members of this Board and by the citizens of this city and county.

"Resolved, That we extend to the families and relatives of the deceased our sincere and heartfelt sympathy with them in this their hour of grief and affliction.

"Resolved further, That this Board, in a body, attend the funerals of the deceased, that we recommend to the heads of the several departments of the county government that the public business be suspended as far as practicable, and that as many officials as can be spared attend in a body the funerals of deceased.

"Resolved further, That until after the funerals of said deceased the flags on all the public buildings of the county be placed at half mast.

"Resolved further, That engrossed copies of these resolutions be forwarded to the families of the deceased.

The Board then adjourned.

J. R. TALCOTT,
Chairman.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan, Clerk.

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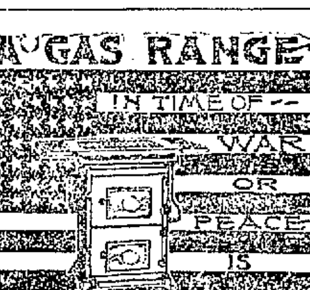

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7:34 a	Benicia, Suisun, Sacramento	10:09 a
7:34 a	Marysville, Oroville and Redding via Woodland	5:14 p
7:34 a	Vacaville and Rumsey	8:07 p
8:04 a	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	5:45 p
8:37 a	Atlantic Express, Ogden and East	8:07 p
9:36 a	New Orleans Express, Fresno, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans and the East	6:03 p
10:31 a	Vallejo, Martinez and way stations	7:14 p
......	Fresno, Yosemite, Merced, Martinez	11:45 a
4:34 p	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, El Verano, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	8:44 a
4:33 p	Benicia, Vacaville, Woodland, Knight's Landing, Marysville, Oroville, and Sacramento	10:09 a
5:09 p	Los Angeles Express, Lathrop, Modesto, Fresno, Bakersfield, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles	7:04 a
9:10 a	Peters, Oakdale and Jamestown	6:39 p
5:09 p	Martinez, Merced, Raymond, Yosemite and Fresno	11:45 a
5:09 p	Santa Fe Route, Atlantic Express for Mojave and East	6:03 p
6:40 p	European Mail, Ogden and East	9:09 a
*6:40 p	Vallejo	11:45 a
‡7:00 p	Vallejo, Port Costa and way stations	‡9:20 p
8:33 p	Oregon Express, Sacramento, Marysville, Redding, Portland, Puget Sound and East	7:36 a

NILES ROUTE.
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*6:36 a	Via Seventh St., Niles, San Jose and way stations	*8:06 a
9:10 a	Niles, San Jose, Stockton, Ione, Sacramento, Marysville, Chico, Tehama and Red Bluff	3:37 p
*9:10 a	Milton	*6:39 p
1:36 p	Niles, San Jose and way stations	*9:09 a
......	San Jose, Niles and way stations	‡8:36 a
2:36 p	Livermore, Mendota, Hanford and Visalia	3:37 p
......	Livermore, San Jose, Niles and way stations	‡9:46 a
5:00 p	Niles, San Jose, Tracy and Stockton	6:39 p
5:09 p	Stockton and Lodi	6:39 p
6:40 p	Haywards, Niles and San Jose	7:07 a

A for morning. P for afternoon.
‡Sundays only.
*Sundays excepted.

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TRAINS LEAVE LEONA HEIGHTS.

7.35, 8:30, *9:00, 9:30, *10:00, 10:30, *11:00, *11:30 a. m.; *12:00, 12:30, *1:00, 1:30, *2:00, 2:30, *3:00, 3:30, *4:00, 4:30, *5:00, 5:30, *6:00, 6:30, *7:00, 7:30, 8:30 9:30 p. m.

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CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS

FRANK C. JORDAN

(Present Incumbent)
Candidate for re-election to the office of
COUNTY CLERK

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAS. A. WEBSTER

(Formerly County Treasurer)
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
COUNTY CLERK

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW

Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
SHERIFF

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

HOTELS.

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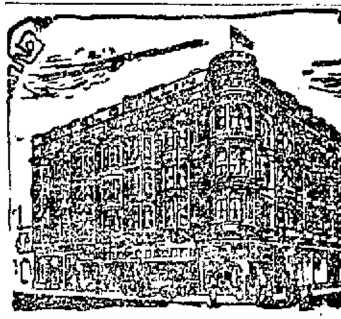

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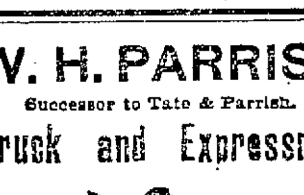

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LEGAL.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh deceased, and for the issuance to Sophie Crawford of letters testamentary thereon has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the first day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 14th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.

By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

SAM'L BELL McKEE, Attorney for Petitioner.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Eli S. Denison, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Eli S. Denison, deceased, and for the issuance to Celia M. Denison of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 1st day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 20, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.

By J. CAL EWING, Deputy Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Rinaldo R. Swain, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executrix of the estate of Rinaldo R. Swain, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executrix, at the residence of said executrix, 2000 Channing way, Berkeley, Cal.

CAROLINE B. SWAIN,
Executrix of the estate of Rinaldo R. Swain, deceased.

Dated Oakland, July 9th, 1898.

LEGAL.

Notice to Voters.

REGISTRATION.

Office of the
County Clerk of Alameda County, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that all citizens whose names are not now on the Great Register of Alameda county are requested to register in order to be entitled to vote at the next general election in November, 1898.

That owing to failure of the Governor to approve the act unanimously passed by both branches of the last Legislature providing assistance for Clerk it is necessary to begin registration at an early date in order to satisfactorily attend to registration.

That voters who have since the date of the last general election taken up their residence in Alameda county, and those who since that date have removed from precinct in which their name appears on Great Register, must make affidavit in order to have their names placed on Register of precinct in which they now reside.

That it is NOT necessary for voters who registered for the general election of 1896 and whose names appear on the Great Register of 1896 to again make affidavit for registration UNLESS SINCE THE DATE OF LAST REGISTRATION THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

That registration will continue to and including August 9th, 1898, after which it will cease.

Attention is called to the provisions of Section 1083, which provides that those "who shall have been a resident of the State ONE YEAR next preceding the election, and of the county in which they claim their vote NINETY DAYS, and in the election precinct THIRTY days" are entitled to registration.

Further notice is hereby given that affidavit for registration or transfer may be sworn to before any Deputy County Clerk in the different towns and precincts of the county, or before any Deputy County Assessor, without charge.

Affidavits can also be sworn to before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public.

Notice is given that after the filing of affidavits, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSES OF TRANSFER, when names are ENTERED on Great Register, postal cards will be sent giving date of entry. If postal is not received, voters should ascertain the reason why.

The office of the County Clerk in the Hall of Records will be, until further notice, open for registration from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. of each day.

Dated April 4, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk.
(Seal)

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Office of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, Oakland, Alameda county, California, July 15th, A. D. 1898.

To the stockholders of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, a corporation:

Public notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, a corporation, will be held at the office of said corporation, said office being situated on the first floor of the building situated on the northeasterly corner of Twenty-fourth street and Oakland avenue, in the city of Oakland, in the county of Alameda, State of California (the same being the principal place of business of the said corporation, and being the building where the Board of Directors of said corporation usually meet), on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of July, A. D. 1898, at the hour of half past two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, said special meeting of the stockholders of said corporation is hereby called to take action concerning the disposition and conveyance of the entire corporate property and franchises belonging to the said corporation; and also to transact such other business of every nature and description as may lawfully come before the said meeting. Said meeting is hereby called upon, and pursuant to, the written request of S. C. Bigelow, John R. Spring, James Moffitt and E. A. Heron, said last named persons being directors of said corporation and constituting a majority of the Board of Directors thereof.

It is hereby directed that public notice of said special meeting of said stockholders shall be published for at least one week in the Oakland Tribune, a newspaper printed and published daily at the said city of Oakland, in the county and State aforesaid. The first publication of said notice in said newspaper shall be at least one week before the day set for the holding of said meeting, and the said notice is hereby directed to be published daily from and after said first publication up to and including the day upon which said meeting is hereby called to be held.

Dated at the city of Oakland, in the county of Alameda, State of California, this fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1898.

CHAS. R. BISHOP,
President of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway.

Attest:
(Seal) DANIEL GRANT,
Secretary.

Notice to Contractors.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of Trustees of the Bray School District, Fruitvale, Alameda Co., Calif., notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by said Board until 8 o'clock P. M., July 29th, 1898, for furnishing materials and performing the labor necessary for the erection and completion of an eight room school building in said Bray School District.

Separate proposals will be received and separate contracts made for furnishing the materials and performing the labor necessary for each of the following parts of said building, viz:

(1) For masonry work, including all excavating, concrete and cement work.
(2) For carpentry, mill work, plastering and brick work.
(3) For plumbing.
(4) For painting.
(5) For heating and ventilating.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied with a check equal to 10 per cent of the proposal. Said proposals will be publicly opened July 30th, 1898, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the school room on Fruitvale avenue near Wash street, and contracts based thereon will be entered into as soon thereafter as practicable. The contractors to whom contracts are awarded will be required to file with said Board a good and sufficient bond to an amount to be fixed by the Trustees, for the faithful performance of his contract.

Plans and specifications of said building can be seen at the office of D. F. Oliver, architect, room 59, Macdonough building, Oakland, Cal.

The Board of Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all proposals made.

W. M. AXTELL.
JOHN McARTHUR,
C. E. POWELL,
Trustees Bray School District, Alameda County, Cal.

NOTICE.

NOTICE — All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,
By W. E. DARGIE, President.

Oakland, January 1, 1898.

GRANDMOTHER'S LOVE STORY.

On the picturesque shores of Chesapeake stands an old Colonial homestead that possesses, with the charm of its quaint architecture, the atmosphere of old romance, which clings to the ancient dwelling as does the scent of roses and lavender that has sweetened the house for centuries.

Dorothy Sinclair was a beauty of the old colonial days, whose glance, tradition says, layed havoc with the hearts of susceptible youths of that bygone time. Upon her cousin, Henry Fairfax, she looked with favor, and their troth was plighted in the oak-paneled room that was destined to play so important a part in their love story.

When the course of their lives seemed running smoothest, dark rumors of a disaffected colony reached their ears. The overtaxed people revolted, and the tea party which was destined to bring a new nation upon the earth took place in Boston Harbor. At the outbreak of hostilities Henry Fairfax joined the revolutionists and soon rose to a position of high rank. Dorothy bore bravely the sorrow of parting, and laid not a part of her sorrow on the father and mother who had sent their only son to join Colonel Fairfax. Alone in the sad home, the old people and the young girl awaited the fortunes of war, and watched day after day for news that would bring hope or despair.

At last, after a night of unusually fitful slumber, they were startled early one morning by the cries of their slaves on the lawn beneath their windows. Uncle Pomp, gray-headed negro who had given his lifelong service to the family, entered the house and knocked on the doors of their sleeping apartments and said:

"Oh, Massa George! Oh, old missy! Oh, Miss Dolly! De redcoats is acomin.' De bay is chock full o' dem. Oh, git right up; yo' ain't no time fo' sleepin'!"

In a few moments the little family were dressed and ready for action. Most of the slaves fled in fright and hid themselves about the farm, but Uncle Pomp and a few house servants stood bravely by their beloved master and his family.

"Dey's orful thieves an' robbers, Massa George!" said Pomp. "Dey'll take everything in de house. We's bes' hide de wal'ables."

Taking Uncle Pomp's advice, the silverware, jewels and fine homespun linen were collected together, with many other articles of household wealth.

"Whar yo' gwine to hide dese, Massa George?"

"In the panel closet, Uncle Pomp; but Jif and Sambo must not know; they might be forced to tell. Set them to driving stock to the outer barns, then come to me."

In the oaken wall of the paneled parlor was a sliding panel, moved by pressing a concealed spring. It had been unused for years. It seemed made for this emergency. The closet was a small-sized room with a window near the top, which had the appearance from the outside of being a window in the hallway, and deceived the most vigilant searcher. In the closet were placed the valuables and as George Sinclair was about to close the door he stopped and locked intently at Dorothy leaning against the oaken wall, her simple white dress enhancing her girlish loveliness.

"Uncle Pomp," he said quickly, "go out and see if those horses are cared for." As Uncle Pomp disappeared George Sinclair turned to his wife.

"Judith, Dorothy must go in there, too. We have nothing so valuable as Dorothy." For the first time in many a sorrowful day the laugh of the young girl rippled out.

"Why, father! They won't carry me off!"

"We will not give them a chance," he answered sternly. "Go in, my child, and may the Lord of Hosts protect you!" Dorothy entered the little room and sat down on a pile of linen.

"I am safe here, dear father, do not fear," she called out, and the cheer of hope in her young voice was a ray of sunshine in that dark hour. Her mother tearfully brought food and water.

"Give me my embroidery frame," she begged, "and I have Harry's letters in my bosom, so the time will not seem long."

At this moment Uncle Pomp's voice was heard in the hall.

"Dey's comin', Massa George, right up de front lawn. May de debbil take 'em!"

The old couple hastily kissed Dorothy, the panel was slid in place, and when Pomp entered the room they were seated at the window watching the approach of the English troops.

As the captain at the head of his Hessian hirelings marched to the door and they were received by the master and his wife with stately courtesy and offered the hospitality of the place. Their well-bred manners met with little response from the rough soldiers, who, learning they were Federalists, ordered his men in the house and established a mess room in the paneled parlor. The house was soon filled with soldiers, whose rude manner and coarse talk made the master and mistress thankful that pretty Dorothy was safe out of sight in the paneled closet. The old people were commanded to stay in their bed chamber, which was first thoroughly searched for booty. The slaves were ordered to serve meals and the farm and pantries were ransacked for eatables.

"Bring that old rebel down here," commanded the captain. A soldier ascended the stairs and brought George Inclair to face the enemy.

"Are these all the valuables you have?" demanded the captain, pointing to a small pile of silverware and inferior household linen.

"Yes," answered the old man sadly; "the fortunes of war are hard fortunes, and we have been forced to part with all but these; I pray you, captain, save us these few heirlooms."

The captain dismissed him with an oath, saying:

"I take all I can get from rebels."

When George Sinclair returned to his wife's room he told her of the ruse he had used, saying:

"I left a little silver and linen that he might think we had made no effort to conceal our belongings."

The ruse was successful, and the captain, thinking he had obtained everything, ordered his men in for the night, but finding they needed the master's sleeping room, they turned him and his wife out of the house, telling them to sleep in the barn.

George Sinclair's indignation at this outrage was thoroughly aroused; bidding Uncle Pomp to harness up, he and his wife left the place under the cover of darkness to obtain help from neighbors living some miles distant.

"But we must not leave Dorothy," whispered the grief-stricken mother.

"Our child is safe," answered her husband.

"Not if they should fire the house."

"They will not do that. They need it for shelter. Come! Come! we must not waste a moment's time. There must be quick action to save our darling and our home."

They drove rapidly away through the gloomy night.

Dorothy spent a day she never forgot. It grew dark, and she could hear the soldiers in drunken revelry in the dear paneled room. Presently her ear against the panel, she caught enough of the conversation to learn that something was coming which seemed to fill the hearts of the soldiers with terror. Quick, sharp, commands were given.

"Fall in! March to the boats!" But instead of the orderly tramp of marching feet, there was the confused hurry of retreat. The house was silent, and Dorothy fell on her knees and prayed out her thankfulness. Hark! What was that noise? It was the even, steady tramp of soldiers' feet. Her heart sank within her again. They were coming back!

Then there came a sound like the rush of a whirlwind, sharp shots rang in the air, shrill cries were heard, and Dorothy realized a little the horrors of war.

A short time before the retreat to the boats the Hessian guards recognized the tramp of soldiers far up the road, and ran to the house with the news that an army was marching down upon them. The cowardly men feared being caught in the house like rats in a trap and fled to the boats. As the last man ran down the lawn Henry Fairfax and Lewis Sinclair, with a few officers and men came down the road, little dreaming that an enemy was in possession of the homestead; but Uncle Pomp gave the word in time, and they galloped to the shore and sent a shower of bullets after the fleeing enemy. Uncle Pomp told the story of the eventful day to Colonel Fairfax.

"But where are the folks?" he inquired, eagerly.

"Dey's gone! De debbils turned 'em out; but, oh, Lawd a massy!" Uncle Pomp's voice broke into a hoarse whisper as he gasped: "whar, oh, whar, is Miss Dolly?"

"What do you mean?" demanded Fairfax, sharply. "Did not Miss Dolly go with her father?"

"No! no! Massa Harry! I nebber t'ought till jis dis minnit. Massa an' old missy done gone alone; de debbils hev carried off Miss Dolly. Oh, my Lawd!"

Fairfax staggered like a man who had received his deathblow, then, recovering himself, he shouted his orders.

"Ride back for reinforcements! Get boats at any price! Quick, for the love of God!" Then he staggered toward the house.

"Dere! Dere! Massa Harry, you'll find her all right. Come inter de house, an' Uncle Pomp will give you somepin' dat 'll put life into you."

Soothing and comforting the strong man as a mother would a child, Uncle Pomp led him into the paneled room and hurried away to find some fine old wine he had hidden for the soldiers. Henry Fairfax stood dazed in the room so dear to him and Dorothy, now the confused scene of a soldiers' revel. In the great anguish of his grief-stricken soul he called aloud the dear loved name:

"Dorothy! Dorothy! Where are you, my beloved?"

"Oh, here I am, dear Harry. Let me out!"

Fairfax started; he was like a madman. Was he dreaming? Had his senses left him? Could Dolly be dead, killed, by the soldiers, and was her spirit answering him?

"Oh, Dolly! Dolly! Speak again, dear."

"Here I am, Harry!" she called, knocking on the wall. "In the panel closet."

Frantic with joy, the great revulsion of feeling, he sprang to the door, touched the hidden spring, and there stood Dolly, safe and radiant as the morning. He caught her to his breast, and with a sigh of content her head lay upon his throbbing heart.

"For de good Lawd's sake, Miss Dolly, whar yo' come fr'm?" Uncle Porap's hand shook with terror till the wine glasses tinkled on the tray.

"Father put me in here with the other valuables, Uncle Pomp, and we are all safe and sound. Where are father and mother?"

"Day's gone fer help, my lamb. Ole Pomp t'ought the debbils had kerried yo' off."

Harry threw himself on his knees at her feet and kissed her dress. One of Fairfax's officers knocked at the door.

"Help has come, sir." The door opened and Dorothy was clasped to her mother's heart.

On Christmas day, in the holly-decked, paneled parlor, Henry and Dorothy were married, and the soldier's wife never left him. The fortunes of war was her husband's fortune and her's, and the sorrow of parting has never their's again. After peace was restored they lived in the homestead, and many generations have gathered about the fireside in the paneled parlor listening with tearful eyes and throbbing heart to Grandmother's Love Story."—New York Tribune.

THE VICAR'S SWEETHEART.

"Whom do you think I saw driving with Gerald Morton this morning?" asked Mrs. Morris of her great friend, the doctors wife, as the two ladies were enjoying 5 o'clock tea and the general gossip of the parish together one afternoon.

"Beatrix Harcourt," Mrs. Maynard answered promptly.

"Ah, you saw her, too, then. I must say I was astonished. It is well known that young Morton bears the reputation of being the fastest man in the neighborhood.

"I have long ceased to be surprised at anything Beatrix Harcourt does," the other lady anhwered, significantly. "If Mr. Kenrick does not mind, I do not see why any one else should trouble their heads about her eccentricities."

"Certainly not," Mrs. Morris agreed. "But, really, Rose, she was laughing and talking in the most familiar manner, and eGrald was bending toward her until his face nearly touched hers."

"And that is our future vicar's wife! Well, I shall take care my daughters do not see much of her." And Mrs. Maynard drew herself up with a kind of lofty indignation, as some fresh visitors were shown into the room.

Poor Beatrix! Her numerous delinquencies were the subject of many afternoon tea gossips, and had been ever since she came to Hillchester, four years ago. She certainly was unlike other girls; for, in addition to being a "blue stocking," and having taken her degree at Oxford, she had a most unreasonable interest in the working classes—not a mere ladylike interest, which contented itself with calling at their cottages with a few words of good advice and a tract. Ah, no! she had always some plan, or "craze," as the good people of Hillchester called it, for their benefit on hand—classes for the young girls, ambulance lectures, concerts, teas, what not?

For the conventionalities of society she cared not at all. She never attended the afternoon teas, therefore she heard no gossip. She was not even particular about being in the fashion; in fact, the black serge dress she usually wore looked, from constant exposure to the weather, as if it had seen better days.

She had been known even to take the broom off the lame old crossing sweeper at the corner of the road and work away in earnest until there was a passage fit for a queen to walk over.

And in spite of all, the vicar of Hillchester had asked Beatrix Harcourt to be his wife. Well, as the leaders of society in Hillchester remarked with omnious sighs, wonders never cease!

Nevertheless, it must be confessed that Rev. John Kenrick was in on very enviable frame of mind, as a week later he wended his way somewhat slowly toward his lady love's abode.

The gossip which had begun in Mrs. Maynard's drawing room had spread all over the parish, until a version of it highly exaggerated and colored, had reached even the vicar's ears.

Beatrix was leaning over the drive gate which led to her father's house, watching for him as usual, and as he saw the glad look of welcome brighten and sweeten all her face at his approach he said to himself that his darling was as pure and sweet as the wild roses she fastened in her belt.

But Beatrix soon discovered something was amiss, and after the first greetings were over she asked, almost anxiously, "What is the matter, John? You do not look well."

For a full minute Mr. Kenrick did not answer, instead he looked down at her as she stood with one small hand resting upon his black coat sleeve; the sunlight falling with loving touch upon her hair, which was cut short (another point which met with the disfavor of the Hillchester matrons), and curled naturally all over her head like a child's. Her lover sometimes laughingly told her that she had a baby face still, and he was not far wrong, for her expression was singularly untroubled and child like, and yet there was a depth of feeling in the honest blue eyes which told both of strength of character and purpose.

"Trix, it is silly perhaps, but something I have heard today has troubled me greatly."

"About me?" Trix asked gaily. "Of what fresh enormity am I accused, John?" and a sudden gravity crept into the sweet voice; "I thought you said that you minded none of these things."

"I do not," the vicar answered quickly; "indeed," gently stroking the soft, yet strong-looking hand, "I love you all the better for them, but—it is better to speak out. Trix, you have been driving about with Gerald Morton lately."

The next moment Mr. Kenrick would have given much never to have asked the question, for Trix turned to him quickly, a whole world of scorn shining in her blue eyes.

"Tell me there is no truth in it, Trix," Mr. Kenrick said, quietly, though his eyes had clouded with a deep look of pain beneath her implied rebuke, "and I promise you I will believe it."

But Beatrix had removed her hand, and all the sunshine had died out of her bonny face as she said, wearily: "Mr. Morton has driven me over to Castlefields twice this week. Is there anything else you want to ask me?"

No, there was nothing else. Mr. Kenrick felt it was almost sacrilege with those pure eyes looking into his to breath the doubts which now seemed to him so unworthy.

But, alas! for the "little rift." Beatrix tried to talk of other things, tried hard to be her own bright, merry self, and yet was conscious of an unwonted sense of absolute grief, when at last the vicar told her he was obliged to go.

It was a month later, and Beatrix Harcourt was walking swiftly along the dusty road leading to Castlefields, carrying a small basket containing some delicacy for the sick woman she was going to see. The sound of wheels made her turn her head, and the next moment a deep musical voice said, pleasantly: "Miss Harcourt, are you again bound on the same journey? Now do let me have the pleasure of giving you a lift."

Beatrix hesitated a moment, then she answered, frankly: "Thank you so much. You know Jennie, that poor crippled child I told you about? Well, I have had a note from her this morning saying her mother is very ill and there is no one to do anything for her."

Gerald Morton looked admiringly down into the fair face beside him. It was the young men of Hillchester who had given Beatrix Harcourt the name of "the fair philanthropist," and it spoke well for the girl that even in the fastest circle her name was never mentioned but with respect.

When Beatrix reached the little cottage which lay close to a wood five miles from Hillchester, she found everything in a state of confusion. One glance at the poor woman showed her to be in a high state of fever and slightly delirious, while an ominous crimson rash was beginning to make its appearance on her face and neck.

"Why, Jennie, your mother has the fever," Beatrix exclaimed, rapidly. 'Haven't you sent for a doctor, child, and is there no neighbor who would come and help nurse her?"

"I wrote to the doctor, miss, when I sent your note, but he has not been here yet, and as to neighbors, miss, there are none for a mile or more."

All the morning Beatrix waited, doing all she could for the poor sick woman, and the afternoon was well on its way when the welcome rap, which surely told of the doctor's appearance, sounded at the door.

Beatrix literally flew to open it, and found herself face to face not with the doctor, but the vicar.

For the last month, ever since the gossip about Gerald Morton, in fact, matters had been rather strained between the vicar and his fiancee, but all was forgotten now, as, in the impulse of the moment, Beatrix exclaimed: "You must not come in here, John, or touch me, either. Mrs. Carr has the fever."

For a moment a look of keen anxiety darkened his grave blue eyes, and the next Mr. Kenrick had folded the slight form across in his arms, as he murmured, brokenly: "Trixie, my own brave darling, would you have me a greater coward than yourself?"

Then she told him how Gerald Morton had driven her to the cottage in the morning, adding: "It was well he did, for I should have been an hour later, and Jennie and her mother were quite alone.

"Trix, will you forgive me for letting that horrid scandal trouble me, even for one moment? Dear heart, I feel I shall never forgive myself."

"Yes, I will forgive you," Trix answered, gayly, the last shadow gone from her honest blue eyes, "only you must never do it again, as the children say."

A fortnight later all Hillchester was thrown into a state of dire consternation by the news that Beatrix Harcourt had scarlet fever, and was, moreover, so dangerously ill that the local doctor almost despaired of her life. Truly, a universal calamity might have befallen the place, for Beatrix's illnes and its cause formed the perpetual topic of conversation, both in the homes of the rich and poor.

It happened during one of the worst days of Beatrix's illness that Mrs. Morris and her friend Mrs. Maynard, were walking by the drive gate leading to Beatrix's home. To their astonishment they saw a large crowd of people waiting just outside the door—women with babies in their arms, girls who had stolen a few minutes from their dinner hour, even one or two tall youths and laboring men.

In a moment the door opened and a maid-servant spoke a few words to the anxious watchers. Evidently it was not good news, for with one accord they slowly and silently turned to go away, and as they passed the two ladies (one woman explained in a broken voice, which showed tears were not far off: "Ah, well, if we lose her our best friend is gone, and that's certain. There ain't many in this world like our Miss Beatrix. Bless her sweet face!"

Mrs. Maynard and Mrs. Morris walked on in silence. The scene had touched them deeply, and the eyes of the doctor's wife were full of tears, while her companion had an unwonted and most unpleasant choking in her throat.

Beatrix, dangerous as her illness was, did not die, and six months later Hillchester was the scene of a greater rejoicing than had been known for many a long year, while the wonderful arches, with their various devices, the glad faces of the people, the children with their flower-laden baskets and the church bells ringing out their sweet messages far and wide, all combined to show the love and respect which their vicar and his bride had so deservedly gained in the hearts of their people. —Ethel Beatrice Wadlow, in Madame.

SOMETHING OF EVERYTHING.

Every man with a twinkle in his eye does not necessarily have a starbeam there.

Kant: "If a man makes a worm of himself, he must not complain when trodden on."

Thackeray: "An immense percentage of snobs, I believe, is to be found in every rank of this mortal life."

"It's your turn next, I believe," said the early bird to the worm, but the foolish worm did not turn in time.

Ovidius Naso: "If, as often as men sin, Jove were to hurl his thunderbolts, he would soon be without weapons."

Lillian Bell: "The conceit of one of these men is the most colossal specimen of psychological architecture in existence."

Freses: "A man who is always sneering at woman is generally a coarse profligate, or a coarse bigot, no matter which."

Steele: "Men of courage, men of sense and men of letters are frequent; but a true gentleman is what one seldom sees."

"Now, sir," shouted the lawyer to his recalcitrant witness, "you must answer the next question, and without any invasion."

One of the Spanish survivors of the battle of Cavite has applied for a pension, saying that when the bombardment commenced he completely lost his head.

"Sagasta, I am looking for a little change in the Cabinet," said the Queen significantly. "If your Majesty doubts me you can search me," said the wily statesman.

"There is nothing finer than a fine dog," said Tray's owner. "I don't know," said the somber eyed man, "but what the frotful porcupine has more fine points about him."

"I shall wear something simple and cool when I go to see the camps at Tampa," said the army girl sweetly, "and for something appropriate I wonder how gun cotton would do?"

From the society notes in El Imparcial: The Queen Regent has gone little into the Spanish social functions at the capital this season. She has been, however, to the three balls at her uncle's.

The young woman in Linwood avenue with the vicious "b in both" habit asks with the vicious "b in both" habit asks with the vicious "b in both" habit asks with: "Why is Captain Sigsbee like Governor Stephens' bonnet? One has a bee in his name, the other bees in his bonnet."

Evidently some of the marines have some of the Spanish soldiers treed. A dispatch says: "When the Spaniards saw the marines landing many of them were rooted to the spot and unable even to take to the brush."

"My son Timothy found toime amonst 'is other interprises to open a bank out West," said the elder McNawn with evident pride. "An' how much time did he get for doing the job?" asked O'Hagan just before diplomatic relations were discontinued.

The African eye worm is about an inch and a half long, and is slender as a thread. It burrows through the flesh, generally locating near the eye. One of these parasites was recently removed from the face of Mrs. Marling of Auburn, N. Y., who was formerly a missionary in Africa.

"The Spanish reserves are to be pushed to the front and backed up by the guardia civilia," says a Havana dispatch. To push or back them to the front is the only way, but unless blinkers are put on them they might still see the enemy first and only leave their regrets on the field.

"What are you painting signs on my fence for?" shouted the irate Mr. Fairmount to the pill man with the paint pot. "Why don't you answer? Are you deaf?" The painter nodded. "You may be deaf and dumb, too," was Mr. Fairmount's parting shot, "but you're fresh and plentiful enough in making signs."

"What on earth could have possessed you to buy two pianos with the neighbors on both sides of us pounding away on theirs from morning till night?" said Mrs. Heather of Hyde Park, with a bitter and repulsive look. "Softly, my dear," said the Mocker Heather, "both our neighbors have pianos, it is true, and I bought 'em both."

Jack and Jill went up the hill,
But there Jack's courage wilted;
King Jack fell down
And broke his crown,
And that's how Jack was Jill-ted.

Where are you going, my chalk faced maid?
To marry the milkman, sir, she said.
But what is his fortune, my chalk faced maid?
My face is his fortune, sir, she said.

"Babette," said Miss Tipiki, while entertaining a visitor from Boston at a Dutch luncheon, 'slangiferous phraseology is pestiferously undignified in a serving maid. When I ring you will kindly not say, 'What's it to ye?' but ask Miss Oleander if she can stand any more, and seeing her glass is empty, Babette, you might rush the can now."

POINTED AND PITHY.

Folding beds and bad pennies are always sure to turn up.

Dress may influence a woman, but it's the hat that dominates her.

A politician never forgets his place if he is appointed to a good one.

It is said that a $20 gold piece will sometimes relieve an itching palm.

Havana cigars nowadays don't seem to Havana tobacco in them.

In traveling along the path of life it's a good plan to keep on the right.

When a man undertakes to paint the town he never uses water colors.

A small cottage on earth is better than a dozen large castles in the air.

Even when a poor cripple is unable to work he has a lame excuse for begging.

A writer says that money is always seasonable. Perhaps it's a sort of mint sauce.

Most of the business of this country is done by check, and the balance by check.

No woman who thinks she is homely will consent to have her picture taken in a group.

MRS. REYNOLD'S AMBITION.

Mrs. Bob Reynolds had a bee in her bonnet, and, though she had everything in the world to make her happy, its buzzing spoiled life for her. It was a wild ambition to be prominent socially. She had passed through the early phases of the disease with but little trouble. She had had her toilettes and her functions chronicled in all the society papers until she was sick and tired to death of seeing the name of "Mrs. Robert Randall Reynolds" in print.

There was something more she wanted but could not obtain. For not having been born into the Four Hundred, which really in Boston is narrowed down to 12 families, she knew that no amount of newspaper or club notoriety could gain her entrance into the charmed circle, nor could large sums of money given in charity cover the lack of blueness in the good red blood that flowed through her veins.

In vain did she rent the most expensive pew in Trinity church, in vain did she "pour" at loan collections for charity; she was not "in it," and it looked as if she never would be.

Now, being a childless woman, this thwarted ambition fretted her. She did not, as do so many ill-natured women, turn her disappointment into spitefulness and retail more or less salacious gossip about her neighbors on the avenue with whom she did not associate. She was a kindly woman, and, moreover, thought gossip vulgar, if not sinful. She had begun to get a wrinkle or two on her white forehead and to take no pleasure in life.

Now, her husband is a "good fellow," as rich, prosperous men are apt to be. He had come to Boston 25 years before, with the traditional nickel in his pocket, and was now the king of the street. So audacious in his speculations that nobody knew what he would do; one day making a fortune in rubber, to double it in sugar the next. Cotton, oil, wheat and other necessaries of life he tossed like a juggler's balls from one hand to the other, while the whole world of consumers depended on his manipulations of these stocks, and the caprice made life hard or easy for them, as he ruled what prices should be for a season.

Yet at home he was as wax in the hands of his wife. She was absolute sovereign, and he did exactly what she said. Only there was one thing he could not do, gain entrance into the secret circles she so much coveted.

They never talked about it together, for it was a sore subject with both. He had tried to convince her that there would be no fun in it for her.

"Why, I know Heavyweight, whose wife doesn't bow to you," he used to say. "Stupid, heavy fout he is, too. Lives on his money, of course, and don't do any business. I'd like to get him on the street. Guess we'd make short work of him there. Now, what a bright little woman like you would do in such a set as that I don't know. Don't fret about it."

Mrs. Reynolds was not struggling now; she pretended to have given up the idea, yet the bee buzzed beneath the sullen ashes of discontent.

Mrs. Reynolds had taken up the club fad and had tired of it. She had looked into the various patriotic societies, but only to discard them, as for a lady of her aristocratic tendencies they were too dramatic.

"Why, dear," she said to Bob, "my milliner actually descended from a General in the Revolutionary army, while I can't find out that my ancestors even numbered a corporal."

"Guess there's no fighting blood in your family, little one," said her admiring husband. Quite by accident Mrs. Reynolds heard of a new and exclusive society which flourished largely in New York, and which might be transplanted to Boston, where the seed had been sown, it was thought, in fruitful soil.

It was called the "Order of Imperial Dames," and was composed of women in whose veins was one drop of royal blood, no matter how it came there, nor how largely diluted it was by plebian admixture. Now, most Americans are proud of their good, honest yeaman origin, considering the blood of kings mixed with too much of unholiness to be healthful; yet, strange to say, this order appealed to Mrs. Reynolds, especially when she heard that one of her neighbors was deeply interested in forming such a society in Boston.

Not that Mrs. Reynolds at first supposed that she had any royal blood in her veins. But she really knew very little about her family.

Her mother had been a widow, whose time had been spent in twisting and turning over a small income to make it fit their necessities, and who folded her hands and died peacefully when she saw her only child so well married and cared for.

Mrs. Reynolds remembered some time to have heard there had been an English admiral in the family, who disgraced for having married a French woman, or else it was just the other way. She could't remember which.

Mrs. Reynold's maiden name was Drohang, an unaristocratic, unmeaning cognomen.

One day she happened to see the advertisement of a firm in New York which hunts up crests, made out genealogies, engaged in historical researches, etc., and had been especially successful in tracing the descent of ladies desiring to join the order of Imperial Dames.

This was her chance. So Mrs. Reynolds wrote to New York immediately, inclosing a check for the necessary fee, and the meager information she had about her family. She also mentioned her desire to join the order of Imperial Dames.

In a few days she received a circular from the firm, gotten up in the finest style of the ingraver's art, and stating that researches had begun, and though it would be difficult, they were sure of establishing her descent from some royal personage, as they never yet had failed in an attempt to do this. The last words were underlined, and a less astute person than Mrs. Reynolds would have seen at once, as she did, that genealogical trees could be manufactured to order if necessary.

The letter acknowledged the check and said that she had furnished so little data the researches would be costly and then a sum to cover expenses was mentioned which would have taken away the breath of a person less wealthy or less ambitious than Mrs. Reynolds. But she replied to the letter, stating her willingness to accede to the terms, and urging haste in the matter.

Just at this time some charitable society appealed to Mrs. Reynolds for aid, and as one of the patronesses was the exclusive woman whom Mrs. Reynolds had heard was to form the branch of the society of Imperial Dames in Boston, she thought it gave her an excuse for calling on her, ostensibly to inquire about the needs of the charity and to leave a handsome check, but, if possible to get in a word about the Imperial Dames.

Mrs. Blueblood lived a but a block away, yet Mrs. Reynolds ordered out her carriage, and, with coach and footman in their quiet livery, made a detour, and was brought up to her neighbor's door in fine style.

Now it happened that the family butler, who knew everybody, was otherwise engaged, and a new parlor maid opened the door. She took Mrs. Reynolds card from the footman, saying her lady was in. So Mrs. Reynolds tripped lightly up the steps and was ushered into the library, while the maid went up with the card. Mrs Reynolds waited until she was tired, and then began to look around the room. On the table near by she saw a small, elegant looking book, bound in morocco and gold. It bore on the outer cover a golden crown and these words: "Rules for the Order of Precedence in the Society of Imperial Dames."

Just as Mrs. Reynolds was about to take it in her hand to still further examine it, she heard the sound of approaching footsteps, and immediately resumed a proper calling attitude.

But it was the butler, who said: "My lady is engaged, madam, and begs you will excuse her." The words were respectful enough, but the tone had a something in it just short of insolence, which showed that the lackey knew exactly the social position of the caller and why his mistress would not see her.

But Mrs. Reynolds was equal to the occasion.

She looked at the man a minute through her lorgnette, and in such a way that he felt very uncomfortable, and wondered if he had spilled beer on his coat, or what was wrong, anyhow, and then said: "Please tell your mistress that Mrs. Reynolds called. I wished to leave with her a check for the Morsel Society, but will not disturb her with it today." And with this message she swept out of the house, well knowing that this charity was so dear to the woman's heart that she would use any one for its benefit and specially regret the loss of the money. But this annoyance was only momentary.

It was really true that the Society of Imperial Dames was being formed, and if she could but prove herself of royal descent she would be eligible for membership. Only a few days later she heard again from New York. The letter was a delightful one, for it told her they had by an unexpected genealogical "find" been able to trace her descent from the great Roman family in France. She would remember they were even superior to princes of the blood, for their motto was, "Kings I cannot, prince I deign not, Rohan I am." They showed her how the name, in the course of time, had been corrupted into Drohang, and said the papers would be sent to her on the receipt of a check for them.

It went on that night, and in a day or two later papers drawn up without a break showed Mrs. Reynolds's descent from the family of the great cardinal. A note attached told her this was better than mere royal descent, and no doubt she would occupy an elevated position in the Order of Imperial Dames.

Mrs. Reynolds was delighted and did not wait even to show the papers to Bob, but went at once to write a proper note to send with her precious credentials to her neighbor, Mrs. Blueblood.

After a good deal of thought she managed to write one, not too appealing in tone, which called attention to the credentials enclosed showing she was eligible to membership in the Society of Imperial Dames, and formally applying for admission.

This precious note and the more precious package of papers she sent by her man over to Mrs. Blueblood's, and then calmly awaited the result.

John was detained a long time, but when he returned he handed her the original package of papers and a note.

What could it be? She took it to her room, closed the door, and opened it. It was a very formal communication, and read as follows:

"Dear Madame—Your application for membership in the Society of Imperial Dames received. By a by-law of the order any person applying for membership in the society is forever debarred from entering it, no matter what her lineage. All new members must be invited to join by one who is already a member. Your papers are returned. Yours ——,

"HENRIETTA BLUEBLOOD."

For the first time in her life Mrs. Reynolds had hysterics, and was in the weeping state when her husband came to dinner. He picked up the note, muttered a word or two which were not pretty and then proceeded to pacify her.

They sailed for Europe a few weeks later, but before that, old Blueblood, who occasionally dabbled in stocks, was so badly crippled by a curious jump in the market when he was short that they were obliged to let their Beverly cottage in summer, their place on the avenue for the winter and live in the country during the whole year, while their young boy had to give up athletics at Harvard and become a "dig" for lack of means to be otherwise. Nobody knew Bob was responsible for all this. The Reynolds now sible for all this.

The Reynolds now live in New York, where Mrs. Randall-Reynolds' musicales and toilets form the stock in trade of a host of society writers.—Boston Herald.

A STRANGE WHIM.

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson Wears Neither Shoes Nor Stockings.

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, who was delayed in starting for Europe through a slight illness, made herself highly popular in England on her first visit with her husband. Some of her eccentricities were almost as much discussed as her attractions, and one of those best known here is said to have created a lasting impression in London. She and her husband were late in arriving and the guests assembled to meet them had time to talk of the novelist's American wife before she was announced. The dinner was practically her introduction. When she entered the room the most astonishing feature of her appearance did not make itself noticed at first. It was only after an interval of several minutes that the other guests noticed that Mrs. Stevenson wore neither shoes nor stockings. As this fact became gradually known to the persons invited to meet her the expression of the faces of the women is said to have been almost as remarkable as the agility which men showed in their attempts to keep from stepping on her toes, a danger that was quite remote and existing only in the somewhat disturbed imagination of the other guests. The fact that the exposed feet were comely is said to have been powerless to reconcile the guests to the sight of them. But Mrs. Stevenson's attractiveness made even the guests forget what danger there might be to the feet after they were under the table. The absence of shoes and stockings was luckily explained subsequently as a peculiarity personal to the novelist's wife, and so England never got the impression that it was customary for American women to attend formal dinners without their shoes and stockings.—From the New York Sun.

Clothes don't make the man who doesn't make enough to pay for them.

"Boys will be boys," says the old saw. Just as if they could be anything else.

SUSAN JANE.

I may be wrong about it, but it seems to me, by gum!
That this here war we're in ain't bein' managed right;
I know somebody that I'll bet could fairly make things hum
And knock the Spaniards out of time before tomorrow night.
S-s-sh! Say, don't let her hear us! But I'll bet if Susan Jane
Could be appointed admiral fer jist about a day
The powers couldn't stop 'er—it'd all be up with Spain—
One look from her, and every Don would want to sneak away.

I'd like to see Cervera or old Blanco when she got
Him cornered, as she often corners me,
And then look through and through him—laws! I'll bet you he would not
Be long in bein' fer a chance to scoot across the sea!
Talk about your fiery looks! One look from Susan Jane
Jist sets my blood a-tinglin' and upsets me fer a week—
If she could meet Sagasta that would settle things fer Spain—
She'd make him give up all before he'd got a chance to speak!

Why, she can take a pair of pants when they have wore them out,
And make a jacket for herself that's jist as good as new!
And she can take an empty bar'l and make a chair about
As nice to set and rock in as you ever heard of, too!
I'll bet that with a hairpin she could figger out some way
To wreck the whole foundation under Spain,
And I'll bet them Dons 'd all conclude Old Harry was to pay
If there only was some way to make them cope with Susan Jane

O, I'd like to see old Weyler go if she was in pursuit,
With a pair of trusty scissors in her hand!
I'll bet he wouldn't argue, and I'll bet that he would scoot
As he'd go fr from Old Nick and all his brimstone-eatin' band!—
I wouldn't want to say it, if I thought that she could hear,
But it 'd be a chilly day fer poor old groggy Spain
If our commodores and admirals were all to disappear,
And the whole affair was put into the hands of Susan Jane.

—S. E. Kiser in Cleveland Leader.

Young military attaches are always willing to instruct pretty girls in the use of arms.